Buddy Garcia, Chairman

Larry R. Soward, Commissioner

Bryan W. Shaw, Ph.D., Commissioner

Mark R. Vickery, P.G., Executive Director



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

May 20, 2009

Mr. Joseph M. Rankin American National Bank PO Box 1940 Gonzales, Texas 78629

Re:

Edwards Aquifer, Comal County

NAME OF PROJECT: Sage Capital Bank (Hunters Creek Business Park, Lot 2); Located on the southwest corner of SH 46 and Hunters Village Road; New Braunfels, Texas

TYPE OF PLAN: Request for Modification of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP); 30

Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 Edwards Aquifer

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program ID No. 1964.06; Investigation No. 742362; Regulated Entity No. RN105715031

Dear Mr. Rankin:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed its review of the request for modification of the approved WPAP for the above-referenced project submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office by HMT Engineering & Surveying on behalf of American National Bank on April 7, 2009. Final review of the WPAP was completed after additional material was received on May 8, 2009, and May 14, 2009. As presented to the TCEQ, the Temporary and Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs) and construction plans were prepared by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer to be in general compliance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 213. These planning materials were sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore, based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the planning materials for construction of the proposed project and pollution abatement measures are hereby approved subject to applicable state rules and the conditions in this letter. The applicant or a person affected may file with the chief clerk a motion for reconsideration on the executive director's final action on this Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan. A motion for reconsideration must be filed no later than 23 days after the date of this approval letter. This approval expires two (2) years from the date of this letter unless, prior to the expiration date, more than 10 percent of the construction has commenced on the project or an extension of time has been requested.

BACKGROUND

Hunter's Creek Business Park consists of 14 commercial lots on 22.38 acres. Approved projects, impervious cover, permanent BMPs and approval letter dates are summarized in the table below.

EAPP	Lot	Project	Acres	Impervious	Permanent	TCEQ
	1		1.	Cover	BMPs	Approval
<u> </u>	·			(acres)		Letter
1964.00	NA_	Enforcement file				
1964.01	NA	Sewage Collection System				6/5/06
1964.02	NA	Internal Roads	1.97	1.50	Sand filter basin	7/18/06
					for streets	
19 <u>64.03</u>	NA	Un-used				
1964.04	7	Central Texas Pain Center	0.80	0.40	On-site sand filter	3/11/08
1964.05	3	Wuensch Dental Office	0.72	0.37	On-site sand filter	1/21/09
1964.06	2	Sage Capital Bank	1.50	0.80	On -site	This
		1	"		Stormceptor	letter
		·			and VFS	
Total			4.99	3.07		700 '

VFS = vegetated filter strip

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed commercial project will have an area of approximately 1.50 acres. It will include a branch bank building with drive thru teller lanes, and related parking and sidewalks. The impervious cover will be 0.85 acres (57.00 percent). Project wastewater will be disposed of by conveyance to the existing Gruene Road Water Recycling Center owned by New Braunfels Utilities.

PERMANENT POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES

To prevent the pollution of stormwater runoff originating on-site or upgradient of the site and potentially flowing across and off the site after construction, a Stormceptor wet vault and a vegetated filter strip, designed using the TCEQ technical guidance document, Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices (2005), will be constructed to treat stormwater runoff. The required total suspended solids (TSS) treatment for this project is 718 pounds of TSS generated from the 0.85 acres of impervious cover. The approved measures meet the required 80 percent removal of the increased load in TSS caused by the project.

The individual treatment measures will consist of:

One Stormceptor (model 7200) is produced by Rinker Materials and will follow the specifications provided in the plan sheets. It is designed to treat 471 pounds of TSS from 0.50 acres of impervious cover within a 0.55 acre drainage area. It is also sized to compensate for the treatment of 23 pounds of TSS from 0.026 acres of onsite impervious cover that cannot be captured and treated. The south driveway apron impervious cover (313 square feet) will be captured and treated in the water quality basin for Hunter's Creek Business Park (EAPP 1964.02) approved by TCEQ's letter dated July 17, 2006.

The engineered vegetated filter strip will be constructed to treat 296 pounds of TSS from 0.33 acres of impervious cover within a 0.66 acre drainage area. It is designed in accordance with the 2005 edition of the TCEQ's "Complying with the Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance on Best Management Practices:"

- * The engineered vegetated filter strip extends along the entire length of the contributing area;
- * The slope does not exceed 20%;

Mr. Joseph M. Rankin May 20, 2009 Page 3

- * The minimum dimension of the filter strip (in the direction of flow) is not less than 15 feet;
- * The maximum width (in the direction of flow) of the contributing impervious area does not exceed 72 feet;
- * The minimum vegetated cover is 80%;
- * The contributing area to the filter strip is relatively flat so that runoff is distributed evenly to the vegetated area without the use of a level spreader;
- * The vegetated filter strip is free of gullies or rills that can concentrate overland flow.

GEOLOGY

The subject site is Lot 2 of Hunter's Creek Business Park. A Geologic Assessment for the 22.38 acres Hunter's Creek Business Park, dated October 14, 2005, was performed by Boyd Dryer, P.G. According to the Geologic Assessment included with the application, the site is located on the Person Formation, and no sensitive features were noted on Lot 2. The San Antonio Regional Office conducted a site assessment on May 4, 2009 which revealed that the site was as described in the application.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- I. This modification is subject to all Special and Standard Conditions listed in the WPAP approval letter dated January 18, 2006.
- II. All permanent pollution abatement measures shall be operational prior to commencement of business.
- III. All sediment and/or media removed from the water quality basin during maintenance activities shall be properly disposed of according to 30 TAC 330 or 30 TAC 335, as applicable.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 1. Pursuant to Chapter 7 Subchapter C of the Texas Water Code, any violations of the requirements in 30 TAC Chapter 213 may result in administrative penalties.
- 2. The holder of the approved Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan must comply with all provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213 and all best management practices and measures contained in the approved plan. Additional and separate approvals, permits and/or authorizations from other TCEQ Programs (i.e., Stormwater, Water Rights, PST) can be required depending on the specifics of the plan.
- 3. In addition to the rules of the Commission, the applicant may also be required to comply with state and local ordinances and regulations providing for the protection of water quality.

Prior to Commencement of Construction:

4. Within 60 days of receiving written approval of an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan, the applicant must submit to the San Antonio Regional Office, proof of recordation of notice in the county deed records, with the volume and page number(s) of the county deed records of the county in which the property is located. A description of the property boundaries shall be included in the deed recordation in the county deed records. A suggested form (Deed Recordation Affidavit, TCEQ-0625) that you may use to deed record the approved WPAP is enclosed.

- 5. All contractors conducting regulated activities at the referenced project location shall be provided a copy of this notice of approval. At least one complete copy of the approved WPAP and this notice of approval shall be maintained at the project location until all regulated activities are completed.
- 6. Modification to the activities described in the referenced WPAP application following the date of approval may require the submittal of a plan to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval prior to initiating construction of the modifications.
- 7. The applicant must provide written notification of intent to commence construction, replacement, or rehabilitation of the referenced project. Notification must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Written notification must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan and program ID number for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor with the name and telephone number of the contact person. The executive director will use the notification to determine if the approved plan is eligible for an extension.
- 8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) controls, i.e., silt fences, rock berms, stabilized construction entrances, or other controls described in the approved WPAP, must be installed prior to construction and maintained during construction. Temporary E&S controls may be removed when vegetation is established and the construction area is stabilized. If a water quality pond is proposed, it shall be used as a sedimentation basin during construction. The TCEQ may monitor stormwater discharges from the site to evaluate the adequacy of temporary E&S control measures. Additional controls may be necessary if excessive solids are being discharged from the site.
- 9. All borings with depths greater than or equal to 20 feet must be plugged with non-shrink grout from the bottom of the hole to within three (3) feet of the surface. The remainder of the hole must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings less than 20 feet must be backfilled with cuttings from the boring. All borings must be backfilled or plugged within four (4) days of completion of the drilling operation. Voids may be filled with gravel.

During Construction:

- During the course of regulated activities related to this project, the applicant or agent shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 213, Edwards Aquifer. The applicant shall remain responsible for the provisions and conditions of this approval until such responsibility is legally transferred to another person or entity.
- 11. This approval does not authorize the installation of temporary aboveground storage tanks on this project. If the contractor desires to install a temporary aboveground storage tank for use during construction, an application to modify this approval must be submitted and approved prior to installation. The application must include information related to tank location and spill containment. Refer to Standard Condition No. 6, above.
- 12. If any sensitive feature (caves, solution cavities, sink holes, etc.) is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant or his agent must immediately notify the San Antonio Regional Office of the discovery

of the feature. Regulated activities near the feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the feature and the aquifer from potentially adverse impacts to water quality. The plan must be sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer.

- 13. No wells exist on the site. All water wells, including injection, dewatering, and monitoring wells must be in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation under Title 16 TAC Chapter 76 (relating to Water Well Drillers and Pump Installers) and all other locally applicable rules, as appropriate.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, the sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next ram). Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50 percent. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals shall be prevented from becoming stormwater discharge pollutants.
- 15. Intentional discharges of sediment laden storm water are not allowed. If dewatering becomes necessary, the discharge will be filtered through appropriately selected best management practices. These may include vegetated filter strips, sediment traps, rock berms, silt fence rings, etc.
- 16. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the executive director upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 17. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, and construction activities will not resume within 21 days. When the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

After Completion of Construction:

- 18. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of site completion.
- 19. The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. The regulated entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred. A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director through San Antonio Regional Office within 30 days of the transfer. A copy of the transfer form (TCEQ-10263) is enclosed.
- 20. Upon legal transfer of this property, the new owner(s) is required to comply with all terms of the approved Edwards Aquifer protection plan. If the new owner intends to commence any new regulated activity on the site, a new Edwards Aquifer protection plan that specifically addresses

the new activity must be submitted to the executive director. Approval of the plan for the new regulated activity by the executive director is required prior to commencement of the new regulated activity.

- 21. An Edwards Aquifer protection plan approval or extension will expire and no extension will be granted if more than 50 percent of the total construction has not been completed within ten years from the initial approval of a plan. A new Edwards Aquifer protection plan must be submitted to the San Antonio Regional Office with the appropriate fees for review and approval by the executive director prior to commencing any additional regulated activities.
- At project locations where construction is initiated and abandoned, or not completed, the site shall be returned to a condition such that the aquifer is protected from potential contamination.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact John Mauser of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program of the San Antonio Regional Office at 210/403-4024.

Mark R. Vickery, P.G.

Executive Director

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

MRV/JKM/eg

Enclosures:

Deed Recordation Affidavit, Form TCEQ-0625

Change in Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMPs, Form TCEQ-10263

cc: Mr. Jeff Moeller, P.E., HMT Engineering & Surveying

Mr. Jim Klein, P.E., City of New Braunfels

Mr. Tom Hornseth, P.E., Comal County

Ms. Velma Danielson, Edwards Aquifer Authority

TCEQ Central Records, Building F, MC 212

Buddy Garcia, Chairman
Larry R. Soward, Commissioner
Bryan W. Shaw, Ph.D., Commissioner
Mark R. Vickery, P.G., Executive Director



APR 1 3 2009
COUNTY ENGINEER

TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

April 8, 2009

Mr. Thomas H. Hornseth, P.E. Comal County Engineer 195 David Jonas Drive New Braunfels TX 78132-3710

Re:

Edwards Aquifer, Comal County

PROJECT NAME: Sage Capital Bank, located on the west side of State Highway 46 on Hunters

Village Road, New Braunfels, Texas

PLAN TYPE: Application for Approval of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) 30 Texas

Administration Code (TAC) Chapter 213; Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

EAPP File No.: 1964.06

Dear Mr. Hornseth:

The enclosed WPAP application received on April 8, 2009, is being forwarded to you pursuant to the Edwards Aquifer Rules. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) is required by 30 TAC Chapter 213 to provide copies of all applications to affected incorporated cities and underground water conservation districts for their comments prior to TCEQ approval.

Please forward your comments to this office by May 7, 2009.

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality appreciates your assistance in this matter and your compliance efforts to ensure protection of the State's environment. If you or members of your staff have any questions regarding these matters, please feel free to contact the San Antonio Region Office at (210) 490-3096.

Sincerely

Lynn M. Burnguardner Water Section Work Leader San Antonio Regional Office

LMB/eg



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SAN ANTONIO
REGION

2009 MAR 31 AM 8: 21

APR n 7 2009 SAN ANTONIO

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN

RECEIVED

FOR

APR 1 3 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

SAGE CAPITAL BANK

PREPARED FOR

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

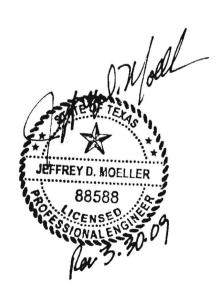
Region 13 — San Antonio 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233 210-490-3096 (office) 210-545-4329 (fax)

PREPARED BY



Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E. 410 N. Seguin St New Braunfels, TX 78130

> Submitted March 13, 2009 Revised March 18, 2009 March 30, 2009



ACOT ID	Name	在中华的大学的	Payment Number	THE STATE	Chec	k Date	Check	Number
TEXCOMM	Texas Comm	ission on Environmental	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	051330	3/9/2	009	10900	4
Invoice Number	Date	非常是国家国家	TELEVISION TO	Amount	班頭	Amount P	ald	Net Amount Paid
F8477	3/9/2009	F0884771-Permit		\$4,000.	00	\$4,0	00.00	\$4,000.00

F0884771-Permit

\$4,000.00

\$4,000.00

\$4,000.00

FROST NATIONAL BANK HOUSTON, TX 77251

109004

30-9/1140 70

DATE

AMOUNT

3/9/2009

\$4,000.00

Four Thousand Dollars And 00 Cents PAY

TO THE ORDER

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

S.L.I. DESIGN, INC. 10200 KATY FREEWAY HOUSTON, TX 77043

(713) 465-4650

P O Box 13089

OF

Austin TX 78711-3089

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

#109004# #114000093#

704000625m

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Checklist

		RECEIVE	O TOFO"
	General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)	SANAN	TONIO
	ATTACHMENT A - Road Map	REGI	ON
	ATTACHMENT B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map	MEGI	IN
	ATTACHMENT C - Project Description	2000 4480 40	
	ATTACHNIENT C-Froject Description	2009 MAR 18	PM 4: 42
	Coologie Assessment Form (TCFO 0595)		2000
-	Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)		
	ATTACHMENT A - Geologic Assessment Table (<i>TCEQ-0585-Table</i>)		
	Comments to the Geologic Assessment Table		
	ATTACHMENT B - Soil Profile and Narrative of Soil Units		
	ATTACHMENT C - Stratigraphic Column		
	ATTACHMENT D - Narrative of Site Specific Geology		
	Site Geologic Map(s)		
	Table or list for the position of features' latitude/longitude (if mapped	d using GPS)	
		,	
	Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form (TCEQ-0584)		
	ATTACHMENT A - Factors Affecting Water Quality		
	ATTACHMENT B - Volume and Character of Stormwater		
	ATTACHMENT C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent (if OSSF)	is nronosed)	
	ATTACHMENT D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment		oveention)
	Site Plan	(ii requesting an	exception)
	Sile Flair		
	Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)		
	ATTACHMENT A - Spill Response Actions		
	ATTACHMENT B - Potential Sources of Contamination		
	ATTACHMENT C - Sequence of Major Activities		
	ATTACHMENT D - Temporary Best Management Practices and Mea		
	ATTACHMENT E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature, if sealing	a reature	
	ATTACHMENT F - Structural Practices		
	ATTACHMENT G - Drainage Area Map		
	ATTACHMENT H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculati	ions	
	ATTACHMENT I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs		
	ATTACHMENT J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilizat	ion Practices	
	D (7050 0000)		
	Permanent Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0600)		
	ATTACHMENT A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver, if project		
	school, or a small business and 20% or less impervious cover is prop	osed for the site)
	ATTACHMENT B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater		
	ATTACHMENT C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater		
	ATTACHMENT D - BMPs for Surface Streams		
	ATTACHMENT E - Request to Seal Features (if sealing a feature)		
	ATTACHMENT F - Construction Plans		
	ATTACHMENT G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plar	1	
	ATTACHMENT H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan, if BMPs not ba	sed on Comply	ying with the
	Edwards Aquifer Rules: Technical Guidance for BMPs		
	ATTACHMENT I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamin	ation	
	Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599), if application submitted by agent		
	Application For Form (TOFO 0574)		
	Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)		
	Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"		

Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)



Certification of Account Status

SOS Registration Date:

Taxpayer Number:

Susan Combs Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Officers And Directors Information



Taxable Entity Search Results

Franchise Tax Certification of Account Status

This Certification Not Sufficient for Filings with Secretary of State

Do **not** include a certificate from this Web site as part of a filing with the Secretary of State for dissolution, merger, withdrawal, or conversion. The Secretary of State will reject a filing that uses the certification from this site.

To obtain a certificate that is sufficient for dissolution, merger, or conversion, see Publication 98-336d, Requirements to Dissolve, Merge or Convert a Texas Entity.

Entity Information: AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK PO BOX 1940 GONZALES, TX 78629-1440 IN GOOD STANDING NOT FOR Status: DISSOLUTION OR WITHDRAWAL through May 15, 2009 NORMAN L BURNS Registered Agent: 1606 N SARAH DE WITT DRIVE GONZALES, TX 78629 Registered Agent Resignation Date: TXDomicile State: File Number: 0001830302

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2009 MAR 31 AM 8: 21

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN

FOR

SAGE CAPITAL BANK

PREPARED FOR

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Region 13 — San Antonio 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233 210-490-3096 (office) 210-545-4329 (fax)

PREPARED BY



Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E. 410 N. Seguin St New Braunfels, TX 78130 JEFFREY D. MOELLER

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Submitted March 13, 2009 Revised March 18, 2009 March 30, 2009

General Information Form

RECEIVED APR 1 3 2009

For Regulated Activities on the

Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B)COUNTY ENGINEER Effective June 1, 1999

REGU	ILATED	ENTITY NAME	E: Sage C	apital_Bank				
		Comal					Un-named	Tributary
EDWA	ARDS A	QUIFER:	_X_ RECHARG		of Bliede	<u>rs Creek</u>		
PLAN	TYPE:		_X_WPAP SCS	AS	ST ST		XCEPTION IODIFICATION	N
CUST	OMER	INFORMATION	1					
1.	Custo	mer (Applicant)	:					
	Conta	ct Person:	Joseph	M. Rankin				
	Entity:							
		g Address:	P.O. Bo					
	City, S		Gonzale	es, Texas			Zip: <u>786</u>	29
	Teleph			<u> 2-8585</u>	F	AX: <u>(830</u>)	672-5239	
	Agent	Representative	(If any):					
	Conta	ct Person:						
	Entity:			<u>igineering &</u>				
		g Address:		<u>Seguin Stree</u>				
	City, S		New Bra	aunfels, Texa	<u>as</u> _			
	Teleph	none:	(830) 62	25-8555	F	-AX: <u>(830</u>)) 625-8556	
2.	<u>X</u>	This project is	inside the city list outside the city	/ limits but in	nside the E 	ETJ (extra-t	els territorial juris	diction) of
		This project is	not located with	in any city's	limits or ET	ΓJ.		
3.	and cl		roject site is des TCEQ's Region n.					
	The pr	oject site is loca	ated on the west	side of SH	46 on Hunt	ers Village	Rd	i i
4.	<u>X</u>		T A - ROAD MA e is attached at t			ng direction	ns to and the l	ocation of
5.	<u>X</u>	official 7 1/2 1	T B - USGS / minute USGS (he is attached be	Quadrangle	Map (Scal	le: 1" = 2	2000') of the	Édwards
		X Project	t site.					

		 X USGS Quadrangle Name(s). X Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable). X Drainage path from the project to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.
6.	<u>X</u>	Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned.
7.	X	ATTACHMENT C - PROJECT DESCRIPTION . Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project.
8.		g project site conditions are noted below: Existing commercial site Existing industrial site Existing residential site Existing paved and/or unpaved roads Undeveloped (Cleared) Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared) Other:
PROH	IBITED	ACTIVITIES
9.	_X_	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
		 (1) waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control); (2) new feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3; (3) land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; (4) the use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and new municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
10.	<u>N/A</u>	I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
		(1) waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
		 (2) land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and (3) new municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.
ΔΠΜΙΝ	IISTRA	TIVE INFORMATION

footage of all collection system lines.

For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan and Modifications, the total acreage of the site

For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plans and Modifications, the total linear

<u>X</u>

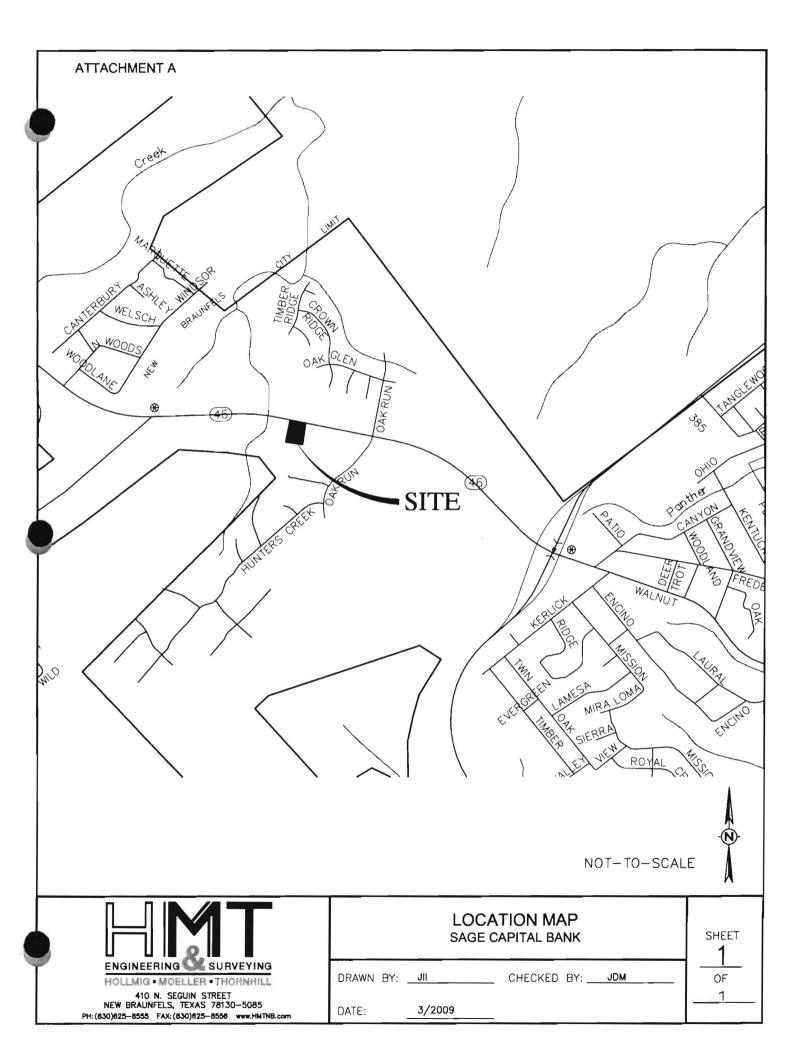
11.

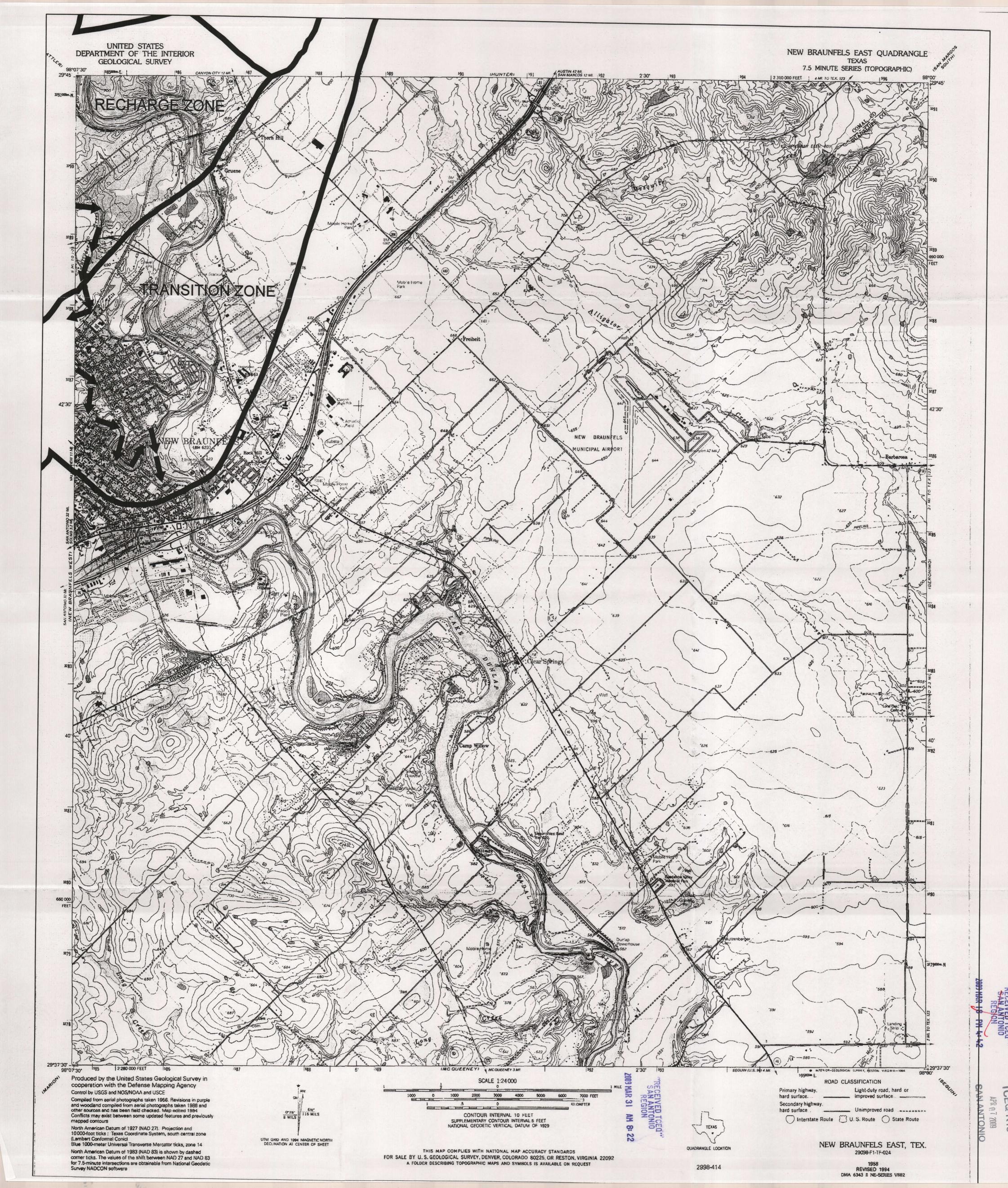
The fee for the plan(s) is based on:

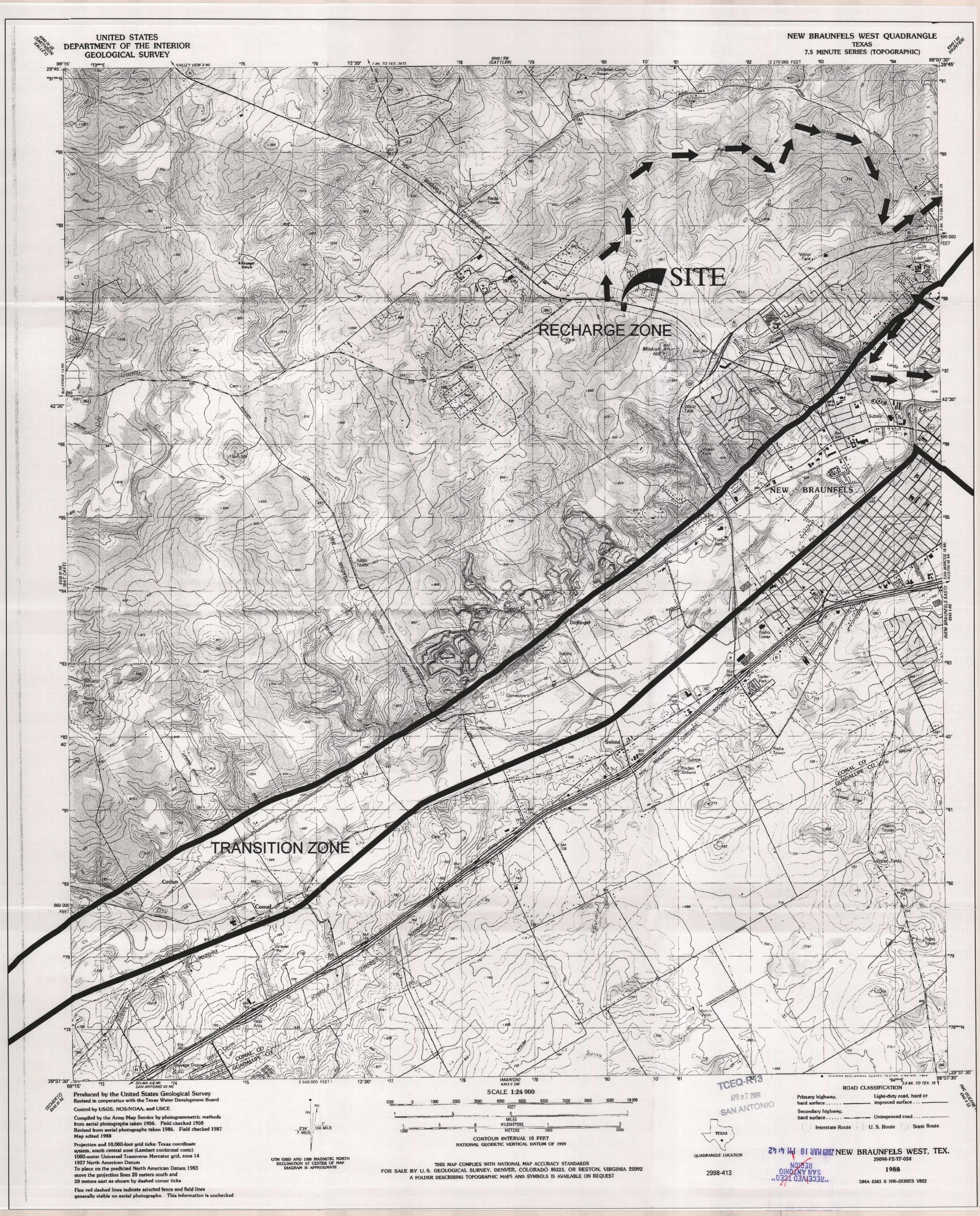
where regulated activities will occur.

_	For a UST Facility Plan or an AST Facility Plan, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
=	A Contributing Zone Plan. A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
_	A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
not sul submit	ation fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is bmitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is ted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the ission's:
<u></u>	TCEQ cashier Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties) San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)
13. <u>X</u>	Submit one (1) original and three (3) copies of the completed application to the appropriate regional office for distribution by the TCEQ to the local municipality or county, groundwater conservation districts, and the TCEQ's Central Office.
14. <u>X</u>	No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the executive director. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Contributing Zone Plan for the activity has been filed with the executive director.
concerning the	my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested e proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This IFORMATION FORM is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was
Print Name of	D. Moeller, P.E. Customer/Agent
Signature of Q	ustomer/Agent Date
If you have question	ons on how to fill out this form or about the Edwards Aquifer protection program, please contact us at 210/490- ocated in the San Antonio Region or 512/339-2929 for projects located in the Austin Region.

Individuals are entitled to request and review their personal information that the agency gathers on its forms. They may also have any errors in their information corrected. To review such information, contact us at 512/239-3282.







RECEIVED

APR 1 3 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

ATTACHMENT "C" Project Description

The proposed project site is located on a 1.5 acre lot located within Hunters Creek Business Park. The proposed area to be disturbed is 1.05 acres with 0.80 acres (55%) of proposed impervious cover. The lot is located within the New Braunfels city limits in the south west corner of the intersection of Hunters Village and SH 46. The site is served by New Braunfels Utilities for electric, water and wastewater. The site is currently cleared and there are no any other improvements. A geologic assessment was prepared for this area with the WPAP submittal for Hunters Creek Business Park and that WPAP was approved on June 5, 2006 under TCEQ EAPP file number 1964.01. The same geologic assessment is included with this submittal. There were no sensitive features identified within the limits of this proposed project site.

The proposed use for the project is a branch bank building with teller drive thru lanes. No other planned used are proposed for the site. The bank will have a capacity of 15 employees.

The proposed construction will include minor grading for the parking areas and building pad, small utility service lines and building infrastructure.

According to the Flood Insurance Rate Map No. 4854930005E the site is outside of the flood plain. The entire site drains to an unnamed tributary of Blieders creek. Stormwater runoff will be treated with the Stormceptor® vault system and vegetative filter strips. The Stormceptor® will treat the drainage area with a majority of the proposed impervious cover and the vegetative filter strips will treat the remainder. The two permanent BMP's (Stormceptor® and vegetative filter strips) will ensure the quality of water exiting without adversely affecting the downstream drainage patterns.

The lot lies within the boundary of Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP. The permanent stormwater abatement measures were proposed to treat the roadway (Hunters Village). The Geologic Assessment performed for the hunters Creek Business Park WPAP covered the entire commercial subdivision, including the proposed 1.5 acre lot. Therefore, an independent Geologic Assessment was not performed for this lot.

Geologic Assessment

For Regulated Activities

on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

REG	ULATED	ENTITY NAME:	<u>H</u>	unters Cree	k Busines	s Park	
TYP	E OF PR	ROJECT: _√_ W	/PAP _	_AST	scs _	_UST	
		OF PROJECT: √	_ Recharg	ge Zone	Transitio	n Zone _	Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone
PRO	JECT IN	IFORMATION					
1.	<u>√</u>	Geologic or m			re descri	bed and	evaluated using the attached
2.	Group Conse	os* (Urban Hydrol	ogy for Sr. 1986). If t	<i>nall Waters</i> here is mor	heds, Tec e than one	<i>hnical Rel</i> e soil type	d uses the SCS Hydrologic So ease No. 55, Appendix A, So on the project site, show each
		Soil Units, In Characteristics		:SS		* Sc	oil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
		Soil Name	Group*	Thickness (feet)			aving a <u>high infiltration</u> rate roughly wetted.
	Rumple Assoc.	e-Comfort (RUD)	С	1.6-3.0		rate when	naving a <u>moderate infiltration</u> thoroughly wetted.
						C. Soils h	naving a <u>slow infiltration</u> rate roughly wetted.
				and the second s		D. Soils h	naving a <u>very slow infiltration</u> thoroughly wetted.
3.							is form that shows formations e at the top of the stratigraphic
4.		this form. The d	lescription	must includ	le a discu	ssion of th	OGY is attached at the end of e potential for fluid movement characteristics of the site.
5.		Appropriate SIT	E GEOLO	GIC MAP(S	i) are atta	ched:	
		The Site Geolog minimum scale i			same so	ale as the	e applicant's Site Plan. The
		Applicant's Site I Site Geologic Ma Site Soils Map S	ap Scale		oil type)	1" = <u>50'</u> 1" = <u>50'</u> 1" =	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Method of collecting positional data:

	<u>√</u>	Global Positioning System (GPS) technology. Other method(s).
7.	<u>√</u>	The project site is shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
8.	<u>√</u>	Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
9.	<u>√</u>	Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table. Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
10.	NA_	The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
11.	All kno	wn wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.):
	<u>√</u>	There are(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76. There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
ADMIN	NISTRA	TIVE INFORMATION
12.	<u>√</u>	One (1) original and three (3) copies of the completed assessment has been provided.
Date(s) Geolo	gic Assessment was performed: 10/14/05 Date(s)
concer	ning the	f my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.
	<u>Dreyer</u> lame of	Geolog 512-312-0714 Telephone
	5	512-295-2307 Geology 5 3/15/06
Signat	ure of C	eologist Date

If you have questions on how to fill out this form or about the Edwards Aquifer protection program, please contact us at 210/490-3096 for projects located in the San Antonio Region or 512/339-2929 for projects located in the Austin Region.

Representing:

GeoConsul

(Name of Company)

Individuals are entitled to request and review their personal information that the agency gathers on its forms. They may also have any errors in their information corrected. To review such information, contact us at 512/239-3282.

TCEQ-0585 (Rev. 10-01-04) Page 2 of 2

Site Specific Geologic Column Hunters Creek business Park-WPAP New Braunfels, Texas

Formation	Member	Lithology	Thickness (feet)
Person	Cyclic and marine (undivided)	Mudstone to packstone; miliolid grainstone; chert	80 -100
Person	Leached & collapsed (undivided)	Crystalline limestone, mudstone to grainstone; chert; collapsed breccia	80 - 100
Person	Regional dense	Dense, argillaceous mudstone	20 - 24
Kainer	Grainstone	Grainstone; mudstone to wackestone; chert	50 - 60
Kainer	Kirschberg evaporite	Highly altered crystalline limestone; chalky mudstone; chert	50 - 60
Kainer	Dolomitic	Mudstone to grainstone; crystalline limestone; chert	110 - 130
Kainer	Basal Nodular	Shaly, nodular limestone; mudstone and grainstone	50 - 60
Glen Rose	Upper	Thinly bedded limestone and marl	350 - 500

Geologic Narrative Hunters Creek Business Park-WPAP New Braunfels, Texas

The site is underlain by the Person Formation (Kep). The cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation are present on the site.

The Edwards Group is about 440 feet thick in Comal County and consists of limestone with chert in the form of nodules, lenses and discontinuous beds. The cyclic and marine members, undivided consist of variably burrowed mudstone, grainstone, and crystalline limestone with chert lenses common. The cyclic member was reportedly eroded prior to the deposition of the Georgetown Formation. The remaining marine member consists of medium to thick beds of mudstone and fossiliferous packstone. The cyclic and marine members (hydrogeologic subdivision II) has moldic and vuggy porosity and permeability associated with fossiliferous zones, and fracture porosity and permeability associated with faulting.

The leached and collapsed members (undivided), which underlie the cyclic and marine members) has vuggy and burrow porosity and permeability assisted with burrowed zones; breccia and cavern porosity and permeability associated with collapsed zones resulting from dissolution of evaporites; and fracture porosity and permeability associated with faulting. The regional dense member, below the leached and collapsed members, has little porosity or permeability except for some fracture porosity and permeability associated with faulting.

A mapped fault with a trend North approximately 40 degrees East lies on the eastern side of the site. The fault is down thrown to the East and is confined to members of the cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation. An inferred fault with a trend North approximately 8 degrees East lies along the streambed located at the western edge of the tract. The fault is down thrown to the West with members of the cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation exposed on the eastern side and members of the leached and collapsed members (undivided) of the Person Formation exposed on the west side. Evidence of these existence of these faults were not observed during the field investigation.

References

Small, Ted A. and Hanson John A., 1994, Geologic framework and hydrogeologic characteristics of the Edwards aquifer outcrop, Comal County, Texas, U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 94-4117, 10 p.

Soils Narrative Hunters Creek Business Park-WPAP New Braunfels, Texas

The soil mapped at the site are assigned to the Rumple-Comfort association (RUD). The Rumple Series consists of moderately deep, well drained, undulating clayey and cherty soils on uplands. The soils formed over indurated fractured limestone. Slopes are 1 to 8 percent. A typical soil profile is a follows:

- A1 0 to 10 inches; dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3) very cherty clay loam, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable; common fine roots; about 35 percent by volume, angular chert fragments mostly 0.5 to 1 inch across; noncalcareous; mildly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- B21t 10 to 14 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) very cherty clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2/4) moist; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable; common fine roots; patchy clay films on peds; about 35 percent by volume, angular chert fragments mostly 0.5 inch to 2 inches across; noncalcareous; mildly alkaline; abrupt irregular boundary.
- B22t 14 to 28 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) extremely stony clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2/4) moist; few fine roots; about 25 percent by volume, clayey soil material in vertical and horizontal fractures and solution cavities; 75percent limestone cobbles and stones and chert pebbles and cobbles; noncalcareous; mildly alkaline; abrupt wavy boundary.
- R 28 to 36 inches; coarsely fractured indurated limestone with dark reddish brown clay in crevices.

The soils found within 0 to 10 inch horizon are classified as a GC, CL, or a SC clay with Liquid Limits ranging from 30 to 40 and Plasticity Indices ranging from 13 to 22. The soils found within 10 to 28 inch horizon are classified as a GC, or a SC clay with Liquid Limits ranging from 41 to 86 and Plasticity Indices ranging from 20 to 60. The Rumple soils have a permeability value which ranges from 0.2 to 0.6 inches per hour.

References

United States Department of Agriculture, 1984, Soil survey of Comal and Hays Counties Texas, Soil Conservation Service., 136 p.

Geologist Comments Hunters Creek Business Park-WPAP New Braunfels, Texas

The site is underlain by the Person Formation (Kep). The cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation are present on the site.

A mapped fault (Feature 16) with a trend North approximately 40 degrees East lies on the eastern side of the site. The fault is down thrown to the East and is confined to members of the cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation. An inferred fault (Feature 15) with a trend North approximately 8 degrees East lies along the streambed located at the western edge of the tract. The fault is down thrown to the West with members of the cyclic and marine members (undivided) of the Person Formation exposed on the eastern side and members of the leached and collapsed members (undivided) of the Person Formation exposed on the west side. Evidence of the existence of these faults was not observed during the field investigation.

Feature 14 is a large closed depression, indicated by topographic contours, which lies along the streambed located on the northwest edge of the site. The large closed depression is created by the Highway 46 road embankment and is not a natural closed depression. The stream drainage passes under the roadway by a concrete culvert. However, within the large depression, stream scour was evident on the upstream side of the culvert adjacent to the roadway and the northwest corner of the site and was noted on the Geologic Assessment Table. The scour is attributed to stream erosion and not a natural collapsed feature. TXDOT has recently re-graded the area along the roadway and the scour may not be as evident as it was at the time of the investigation.

The other features observed at the site were closed depressions created by clearing of trees from the property with the exception of Feature S-2 which was an exposed area of fractured rock. A description of the features follows:

- S-1 N 29E 43.171' W 98E 10.239'
 Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
- S-2 N 29E 43.191' W 98E 10.355'
 Fractured Rock with fractures up to 18" wide with soil, organic fill, area 10' wide X 20' long orientated N 30 deg E Hillside
- S-3 N 29E 43.078' W 98E 10.225'
 Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
- S-4 N 29E 43.070' W 98E 10.207' Closed Depression 4' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
- S-5 N 29E 43.066' W 98E 10.183' Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location

Geologist Comments Hunters Creek Business Park-WPAP Page 2 of 2

- S-6 N 29E 43.055' W 98E 10.143'
- Closed Depression 4' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-7 N 29E 43.058' W 98E 10.131'
- Closed Depression 4' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-8 N 29E 43.098' W 98E 10.212'
- Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-9 N 29E 43.106' W 98E 10.209'
- Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-10 N 29E 43.085' W 98E 10.139'
- Closed Depression 4' dia. 1' deep, Soil Rock fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-11 N 29E 43.078' W 98E 10.100'
- Closed Depression 6' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-12 N 29E 43.083' W 98E 10.104'
- Closed Depression 3' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-13 N 29E 43.095' W 98E 10.121'
- Closed Depression 4' dia. 1' deep, Soil fill, Hillside, Uprooted tree location
 - S-14 Closed depression created along Highway 46 by construction of the highway
- S-15 Mapped inferred fault along drainage path of creek located on western edge of the site. Fault not observed in field. Fault trend N 08E E.
- S-16 Mapped fault located on eastern side of the site. Fault no observed in field. Fault trend N 40E E.

Project Site GPS Reference Points:

Southeast Corner of Site

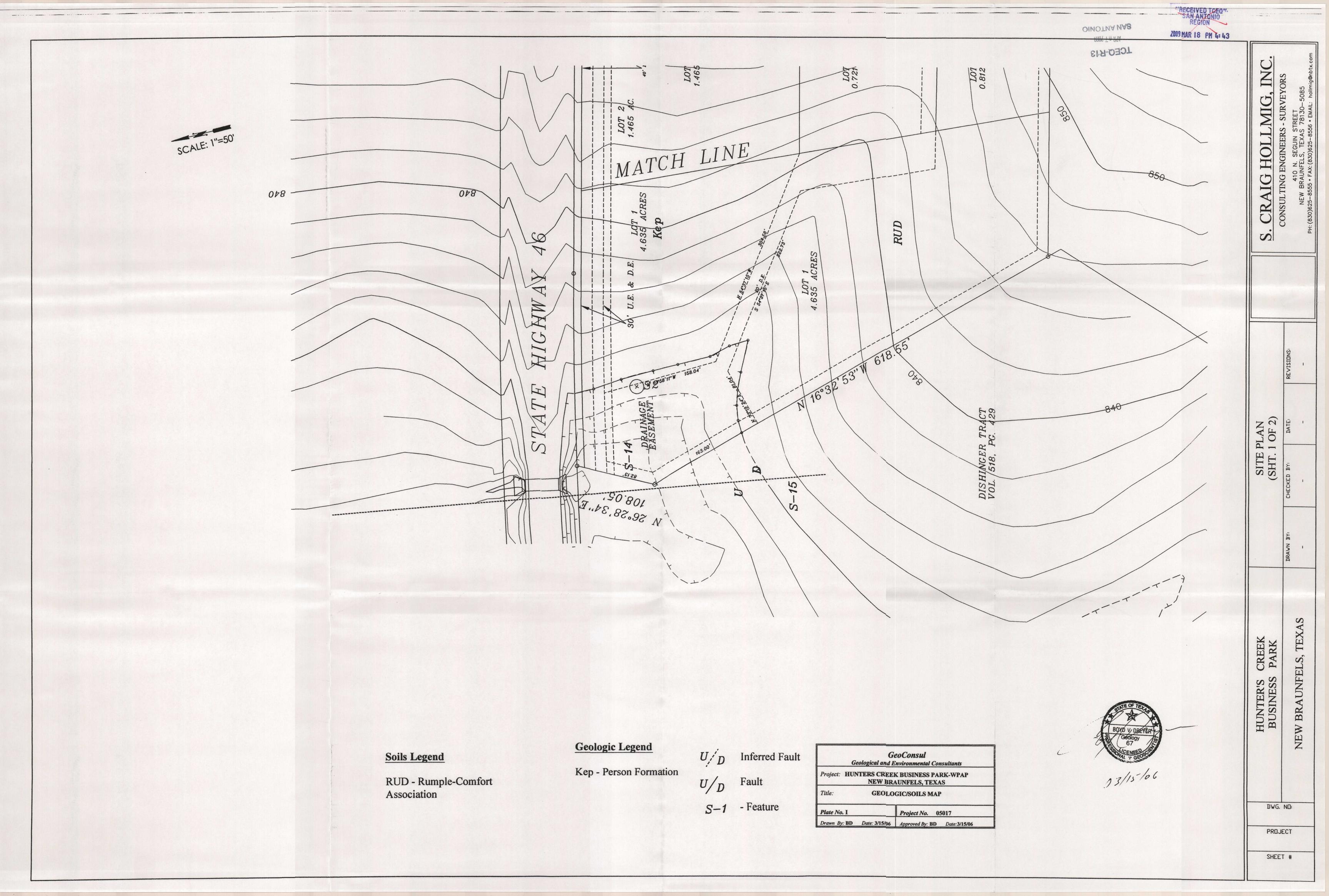
N 29E 43.044' W 98E 10.133'

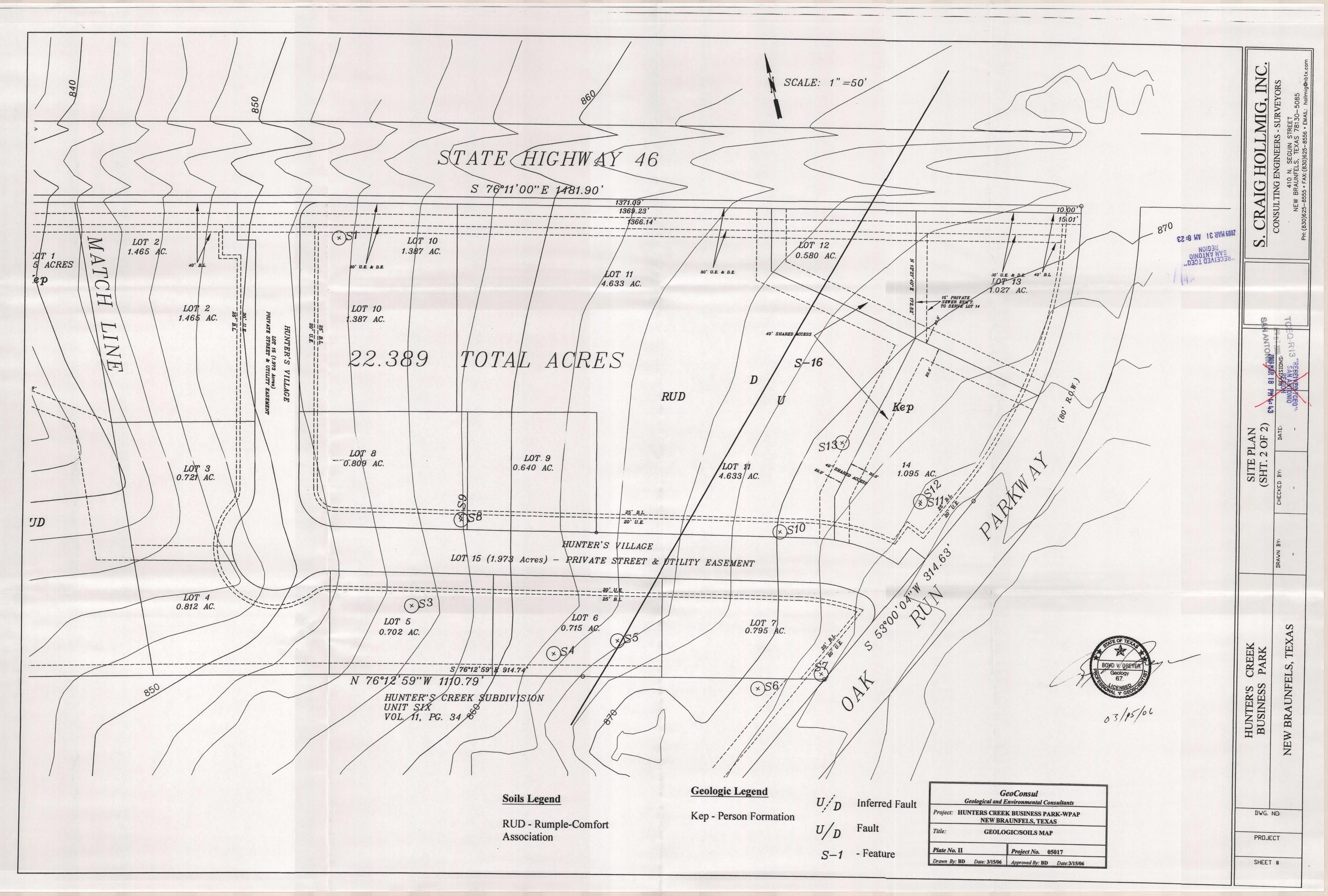
Northwest Corner of Site

N 29E 43.202' W 98E 10.361'

Highway 46 Benchmark

N 29E 43.193' W 98E 10.315'





SOIC A				AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN			moreoccustum.												
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	SMENT	TAB	LE		PR(JJE	CT NA	II.		Hunter	s Cree	k busines:						
OCATIO	N	***************************************			FEA	TUR	E CF	IARACT	ER	ISTICS	3 5			EVALUATION		ION	PHYS	SICAL	SETTING
18 *	1C*	2A	28	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	88	9	1	0	1	1	12
LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	(BHO131	FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSI	TIVITY			TOPOGRAPHY
					х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>>4Q</u>	<1.6	<u>>1.6</u>	
9°43.171'	98°10.239′	CD	5	Kep	6	6	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°°43.191	98°10.355'	SF	20	Kep	20	10	0.5	N30°E	10			OF	8	38	38		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.078'	98°10.225'	CD	5	Kep	6	6	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.070'	98°10.220'	CD	5	Kep	4	4	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.066'	98°10.183'	CD	5	Кер	6	6	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.075'	98°10.143'	CD	5	Kep	4	4	1	None				OF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.058'	98°10.131′	CD	5	Кер	4	4	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.098'	98°10.212'	CD	5	Кер	6	6	1	None				OF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.108'	98°10.209'	CD	5	Kep	6	6	1	None		1		OF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9°43.085'	98°10.139'	CD	5	Кер	4	4	1	None				COF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9 43.078	98°10.100'	CD	5	Кер	6	6	1	None				OF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
9 43.083	98°10.104'	CD		tammer alaman and a second	3	3	1	None				OF	5	10	10		<1.6	***************************************	Hillside
9°43.095'	98°10.121'	CD	A	donner and a second	4	4	1	None		1		OF	5	10	10		<1.6		Hillside
	,	CD		<u> </u>	40	40	2	None				COF	10	15	15			>1.6	Streambed
		F						N8°E											Streambed
200	9°43.171' 9°43.171' 9°43.078' 9°43.068' 9°43.058' 9°43.085' 9°43.085' 9°43.085'	PCATION 18 ' 1C' LATITUDE LONGITUDE 9°43.171' 98°10.239' 9°43.191 98°10.355' 9°43.078' 98°10.225' 9°43.070' 98°10.183' 9°43.075' 98°10.143' 9°43.058' 98°10.131' 9°43.085' 98°10.212' 9°43.085' 98°10.139' 9°43.085' 98°10.109' 9°43.085' 98°10.100' 9°43.085' 98°10.100'	DCATION 18 1 1C 2A LATITUDE LONGITUDE FEATURE TYPE 9°43.171' 98°10.239' CD 9°43.191 98°10.355' SF 9°43.078' 98°10.225' CD 9°43.070' 98°10.220' CD 9°43.075' 98°10.183' CD 9°43.058' 98°10.143' CD 9°43.088' 98°10.131' CD 9°43.088' 98°10.212' CD 9°43.085' 98°10.212' CD 9°43.085' 98°10.100' CD 9943.085' 98°10.100' CD 9943.085' 98°10.104' CD 9943.085' 98°10.1121' CD 09°43.095' 98°10.121' CD 09°43.095' 98°10.121' CD 00°43.095' 98°10.121' CD 00°43.095' 98°10.121' CD	PCATION 18 1 10 2A 2B LATITUDE LONGITUDE FEATURE TYPE POINTS 9°43.171' 98°10.239' CD 5 9°43.191 98°10.355' SF 20 9°43.078' 98°10.225' CD 5 9°43.070' 98°10.220' CD 5 9°43.075' 98°10.183' CD 5 9°43.075' 98°10.143' CD 5 9°43.058' 98°10.131' CD 5 9°43.098' 98°10.212' CD 5 9°43.085' 98°10.209' CD 5 9°43.085' 98°10.209' CD 5 9°43.085' 98°10.100' CD 5 9943.085' 98°10.100' CD 5 9943.085' 98°10.104' CD 5 9943.095' 98°10.121' CD 5 9943.095' 98°10.121' CD 5 9043.095' 98°10.121' CD 5 9043.095' 98°10.121' CD 5	18 ° 10° 2A 2B 3 LATITUDE LONGITUDE FEATURE TYPE POINTS FORMATION 9°43.171' 98°10.239' CD 5 Kep 9°43.171' 98°10.225' CD 5 Kep 9°43.078' 98°10.225' CD 5 Kep 9°43.070' 98°10.220' CD 5 Kep 9°43.075' 98°10.183' CD 5 Kep 9°43.075' 98°10.143' CD 5 Kep 9°43.075' 98°10.121' CD 5 Kep 9°43.098' 98°10.212' CD 5 Kep 9°43.098' 98°10.212' CD 5 Kep 9°43.098' 98°10.212' CD 5 Kep 9°43.085' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep 9°43.085' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep 9°43.078' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep 9°43.078' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep 9°43.085' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep 9°43.098' 98°10.100' CD 5 Kep	CATION 16	CATION	CATION	CATION	TREND POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) TREND DEGREES POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) TREND DEGREES POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) DEGREES POINTS POI	TRIND TRIN	TREND POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) TREND DENSITY APERTURE (PEET) OCCUPANCES POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) OCCUPANCES POINTS POINTS FORMATION DIMENSIONS (FEET) OCCUPANCES POINTS APERTURE (PEET) OCCUPANCES POINTS OCCUPANCES POINTS OCCUPANCES OCCUPAN	Tended Comparison Tended Comparison Tended Comparison Co	TREND STATURE CHARACTERISTICS SA 6 7 8A 8B 8B 8B 8B 8B 8B 8B	The control The control	CATION	CATION	TREND CATION FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION PHYS 18 ' 1C' 2A 2B 3 4 5 5A 6 7 8A 8B 9 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The board of the color of the

N40°E

BOYD V-DREYER Geology

* DATUM NAD83

S-16**

** Not observed in field investigation

20 Kep

Townson The Party of Lines		
2A TYPE	TYPE	2B POINTS
С	Cave	30
sc	Solution cavity	20
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20
F	Fault	20
0	Other natural bedrock features	5
мв	Manmade feature in bedrock	30
sw	Swallow hole	30
SH	Sinkhole	20
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5
Z	Zone, clustered or aligned features	30

	8A INFILLING
N	None, exposed bedrock
С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
Х	Other materials

12 TOPOGRAPHY

Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The I have read, I understood, and information presented here g at and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.

My signature certifies that an qualified as a geological

defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Date

Sheet _____ of _____

Hilltop

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

APR 1 3 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application
for Regulated Activities
on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone
and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

REGULATED ENTITY NAME:	Sage Capital Ba	ank				
REGULATED ENTITY INFORMATION						
1. The type of project is: Residential: # of Lots: Residential: # of Living Unit Equivalents: X_ Commercial Industrial Other:						
2. Total site acreage (size of pr	2. Total site acreage (size of property): <u>1.5 acres</u>					
3. Projected population:)				
4. The amount and type of impe	ervious cover expected a	after construction a	are shown below:			
Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres			
Structures/Rooftops (Residential)	7,400	÷ 43,560 =	0.17 acres			
Parking (Driveways)	27,585	÷ 43,560 =	0.63 acres			
Other paved surfaces (Streets)		÷ 43,560 =				
Total Impervious Cover	34,985	÷ 43,560 =	0.80 acres			
Total Impervious Cover ÷ Total Acreage x 100 = 55%						
5. X ATTACHMENT A - Factors Affecting Water Quality. A description of any factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality is provided at the end of this form.						
6X_ Only inert materials as	SX_ Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.					
FOR ROAD PROJECTS ONLY Complete questions 7-12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.						
7. Type of project: TXDOT road project County road or roads built to county specifications City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality Street or road providing access to private driveways.						
8. Type of pavement or road sur Concrete Asphaltic concrete pa Other:	vement					

9.	Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): feet. Width of R.O.W.: feet. L x W = Ft² ÷ 43,560 Ft²/Acre = acres.
10.	Length of pavement area: feet. Width of pavement area: feet. L x W = Ft² ÷ 43,560 Ft²/Acre = acres. Pavement area acres ÷ R.O.W. area acres x 100 =% impervious cover.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project. A rest stop will not be included in this project.
12.	Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEC Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.
STOR	MWATER TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED PROJECT
13.	ATTACHMENT B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A description of the volume and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is provided at the end of this form. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity should be based on area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.
WAST	TEWATER TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED PROJECT
14.	The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:
15.	Wastewater will be disposed of by: On-Site Sewage Facility (OSSF/Septic Tank): ATTACHMENT C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater. The appropriate licensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is provided at the end of this form. It states that the land is suitable for the use of an on-site sewage facility or identifies areas that are not suitable. Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered sanitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter 285.
	X Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines): _X_ Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS The SCS was previously submitted on The SCS was submitted with this application.

TCEQ-0584 (Rev.10/01/04)

		The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to executive director approval.
		The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Gruene Rd WWTP</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is: x existing proposed.
16.	X	All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
SITE	PLAN F	REQUIREMENTS
Items	17 thro	ough 27 must be included on the Site Plan.
17.	The S	ite Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'. Site Plan Scale: 1" =50''.
18.	100-ye	ear floodplain boundaries Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled. No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.
		00-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of ial) sources(s): FEMA Panel Number 4854930005E Dated 01/05/2006
19.	<u></u>	The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Show lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, etc. The layout of the development is shown with existing contours. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown.
20.	All kno _X	own wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.): There are _0_(#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 30 TAC §238. X There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21.	Geolo X	gic or manmade features which are on the site: All sensitive and possibly sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.
	••••••	No sensitive and possibly sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. ATTACHMENT D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. An exception to the Geologic Assessment requirement is requested and explained in ATTACHMENT D provided at the end of this form. Geologic or manmade features were found and are shown and labeled.
	**********	ATTACHMENT D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. An exception to the Geologic Assessment requirement is requested and explained in ATTACHMENT D provided at the end of this form. No geologic or manmade features were found.

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- 22. X The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. X Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. X Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. X Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. X Surface waters (including wetlands).
- 27. X Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features. There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

- 28. X One (1) original and three (3) copies of the completed application have been provided.
- 29. X Any modification of this WPAP will require TCEQ executive director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The form was prepared by:

3/13/09

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.
Print Name of Customer/Agent

Signature of Oustomer Agent

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Water Pollution Abatement Plan

- 1. Written construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEQ regional office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Information must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor and the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.
- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water
- 4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications and good engineering practices. Controls specified in the temporary storm water section of the approved Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan are required during construction. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are revegetated and the areas have become permanently stabilized.
- 6. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake must be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
- 9. All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on—site with proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.
- 10 Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased.

 Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur; the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- A. any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution

Austin Regional Office 2800 S. IH 35, Suite 100 San Antonio Regional Office 14250 Judson Road Austin, Texas 78704-5712 San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 Phone (512) 339-2929 Phone (210) 490-3096 Fax (512) 339-3795 Fax (210) 545-4329

SOIL STABILIZATION NOTE

PROPOSED

STORMCEPTOR

MODEL 7200

TO BLIEDERS CREEK

(UNNAMED TRIBUTARY)

ALL DISTURBED SOILS SHOULD BE SEEDED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED WITH 14 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING OR WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR MORE THAN 21 DAYS.

-STANDARD HEADWALL

W/ ENERGY DISSIPATORS

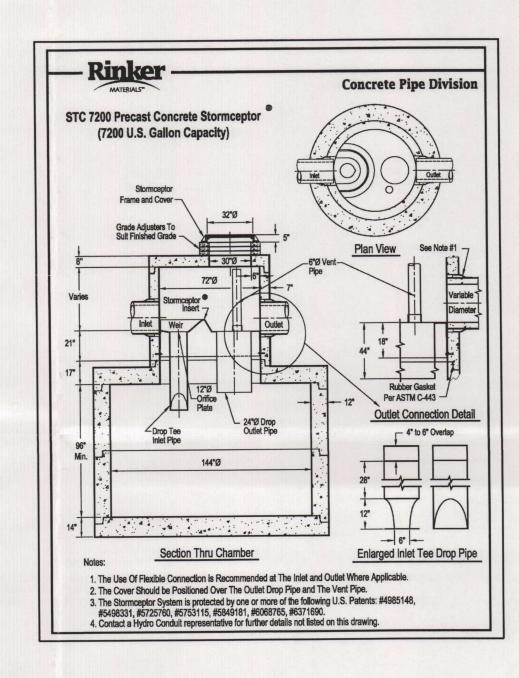
- 3'X3' PRECAST BOX

W/ NEENAH GRATE

TYPE A R-4882 OR

ENGINEER APPROVED EQUAL

TO BLIEDERS CREEK (UNNAMED TRIBUTARY)



5.0 LF 18"

3'X3' PRECAST BOX -

ENGINEER APPROVED EQUAL

STORMCEPTOR MODEL 7200

SH 46

W/ NEENAH GRATE TYPE A R-4882 OR

EXISTING

CULVERT

FOR VEGETATIVE +

FILTER STRIPS

- NATURAL GROUND

STORM DRAIN PROFILE

N.T.S.

SCALE : 1"=50"

LEGEND

— SF —

AREAS OF DISTURBANC

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

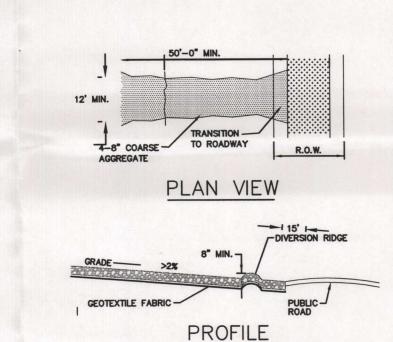
ROCK BERM

SILT FENCE

-5.0 LF 18" CMP

@ 1.0%

AP	P STORMCEPTOR Con	pensation Work	sheet (Rev. 7/15	(08): Use addition	lai sileets foi additional cute	illient areas.	
		Table 1		Lice additional	sheets for additional BMPs.		
	Effective Area	Stormceptor	Surface	$A_1 = Imperviou$			
	(ac)	Model	Area (ft²)	$A_p = Pervious$			
	EA < 0.08	450i	12.57	A = Total Area			
	0.08 < EA < 0.16	900, 1200, 180		P = Avg. Annual Rainfall			
	0.16 < EA < 0.29	2400, 3600	50.27	A_N = Increase in impervious cover (new IC – existing IC)		: – existing IC)	
	0.29 < EA < 0.46	4800, 6000	78.54	$TSS = L_M = 27.2 \times A_N \times P$			
	0.46 < EA < 0.66	7200	113.10				
	0.66 < EA < 0.92	11,000, 13,000	157.08	List only the un	ncaptured area being compen	nsated for in the BMP.	
H	$0.92 < EA \le 1.32$	16,000	220.19		tion for uncaptured areas car	n be divided up between	
				multiple BMP	S. (6	enaction in DMD)	
	BMP Catchment Area				Untreated Areas (for compo	ensation in Divir)	
	A ₁₁ =	0.53		A ₁₂ =			
	A _{P1} =	0.08		A _{P2} =			
	A ₁ =	0.61		A ₂ =			
	A _{N1} =	0.53		A _{N2} =			
	L _{M1} =	475.7	L	L _{M2} =	litional sheets as necessary		
	Stormceptor (STC) Mo	del (Actual Cato	nment Area to th	ne Bivir), Use add	litional sheets as necessary.		
	Effective Area (EA) = EA = (0.9 x0.53	$(0.9 \times A_{11}) + (0.0 \times A_{11}) + (0.0$	0.08	0.48	EA		
1							
•	STC Model (from Tabl	e 1 to start)	7200 : Surfac	ce area (SA) of m	odel (Table 1) 113.10	€2	
	Required TSS Remova	I for Catchment	Area:				
			2 011 4	75.7 #TSS			
	$L_{MI} = 27.2 \text{ x}$ 0.53	A _{N1} x3	3 P = 4	75.7 #TSS			
	$L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x}$ 0.53 Overflow Rate	A _{N1} x3	3 P' = 4	#135			
2	$L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x}$ 0.53 Overflow Rate $V_{cr} = (EA \times 1.1 \text{ in/hr})$	/ Model surface	area (SA)				
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Hydraulic Mulches: Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydraulic matrices. Wood fiber applied alone is typically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre. Wood (2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8 fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from

lumber mills or from urban sources. Hydraulic Matrices: Hydraulic matrices include a mixture of wood fiber and acrylic polymer or other tackifier as binder. Apply as a liquid slurry using a hydraulic application machine (i.e., hydro seeder) at the following minimum rates, or as specified by the manufacturer to achieve complete coverage of the target area: 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre wood fiber mulch, and 5 to 10% (by weight) of tackifier (acrylic copolymer, guar, psyllium, etc.)

HYDRAULIC MULCH

-STANDARD HEADWALL

W/ ENERGY DISSIPATORS

Bonded Fiber Matrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically Installation applied system of fibers and adhesives that upon drying forms an erosion resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 Ib/acre to 4,000 Ib/acre based on the manufacturer's recommendation. A biodegradable BFM is composed of materials that are 100% biodegradable. The binder in the BFM should also be biodegradable and should not dissolve or disperse upon re-wetting. Typically, biodegradable BFMs should not be applied immediately before, during or immediately after rainfall if the soil is saturated. Depending on the product, BFMs typically require 12 to 24 hours to dry and become effective.

(1) Prior to application, roughen embankment and fill areas by olling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track Track walking shall only be used where other methods are

(2) To be effective, hydraulic matrices require 24 hours to dry

(3) Avoid mulch over spray onto roads, sidewalks, drainage channels, existing vegetation, etc. Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

(1) Mulched areas should be inspected weekly and after each rain

event to locate and repair any damage. (2) Areas damaged by storms or normal construction activities should be regraded and hydraulic mulch reapplied as soon as

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE / EXIT

(1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.

(3) The geotextile fabric should be designed specifically for use as a soil filtration media with an approximate weight of 6 oz/yd2, a mullen burst rating of 140 lb/in2, and an equivalent opening size greater than a

(4) If a washing facility is required, a level area with a minimum of 4 nch diameter washed stone or commercial rack should be included in the plans. Divert wastewater to a sediment trap or basin.

(1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown

foundation for positive drainage. (2) The minimum width of the entrance/exit should be 12 feet or the full width of exit roadway, whichever is greater.

(3) The construction entrance should be at least 50 feet long. (4) If the slope toward the road exceeds 2%, construct a ridge, 6 to 8 inches high with 3:1 (H:V) side slopes, across the foundation

approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the

(5) Place geotextile fabric and grade foundation to improve stability, especially where wet conditions are anticipated.

smooth and slope for drainage. (7) Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to a sediment trap or basin.

(6) Place stone to dimensions and grade shown on plans. Leave surface

(8) Install pipe under pad as needed to maintain proper public road Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

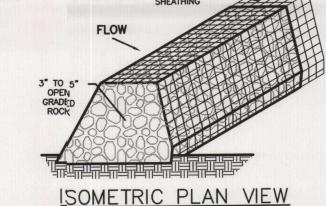
tracking or lowing of sediment onto public rights—of—way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. (2) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public

(1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent

rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor. (3) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior

to entrance onto public right-of-way. (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or

(5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.



CROSS SECTION

secured with shoat rings.

(1) The berm structure should be secured with a woven wire sheathing having maximum opening of 11 inch and a minimum wire diameter of 20 gauge galvanized and should be

(2) Clean, open graded 3 - 5 inch diameter rock should be used, except in areas where high velocities or large volumes of flow are expected, where 5 - 8 inch diameters rocks may be used.

(1) Lay out the woven wire sheathing perpendicular to the flow line. the sheathing should be 20 gauge woven wire mesh with 1 inch

(2) Berrn should have a top width of 2 feet with side slopes being 2:1 (h:v) or flatter

(3) Place the rock along the sheathing as shown in the diagram, to a height of not less than 18 inches. (4) Wrap the wire sheathing around the rock and secure with tie

wire so that the ends of the sheathing overlaps at least 2 inches,

and the berm retains its shape when walked upon (5) Berm should be built along the contour at zero percent grade

(6) The ends of the berm should be tied into existing upslope grade and the berm should be buried in a trench approximately 3 to 4 inches deep to prevent failure of the control.

Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines: (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by contractor.

(2) Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6" and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.

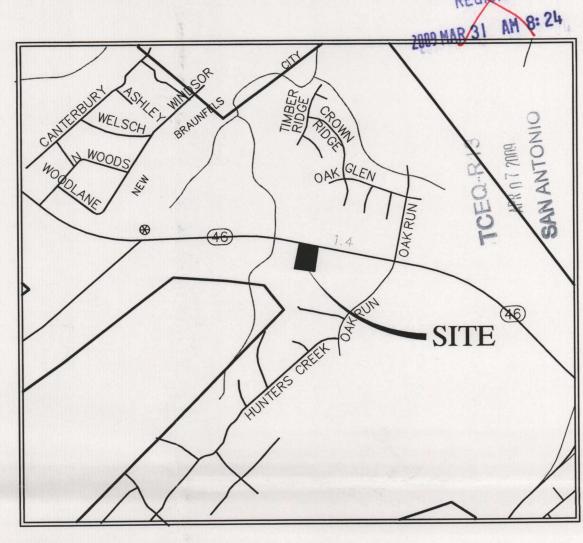
(3) Repair any loose wire sheathing.

(4) The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection.

(5) The berm should be replaced when structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.

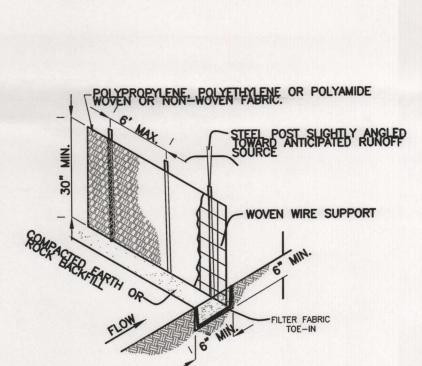
are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

(6) The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas



LOCATION MAP

1.50 AC TOTAL LAND AREA 1.05 AC TOTAL DISTURBED AREA 0.80 AC TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA % IMPERVIOUS



SILT FENCE

(1) Silt fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or nonwoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 oz/yd, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.

(2) Fence posts should be made of hot rolled steel, at least 4 feet long with Tee or Ybar cross section, surface painted or galvanized, minimum nominal weight 1.25 lb/ft2, and Brindell hardness exceeding 140.

(3) Woven wire backing to support the fabric should be galvanized 2" x 4" welded wire, 12 gauge minimum.

(1) Steel posts, which support the silt fence, should be installed on a slight angle toward the anticipated runoff source. Post must be embedded a minimum of 1— foot deep and spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Where water concentrates, the maximum spacing should

(2) Lay out fencing down—slope of disturbed area, following the contour as closely as possible. The fence should be sited so that the maximum drainage area is 1/4 acre/100 feet of fence.

(3) The toe of the silt fence should be trenched in with a spade or mechanical trencher, so that the down-slope face of the trench is flat and perpendic ular to the line of flow. Where fence cannot be trenched in (e.g., pavement or rock outcrop), weight fabric flap with 3 inches of pea gravel on uphill side to prevent flow from seeping

(4) The trench must be a minimum of 6 inches deep and 6 inches wide to allow for the silt fence fabric to be laid in the ground and backfilled with compacted material.

(5) Silt fence should be securely fastened to each steel support post or to woven wire, which is in turn attached to the steel fence post. There should be a 3-foot overlap, securely fastened where ends of fabric

(6) Silt fence should be removed when the site is completely stabilized so

as not to block or impede storm flow or drainage. Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

(1) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.

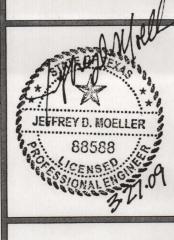
(2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.

(3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to

(4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.

(5) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

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ATTACHMENT "A"

Factors Affecting Water Quality

The development will consist of an asphalt parking lot and a structure of approximately 7,400 square feet. This will result in minimal to no pollution from the site. Some pollution may originate from the asphalt streets, automobile wastes, and cleaning chemicals, which may have an effect on surface water by sediments leaving the site after a rainfall event.

ATTACHMENT "B"

Volume and Character of Stormwater

The development of this site will result in a minimal increase in stormwater run-off. Preliminary calculations indicate an approximate increase of 7cfs in a 100 year event due to the proposed improvements. On site detention will not be required due to the proximity of the site to Blieders Creek in accordance with regulations set forth by the City of New Braunfels.

There are 15.37 acres upstream and west of the development that drains towards SH 46 and west through the existing culverts located at the northeast corner of the site. The area is currently undeveloped, and the proposed use is commercial. The ultimate development of the area discharge 59.8 cfs through the culvert during the 100 year storm event. However, this runoff does not co-mingle with the on-site untreated stormwater. The upgradient stormwater will be contained within the existing drainage channel along SH 46. The treatment of the proposed improvements for this upgradient area will be addressed in the WPAPs submitted for those properties. Reference the Drainage Area Map of the Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP(Approved by TCEQ June 5, 2006, EAPP #1964.01) for drainage patterns for the area.

The existing drainage patterns will be altered by the proposed construction. Before any improvements the site drained from east to west. After the proposed improvements half of the site's drainage will run to North into a drainage easement along SH 46 and the other half will discharge into a drainage easement at the southwest corner of the site.

ATTACHMENT "C"

Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent

There is no proposed OSSF.

ATTACHMENT "D"

Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

No exception will be requested.

RECEIVED

APR 1 3 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

Temporary Stormwater Section

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone

and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

REGUL	_ATED	ENTITY NAME: Sage Capital Bank		
Examp	les: Fu	SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION el storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction ing onto public roads, and existing solid waste.		
	Fuels constru	for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during uction:		
		Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less that 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year. Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project. Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on-site.		
2.	<u>X</u>	ATTACHMENT A - Spill Response Actions . A description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is provided at the end of this form.		
3.	_N/A_	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.		
4.	_ <u>x_</u>	ATTACHMENT B - Potential Sources of Contamination. Describe in an attachment at the end of this form any other activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination. There are no other potential sources of contamination.		
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION				

- 5. X ATTACHMENT C Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is provided at the end of this form. For each activity described, an estimate of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.
- 6. X Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: Un-named Tributary of Blieders Creek

TEMPORARY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the

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Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

- 7. ATTACHMENT D - Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. _X_ description of the TBMPs and measures that will be used during and after construction are provided at the end of this form. For each activity listed in the sequence of construction, include appropriate control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
 - TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and _X_ stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information has been provided in the attachment at the end of this form
 - A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, a. groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
 - A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or b. groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.
 - A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface C. streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.
 - d. A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
- 8. The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
 - ATTACHMENT E Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is provided at the end of this form. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
 - There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site. _X_
- 9. X ATTACHMENT F - Structural Practices. Describe the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
- <u>X</u> 10. ATTACHMENT G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map is provided at the end of this form to support the following requirements.
 - For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.
 - For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.
 - For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to

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- protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.

 There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.
- 11. N/A ATTACHMENT H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations.

 Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure has been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are provided as at the end of this form.
- 12. X ATTACHMENT I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of temporary BMPs and measures and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is provided at the end of this form. A description of documentation procedures and recordkeeping practices is included in the plan.
- 13. X All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. X If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. N/A Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. X Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

SOIL STABILIZATION PRACTICES

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

- 17. X ATTACHMENT J Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached at the end of this form.
- 18. X Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. X Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

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- 20. X All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. X If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. X Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **TEMPORARY STORMWATER SECTION** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

<u>3/13/09</u> Date

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.
Print Name of Customer/Agent

Signature of Customer/Agent

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ATTACHMENT "A" Spill Response Actions

Spill Prevention and Control

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (5) Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- (3) Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.

- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runoff during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean up activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMP's.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- (10) Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11) Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12) Keep waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMP's in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill.
- (6) Recover spilled materials.
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill.
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately.
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- (5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.

- (4) The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: http://www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/enforcement/emergency_response.html

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runoff of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runoff of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

ATTACHMENT "B"

Potential Sources of Contamination

The only potential sources of contamination are construction equipment leaks, re-fueling spills, as well as potential from port-o-lets, and the total suspended solids (TSS) due to the construction activities on-site. There are no other anticipated potential sources of contamination.

ATTACHMENT "C"

Sequence of Major Activities

Stages of Construction:

- 1. Minor site grading: This includes the removal of organic material and other debris within the proposed parking and building site. Approximate total disturbed area = 1.05 acres
- 2. Grading: Cutting and filling of the proposed site to prepare the site for parking and foundation construction. Approximate total disturbed are = 1.05 acres.
- 3. Stormceptor Installation: Stormceptor structure will be installed at the northwest corner of the site, see Permanent Stormwater Section
- 4. Utility Installation: All primary utility mains have already been installed and are available at the site. Small sewer, water and electrical services will be installed at this time.
- 5. Finished Grading: Final landscaping, asphalt parking and building infrastructure are installed. Approximate total disturbed area = 1.05 acres

ATTACHMENT "D"

Temporary BMP's and Measures

The following sequence will be followed for installing temporary BMP's:

- 1. Silt fence will be constructed on the downgradient side of proposed site.
- 2. A stabilized construction exit will be installed prior to any site work.
- 3. A rock berm will be installed in the northwest corner of the site, downstream of the existing culvert.
- A. The existing roadway along the east property line intercepts upgradient stormwater directs it to an existing sand filtration pond. A stabilized construction exit will be constructed at the entrance of the site on Hunters Village, this will reduce the amount of contaminants leaving the site.
- B. Silt fence will be placed on the downgradient side of each proposed improvement to contain pollutants generated from onsite runoff. Soil disturbance will be limited to a minimal distance outside the proposed pavement and building pad. Disturbed areas will be seeded to replace destroyed vegetation. The existing vegetation located downgradient of each proposed improvement will work in conjunction with the silt fence, rock berms, and stabilized construction entrance to prevent pollution of water originating onsite and/or flowing offsite.

- C. The proposed silt fences, rock berm, and stabilized construction entrances constructed upgradient of the existing streams will prevent pollutants from entering them as well as the aquifer. According to the Geologic Assessment, there are no sensitive features with the project boundary.
- D. There were no sensitive features identified in the Geologic Assessment.

ATTACHMENT "E"

Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

There will be no request to temporarily seal a feature.

ATTACHMENT "F"

Structural Practices

Rock berms and silt fence will be used to protect disturbed soils and to prevent contamination from leaving the project site.

ATTACHMENT "G"

Drainage Area Map

See Drainage Area Map at the end of this section.

ATTACHMENT "H"

Temporary Sediment Pond Plans and Calculations

There will not be more than 10 acres of disturbed soil in one common drainage area that will occur at one time. Silt fence will be used for small drainage areas. No sediment ponds will be constructed due to the minimal amount of soil disturbance.

ATTACHMENT "I"

Inspection and Maintenance for BMP's

Inspection and Maintenance Plan

The contractor is required to inspect the control and fences at weekly intervals and after any rainfall events to insure that they are functioning properly. The person(s) responsible for maintenance controls and fences shall immediately make any necessary repairs to damaged areas.

Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit: The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor. When necessary, wheels



Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way. When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin. All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

<u>Silt Fence</u>: Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Rock Berms: For installation in streambeds, additional daily inspections shall be made. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in a approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation. Repair any loose wire sheathing. The berm shall be reshaped as needed during inspection. The berm shall be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc. The rock berm shall be left in place until all upstream areas are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

TCEQ staff will be allowed full access to the property during construction of the project for inspecting controls and fences and to verify that the accepted plan is being utilized in the field. TCEO staff has the right to speak with the contractor to verify plan changes and modifications.

Any changes made to the location or type of controls shown on the accepted plans, due to onsite conditions, shall be documented on the site plan that is part of this Water Pollution Abatement Plan. No other changes shall be made unless approved by TCEQ and the Design Engineer. Documentation shall clearly show changes made, date, and person responsible and reason change was made.

Owner's Information:

Owner: American National Bank
Contact: Joseph M. Rankin, III

Phone: (830) 672-8585

Address: 1606 N. Sarah Dewitt Dr.

Gonzales, Texas 78269

Design Engineer:

Compar	IV:	

HMT Engineering & Surveying

Contact:

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.

Phone:

(830) 625-8555

Address:

410 N. Seguin Street

New Braunfels, Texas 78130

Person or Firm Responsible for Erosion/Sedimentation Control Maintenanc	Person or Fi	rm Respor	isible for E	rosion/Sedi	mentation Co	ontrol Mair	ntenance
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Company: Contact: Phone: Address:		
Signature of Responsible Party	;	

This portion of the form shall be filled out and signed by the responsible party prior to construction.

ATTACHMENT "J"

Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Areas which are disturbed by construction staging and storage areas will be hydro mulched with the appropriate seed mixture. Areas between the edge of pavement and property line will also be hydro mulched. There will be no fill slopes exceeding a 3:1 slope and all fill slopes will be hydro mulched. Installation and acceptable mixtures of hydro mulch are as follows:

Materials:

<u>Hydraulic Mulches:</u> Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydraulic matrices. Wood fiber applied alone is typically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre. Wood fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from lumber mills or from urban sources.

<u>Hydraulic Matrices:</u> Hydraulic matrices include a mixture of wood fiber and acrylic polymer or other tackifier as binder. Apply as a liquid slurry using a hydraulic application machine (i.e., hydro seeder) at the following minimum rates, or as specified by the manufacturer to achieve complete coverage of the target area: 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre wood fiber mulch, and 5 to 10% (by weight) of tackifier (acrylic copolymer, guar, psyllium, etc.)

Bonded Fiber Matrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically applied system of fibers and adhesives that upon drying forms an erosion resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 lb/acre to 4,000 lb/acre based on the manufacturer's recommendation. A biodegradable BFM is composed of materials that are 100% biodegradable. The binder in the BFM should also be biodegradable and should not dissolve or disperse upon re-wetting. Typically, biodegradable BFMs should not be applied immediately before, during or immediately after rainfall if the soil is saturated. Depending on the product, BFMs typically require 12 to 24 hours to dry and become effective.

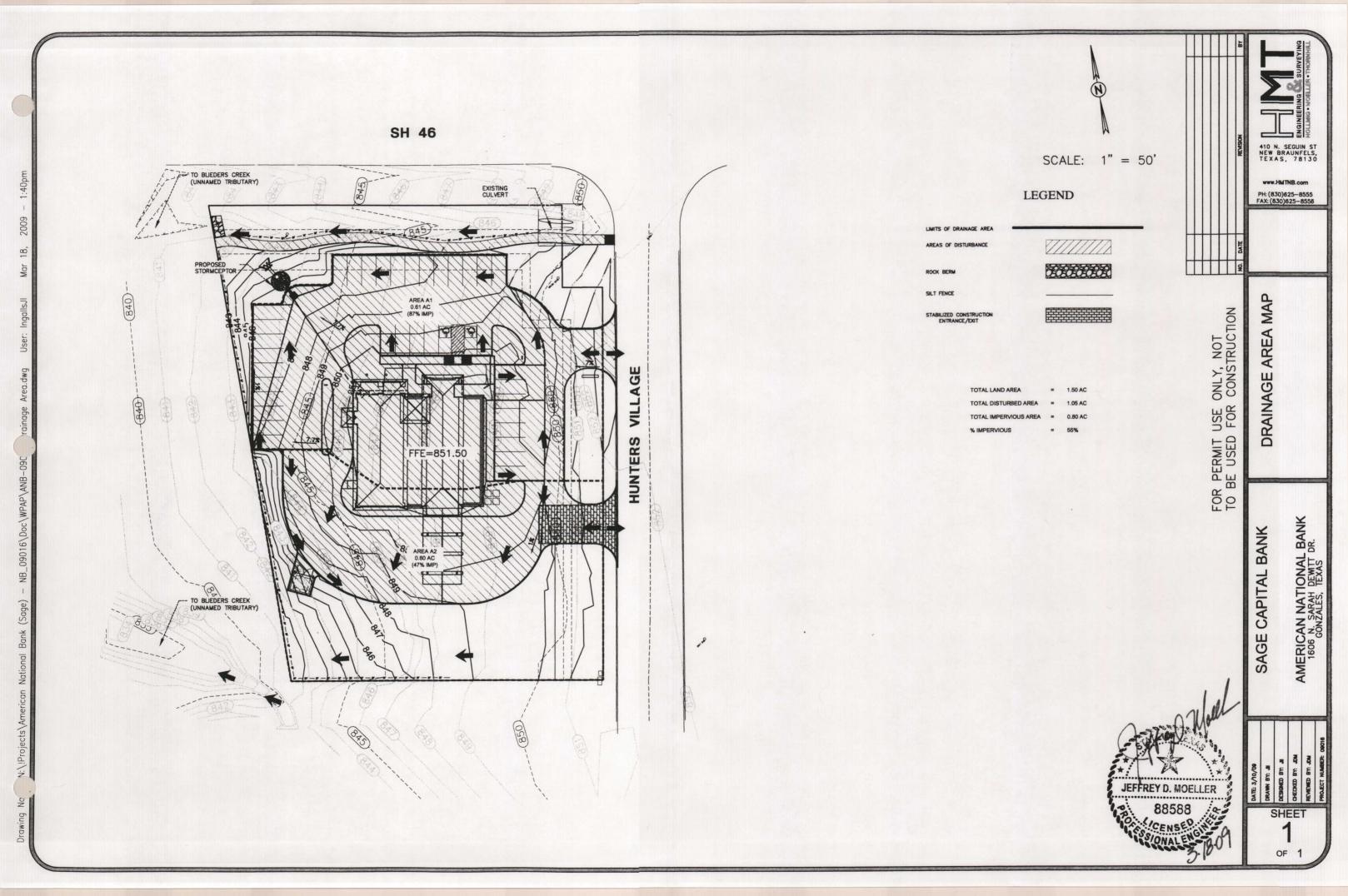
Seed Mixtures:

Dates	Climate	Species	(lb/ac.)
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30	Temporary Cool Season	Tall Fescue	4.0
		Oats	21.0
		Wheats	30.0
		Total	55.0
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30	Cool Season Legume	Hairy Vetch	8.0
May 1 to Aug. 31	Temporary Warm Season	Foxtail Millet	30.0

<u>Fertilizer</u>: Fertilizer should be applied at the rate of 40 pounds of nitrogen and 40 pounds of phosphorus per acre, which is equivalent to about 1.0 pounds of nitrogen and phosphorus per 1000 square feet.

Installation:

- (1) Prior to application, roughen embankment and fill areas by rolling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track walking. Track walking shall only be used where other methods are impractical.
- (2) To be effective, hydraulic matrices require 24 hours to dry before rainfall occurs.
- (3) Avoid mulch over spray onto roads, sidewalks, drainage channels, existing vegetation, etc.



Permanent Stormwater Section

for Regulated Activities
on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone
and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(li), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

REGULATED ENTITY NAME: Sage Capital Bank

		pest management practices (BMPs) and measures that will be used during and action is completed.
1.	<u>X</u>	Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.
2.	<u>x</u>	These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.
		The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that was used is provided below:
3.	<u>_x</u> _	Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.
4.	_X_	Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
		 This site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover. This site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover. This site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
5.	<u>X</u>	The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.

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		used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is found at the end of this form. X This site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover. This site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
6.	ATTA	CHMENT B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.
		A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is identified as ATTACHMENT B at the end of this form. If no surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, an explanation is provided as ATTACHMENT B at the end of this form.
	_	If permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, an explanation is provided as ATTACHMENT B at the end of this form.
7.	ATTA	CHMENT C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
	<u>X</u>	A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is identified as ATTACHMENT C at the end of this form.
		If permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, an explanation is provided as ATTACHMENT C at the end of this form.
8.	<u>X</u>	ATTACHMENT D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is provided at the end of this form. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as "sensitive" has been addressed.
9.	<u>X</u>	The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction. X The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring "sensitive" or "possibly sensitive" feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed for any naturally-occurring "sensitive" or "possibly sensitive" features on this site.
		N/A ATTACHMENT E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring "sensitive" or "possibly sensitive" feature, that includes a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is found at the end of this form. A request and justification has been provided for each feature.
10.	<u>X</u>	ATTACHMENT F - Construction Plans. Construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMPs and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information have been signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed

ATTACHMENT A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. This site will be

TCEQ-0600 (Rev. 10/01/04) Page 2 of 3

Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed permanent BMPs and measures are provided at the end of this form. Design Calculations, TCEQ

Construction Notes, all man-made or naturally occurring geologic features, all proposed structural measures, and appropriate details must be shown on the construction plans.

- 11. X ATTACHMENT G Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repair, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is provided at the end of this form. The plan has been prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures. The plan has been signed by the owner or responsible party. The plan includes procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofits as well as a discussion of record keeping procedures.
- 12. X The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.
 - Pilot-scale field testing (including water quality monitoring) may be required for BMPs that are not contained in technical guidance recognized by or prepared by the executive director.
 - **ATTACHMENT H Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan.** A plan for pilot-scale field testing is provided at the end of this form.
- 13. X ATTACHMENT I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is provided at the end of this form. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused by the regulated activity which increase erosion that results in water quality degradation.

Responsibility for maintenance of permanent BMPs and measures after construction is complete.

- 14. X The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.
- A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **PERMANENT STORMWATER SECTION** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.
Print Name of Customer/Agent

Signature of Customer/Agent

OJ 12] Date

TCEQ-0600 (Rev. 10/01/04) Page 3 of 3

ATTACHMENT "A"

20% of Less Impervious Cover Waiver

The proposed development is a commercial bank and the 20% Impervious Cover Waiver does not apply. Permanent BMP's will be designed in accordance with TCEQ requirements for the removal of TSS generated by the proposed development.

ATTACHMENT "B"

BMP's for Upgradient Stormwater

There are 15.37 acres upstream and west of the development that drains towards SH 46 and west through the existing culverts located at the northeast corner of the site. The area is currently undeveloped, and the proposed use is commercial. The ultimate development of the area discharge 59.8 cfs through the culvert during the 100 year storm event. However, this runoff does not co-mingle with the on-site untreated stormwater. The upgradient stormwater will be contained within the existing drainage channel along SH 46. The treatment of the proposed improvements for this upgradient area will be addressed in the WPAPs submitted for those properties. Reference the Drainage Area Map of the Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP(Approved by TCEQ June 5, 2006, EAPP #1964.01) for drainage patterns for the area.

The upgradient stormwater intercepted by the Hunters Village drains into the sand filtration basin designed with the Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP(Approved by TCEQ June 5, 2006, EAPP #1964.01). Please refer to the Drainage Area Map in the Temporary Stormwater Section.

ATTACHMENT "C"

BMP's for On-Site Stormwater

The permanent BMP's used to treat on-site stormwater runoff will be a combination of the Stormceptor® system and vegetative filter strips. Please refer to the Drainage Area Map in the Temporary Stormwater Section for areas of treatment and BMP structures used.

ATTACHMENT "D"

BMP's for Surface Streams

The vegetative filter strips and Stormceptor® system will be installed to prevent pollutants from entering surface streams and ultimately the aquifer. There were no sensitive features identified by the Geologic Assessment.

The natural vegetation located downgradient of proposed improvements will provide additional filtration to help prevent pollution from entering streams, sensitive features and the aquifer.

ATTACHMENT "G"

Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

Stormceptor® Maintenance and Monitoring Procedures

Storm*ceptor*[®] recommends annual maintenance (1 time per year) of the Storm*ceptor*[®] System in conjunction with quarterly monitoring (4 times per year). Typical Storm*ceptor*[®] monitoring is conducted with a dipstick tube equipped with a ball valve (Sludge Judge[®] or Core Pro[®]). Pollutant levels will be recorded monthly. When the pollutant levels reach the guideline values indicated in this plan, maintenance is required. Vacuum maintenance will be done on an annual basis **AND/OR** when monitoring indicates high pollutant levels (see Table 1 in Storm*ceptor*[®] Monitoring section).

Monitoring will be noted on the attached "Stormceptor® Quarterly Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary" sheet. All entries must be signed and dated by the property owner or designee.

Stormceptor® maintenance must be documented to include a copy of the applicable vacuum service manifest.

Upon completion of the monthly monitoring and the annual maintenance, the "Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary" sheet and all back-up documentation (to include manifest from vacuum service) must be submitted to the responsible engineer for signature and stamp. This sheet will then be turned in to the responsible agency to verify compliance with the storm water ordinance.

Quarterly Monitoring

Monitoring the Stormceptor® unit requires a dipstick tube equipped with a ball valve (typically a Sludge Judge® or Core Pro®). A normal monitoring scenario requires removal of the manhole cover and lowering the dipstick tube through the oil port into the bottom treatment chamber (see Figure 1). Make sure the dipstick tube goes completely to the bottom. Lift the dipstick tube out of the unit and keep it in a vertical position and read the level of sediment and oils from the gauge on the dipstick. The dipstick gauges are typically labeled with twelve inch increments. Record pollutant levels on your "Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary".

If either pollutants in the dipstick tube (sediments or oils) EXCEED the levels indicated on Table 1, maintenance of the Stormceptor® is required. Please skip to "Stormceptor® Maintenance".

Upon completing the recording of pollutant levels, the dipstick tube is then drained back into the inlet side of the $Stormceptor^{\mathscr{B}}$. This ensures that the pollutants in the dipstick tube do not leave the unit. The owner has completed the first phase of the $Stormceptor^{\mathscr{B}}$ storm water compliance program.

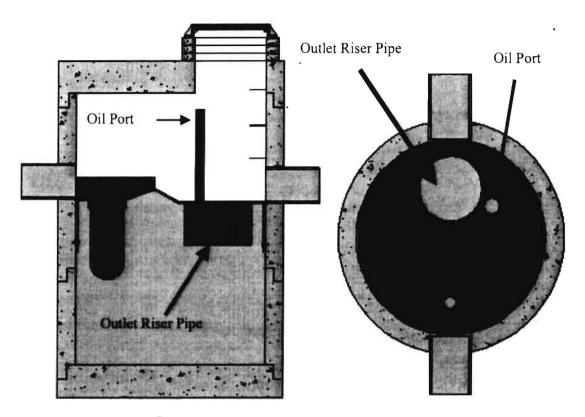


Table 1 − Storm*ceptor*[®] Maximum Pollutant Levels

Model	Sediment Depth	Oil Depth
STC 450i	8"	12"
STC 900	8"	16"
STC 1200	10"	16"
STC 1200	15"	16"
STC 1800	12"	44"
STC 2400	17"	44"
STC 3600	15"	44"
STC 4800	18"	44"
STC 6000	15"	44"
STC 7200	15"	44"
STC 11000	15"**	44"
STC 13000	18" **	44"
STC 16000	15"**	44"

^{**} Denotes Storm*ceptor*® with two treatment chambers. Pollutant level indicated would be in EACH treatment chamber.

Stormceptor® Maintenance

Maintenance of the Stormceptor® system is required at least once a year or when dictated by the pollutant levels referenced in Table 1. It is imperative that the Stormceptor® be maintained regularly to ensure proper operation of the unit. If the unit reaches the pollutant levels listed in Table 1, the designed effectiveness of the unit will decrease. The Stormceptor® will only operate effectively when the unit is properly maintained.

Maintenance is accomplished when the owner contacts a representative of the Vacuum Service Industry, a well-established sector of the service industry that cleans underground tanks, sewers, and catch basins. Cost to clean the Stormceptor® will vary based on the size of the unit and transportation distances. If you need assistance for cleaning a Stormceptor® unit, please contact your local Rinker Materials representative, or the Stormceptor® Information Line at (800) 909-7763.

Typically, the Vacuum Service representative will maintain the Stormceptor [®] by first removing the manhole. The vacuum service will first remove the oils through the oil port (refer to Figure 1). If the vacuum cannot remove the oils through the oil port (i.e. the vacuum service hose diameter is larger than the 6" oil port opening) water can be removed through the outlet pipe (refer to Figure 1) until such time that the oils can be removed. Typically, your Vacuum Service representative will recycle the oils at their facility.

Sediments in the $Storm ceptor^{\circledast}$ can be removed by inserting the vacuum service hose into the bottom treatment chamber via the outlet pipe (refer to Figure 1). In most areas the sediment, once dewatered at the Vacuum Service facility, can be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. AT NO TIME are the pollutants allowed to be discharged back into the sanitary or storm sewer system.

Once the floatables and sediments have been removed from the $Storm ceptor^{\mathscr{B}}$, the unit is required to be filled with clean water to the top of the riser / drop pipe. This completes the maintenance process.

Once maintenance has been completed, document the information on the "Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary" sheet. Attach a copy of the manifest from the applicable vacuum service.

Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Completion - Summary

Once the "Storm*ceptor*[®] Monthly Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary" has been completed, forward all documentation (including the Vacuum Service manifest) to the Owner to file for future reference

This process must be accomplished every year. This program will also remain in effect as long as required by law.

If any assistance is required, please contact your local Storm*ceptor*[®] representative or contact the Storm*ceptor*[®] Information Line at (800) 909-7763.

Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary

Company	Name:											
Company	Addre	ss:										
City/State	Zip:									····		
Phone:								- Constitution of the Cons		enventes.		
Design En	gineer	* *							***************************************			
Engineers	Addre	ss: _										
City/State	Zip:						www.					
Phone:												
Property C)wner:					un						
*Stormcep	otor Mo	odel _		_STC ·	4800							
Monitoring / N	Ta intenan	ice Table										
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Oil Depth (inches)			••••									
Sediment Depth (inches)												
Completed By:										4444		
Date												
I hereby co completed maintenan	in acc	ordance	monite with	oring a the dir	nd mai	ntenane of the	ce of th Storma	e Storr ceptor	n <i>cepto</i> ⊓moni	r [®] un toring	it was /	
					(5	Signed	by prop	perty o	wner o	r desig	mee)	

^{**} Note - This form must be completed for both chambers of the STC 11000, STC 13000, and STC 16000.

Page 2 - Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary

Upon completion of annual maintenance / monitoring, forward the completed
Stormceptor® Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary sheet and all applicable
documentation to the properties design engineer for approval and stamp.

I, (design engineer), do hereby certify that the requirements of the Stormceptor [®] Monitoring	•
Engineers Name	
	{PE STAMP HERE}
Engineers Signature	
Date	

Please forward the completed Storm*ceptor*® Monthly Monitoring / Maintenance Plan Summary and all documentation to the appropriate government agency for verification of compliance with the storm water ordinance.

Attachment "G"

Maintenance Plan for Stormceptor STC 7200

Stormceptor Location: The Stormceptor unit will be located at the northwest

corner of the site, approximately 50 feet south of S.H. 46.

Owner: American National Bank

P.O. Box 1940

Gonzales, Texas 78629 Phone: 830-672-8585

I agree that the attached Stormceptor Maintenance and Monitoring Procedures will be implemented to ensure that the proposed system functions as designed.

Joseph M Rankin, III

American National Bank

5-47-07

Date

I have reviewed the attached maintenance and monitoring procedures and to the best of my knowledge certify that if they are followed as outlined the Stormceptor unit will function as designed.

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.



ATTACHMENT "I"

Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

All surface streams will be protected from erosion by not allowing runoff to exceed existing velocities. A portion of the runoff from the proposed development will sheet flow into the vegetative filter strips. The vegetative filter strips will be designed in order to maintain existing runoff velocities prior to leaving the site. The stormwater runoff for the remainder of the property will be concentrated into the Stormceptor® system where the pollutants will be removed. The outfall of the Stormceptor® structure will be designed to restore the runoff to existing velocities prior to entering the existing channel along SH 46.

EAP	EAPP STORMCEPTOR Compensation Worksheet (Rev. 7/15/08): Use additional sheets for additional catchment areas.									
		Table 1								
	Effective Area	Stormcept	or Surface	1	nal sheets for additional BMF	s.				
	(2c)	Model	Area (ft²)		A_1 = Impervious Cover					
	EA < 0.08	450i	12.57	$A_P = Pervious Cover$						
	0.08 < EA < 0.16	900, 1200, 1	800 28.27	A = Total A						
	0.16 < EA < 0.29	2400, 360		P = Avg. Annual Rainfall						
	0.29 < EA < 0.46	4800, 600			A_N = Increase in impervious cover (new IC – existing IC)					
	0.46 < EA < 0.66	7200	113.10	$TSS = L_M =$	27.2 x A _N x P					
	0.66 < EA < 0.92	11,000, 13,0	000 157.08	1						
	0.92 < EA ≤ 1.32	16,000	226.19		e uncaptured area being comparation for uncaptured areas of					
	hammen and the second s	Анарадиона продолжава на се	-	multiple B!		can be divided up between				
	BMP Catchment Area	A	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		d / Untreated Areas (for com	nensation in BMP)				
	$A_{11} =$	***	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A ₁₂ =	ar onition to the con-					
	A _{PI} =			A _{P2} =						
*	A ₁ =			A ₂ =						
	A _{N1} =			A _{N2} =						
	$L_{M1} =$	425.		L _{M2} =						
					additional sheets as necessary	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Effective Area (EA) =	•		,,						
	EA = (0.9 x	_) + (0.03 x _	- (0.33	EA					
1	* *************************************					_				
				ice area (SA) of	model (Table 1)	_ft²				
	Required TSS Remov	al for Catchme	nt Area:	·						
	$L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x}$ $A_{N1} \text{ x}$ $P'' = \#TSS$									
_	Overflow Rate									
2	$V_{or} = (EA \times 1.1 \text{ in/hr})$			1.00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00						
	V _{or} = (
	the overflow rate to th				efficiencies, use the smaller	percent efficiency (round				
3	$V_{of} = 0.004910$	f/s	ow value). Elitel it	ounded over nov	value.					
,	v or	1/3			•					
	BMP % = 022	% / 100 =	• 0.82 F	BMP Eff.						
	Maximum TSS Remo	val of BMP: L	RI							
	$L_{RI} = (BMP Eff \times P) \times$	$[(A_{11} \times 34.6) +$	$-(A_{P1} \times 0.54)$							
4	$L_{R1} = (0.84 \pm 0.44)$	")	x[(x	34.6) + (x 0.54)] =	#TSS				
7										
	TSS Load Credit (L _C)									
	L _C = (4074	#TSS -	475.7	#TSS)		*#TSS				
5	Required TSS Remova	al for Uncaptur	ed Area $L_{M2} = 27$.	2 x	_A _{N2} x" =	#TSS				
	Is Sufficient Treatmen	t Available?		***************************************	ALL MANAGEMENT AND					
	If $L_C \ge L_{M2}$; Model s									
				r model size or	redefine the catchment areas.	Repeat steps 1 - 6.				
6			()			•				
	Final Model Size:	7200	3							
	TSS Treatment by BM	P								
7	L_{M1} (step 1) + L_{M2} (ste			# 199 JPC 1990						
	#TS	S +	#TSS =	4757	#TSS					
	TSS Treatment Summ	ary								
	Catchment Area	STC	Total Drainage	Impervious	Calculated TSS	TSS Treatment by BMP				
8		Model	Area (ac)	Cover (ac)	Removal (lb/yr) (L _M)	(lb/yr) (Step 7)				
	BMP Catchment	7,700	0,61	D.53	433.47	47X				
	Uncaptured/Untreated	1	Ú.	<u> </u>	[1]: [1]:	0				
98°	· Total	I I	TURI	83 Kunto	1974, 7	A174, Z				

Table 2: Stormceptor BMP Efficiency and Overflow Rate (VoR)									
Eff (%)	Overflow (f/s)	Eff(%)	Overflow (f/s)	Eff (%)	Overflow (f/s)	Eff (%)	Overflow (f/s)		
40%	0.139000	55%	0.041400	70%	0.013800	85%	0.003560		
41%	0.129000	56%	0.039000	71%	0.012900	86%	0.003240		
42%	0.119000	57%	0.036500	72%	0.012000	87%	0.002920		
43%	0.110000	58%	0.034100	73%	0.011000	89%	0.002280		
44%	0.099800	59%	0.031700	74%	0.010100	90%	0.001960		
45%	0.090000	60%	0.029200	75%	0.009180	91%	0.001710		
46%	0.084300	61%	0.027300	76%	0.008510	92%	0.001460		
47%	0.078600	62%	0.025300	77%	0.007830	93%	0.001210		
48%	0.072800	63%	0.023300	78%	0.007160	94%	0.000963		
49%	0.067100	64%	0.021400	79%	0.006480	95%	0.000713		
50%	0.061400	65%	0.019400	80%	0.005810	96%	0.000595		
51%	0.057400	66%	0.018300	81%	0.005360	97%	0.000477		
52%	0.053400	67%	0.017200	82%	0.004910	98%	0.000358		
53%	0.049400	68%	0.016000	83%	0.004460	99%	0.000240		
54%	0.045400	69%	0.014900	84%	0.004010	100%	0.000121		

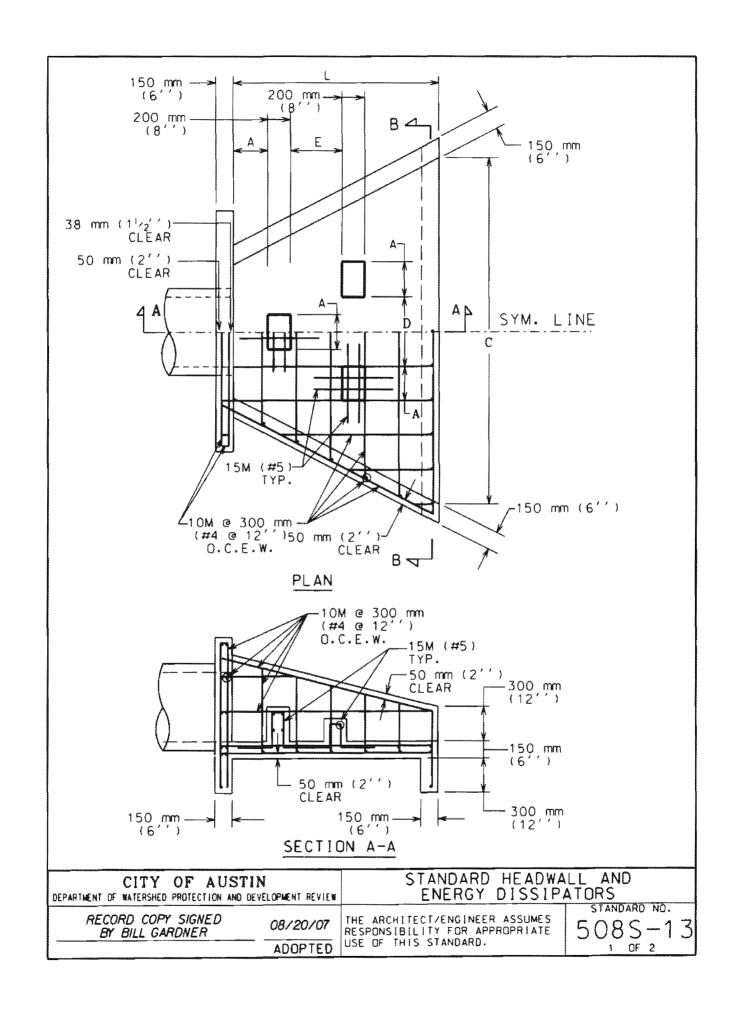
Table 3: BMP Summary Table for the Site							
Complete this table to show the types of BMPs and TSS treatment amounts for the site. Provide additional, as needed.							
BMP Catchment	BMP Type	Total Drainage	Impervious	Calculated TSS	TSS Treatment by		
Area	or Model	Area (ac)	Cover (ac)	Removal (lb/yr) (L _m)	BMP (lb/yr)		
A							
В							
С							
D			WILL TO SERVICE OF THE PERSON				
Uncaptured			777		0		
Total	-ep sail tilb			-			

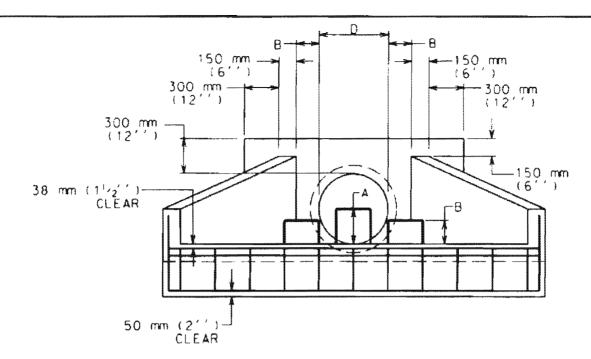
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Concrete Pipe Division STC 7200 Precast Concrete Stormceptor (7200 U.S. Gallon Capacity) Outlet Stormceptor Frame and Cover 32°Ø **Grade Adjusters To** Suit Finished Grade **Plan View** See Note #1 8" 30"Ø 6"Ø Vent-**Pipe** 72"Ø **Varies** Variable Stormceptor ® Insert Diameter Inlet Weir Outlet 18" 17" Rubber Gasket 12"Ø Per ASTM C-443 Orifice 12" Plate **Outlet Connection Detail** 24"Ø Drop **Drop Tee Outlet Pipe** 4" to 6" Overlap Inlet Pipe 96" Min. 144"Ø 28" 12" 14" Section Thru Chamber **Enlarged Inlet Tee Drop Pipe** Notes:

- 1. The Use Of Flexible Connection is Recommended at The Inlet and Outlet Where Applicable.
- 2. The Cover Should be Positioned Over The Outlet Drop Pipe and The Vent Pipe.
- 3. The Stormceptor System is protected by one or more of the following U.S. Patents: #4985148, #5498331, #5725760, #5753115, #5849181, #6068765, #6371690.
- 4. Contact a Hydro Conduit representative for further details not listed on this drawing.





SECTION B-B

NOTES:

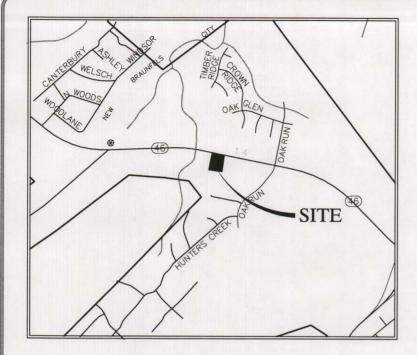
- 1. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE TYPE "C" AS PER SPEC. 403S. CONCRETE FOR STURCTURES.
- 2. CHAMFER ALL EXTERNAL VISIBLE CORNERS.
- 3. DISSIPATOR BLOCKS REQUIRED ON DISCHARGE HEADWALLS ONLY.

D	457 mm	533 mm	610 mm	685 mm	765 mm	838 mm	914 mm	1.067 m	1.219 m	1.372 m	.524 m
	(18′)	(21′)	(24′′)	(27′′)	(30′′)	(33′′)	(36′′)	(42′′)	(4 8 ′′)	(54′′)	(60′′)
Α	225 mm	250 mm	300 mm	350 mm	375 mm	400 mm	450 mm	525 mm	600 mm	675 mm	750 mm
	(9′′)	(10′)	(12′′)	(14′′)	(15′′)	(16′′)	(18′′)	(21'')	(24′′)	(27′′)	(30′′)
В	150 mm (6′′)	175 mm (7′′)	200 mm (8′′)	225 mm (9′′)	250 mm (10′′)	275 mm	300 mm (12′)	350 mm (14′′)	400 mm (16′′)	450 mm (18′′)	500 mm (20 1
С	2.29 m	2.67 m	3.05 m	343 m	3.81 m	4.19 m	4.57 m	5.33 m	6.10 m	6.86 m	7.62 m
	(90′′)	(105′′	(120′′)	(135′′)	(150′	(165′	(180′	(210′′)	(240′′)	(270′′)	(300′′)
L	1.37 m	1.60 m	1.83 m	2.06 m	2.29 m	2.51 m	2.74 m	3.20 m	3.66 m	4.11 m	4.57 m
	(54′′)	(63′′)	(72′′)	(81′′)	(90′′)	(99′′)	(108′′)	(126°′)	(144′′)	(162′′)	(180′′)
E	300 mm	350 mm	400 mm	450 mm	500 mm	550 mm	600 mm	700 mm	800m	900 mm	1000 mm
	(12′′)	(14′′)	(16′′)	(18′)	(20′′)	(22'')	(24′′)	(28′′)	(32′′)	(36′′)	(40′′)

DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS, METERS AND (INCHES).

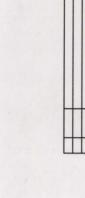
DISCHARGE VELOCITIES GREATER THAN 3 METERS/SECOND (10 fps) REOUIRE ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION.

CITY OF AUSTI DEPARTMENT OF MATERSHED PROTECTION AND DE		STANDARD HEADWALL AND ENERGY DISSIPATORS				
RECORD COPY SIGNED BY BILL GARDNER	00120101	THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR APPROPRIATE	5085-13			
	ADOPTED	USE OF THIS STANDARD.	2 OF 2			









PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556

COVER SHEET

Capital Bank

SHEET

C1.0

C2.0

C3.0

C4.0

C5.0

C6.0

C7.0

C8.0





		-	10	M	PROJECT NUMBER: 09016
DATE: 3/12/09	DRAWN BY: JI	DESIGNED BY: JI	CHECKED BY: JI	REVIEWED BY: JM	9

SHEET

SITE DETAILS **GRADING PLAN**

JEFFREY D. MOFILER

P.F. REGISTRATION NO. 88588

COVER SHEET

UTILITY PLAN

UTILITY DETAILS

GENERAL NOTES

DIMENSION CONTROL

1. NOTIFY THE CITY STREET INSPECTOR 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (830) 221-4031.

SHEET INDEX

SHEET TITLE

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

- A. CURRENT CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS AS OF THE DATE OF THIS CONTRACT
- B. TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES 1993".

ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1993 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES." ALONG WITH CURRENT CITY OF SAN ANTONION AND COMAL COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS, ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE RESOLVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROCURE ALL PERMITS AND LICENSES, PAY ALL CHARGES, FEES, AND TAXES AND GIVE ALL NOTICES NECESSARY AND INCIDENTAL TO THE DUE AND LAWFUL PROSECUTION OF THE WORK.

ANY EXISTING OFF-SITE IMPROVEMENTS THAT ARE DAMAGED OR UNDERCUT BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER OF THE EXISTING IMPROVEMENT AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EVERDEE, (NO SEPARATE PAY

WORK COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR WHICH HAS NOT RECEIVED A WORK ORDER OR CONSENT OF THE OWNER OR REGINEER WILL BE SUBJECT TO REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT BY AND AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND SHALL BE LOCATED TO PROVIDE MAXIMUM PROTECTION TO THE PUBLICA S WELL AS CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT WHILE PROVIDING CONTINUOUS TRAFFIC FLOW AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL DEVICES DURING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO VERIFY PROJECT ELEVATIONS. THE TERM "MATCH EXISTING" SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD TO SIGNIFY BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.

WHEN MATCHING EXISTING PAVEMENTS, CURBS, DRIVES, AND WALKS, THEY SHALL BE SAW CUT FULL DEPTH AND REMOVED TO ALLOW FOR PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION. IF ANY EXISTING JOINT IS ENCOUNTERED, PRECAUTION SHALL BE TAKEN DURING REMOVAL. OF CONCRETE SO AS NOT TO DAMAGE EXISTING DOWELS. ALL EXISTING DOWELS SHALL BE EXPOSED AND CLEANED.

ITEM OF WORK DESIGNATED "BY OTHERS" SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED PART OF THIS CONTRACT.

ALL "COMPACTED SUBGRADE" SHALL CONSIST OF NATIVE MATERIAL SCARRFED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF SIX INCHES AND COMPACTED TO 95% DENSITY ACCORDING TO DENSITY TEST METHOD TEX-115C OR ACCORDING TO ASTIM D=968 AND TESTED BY ASTIM D=2922.

ALL "FLEXIBLE BASE" SHALL BE TYPE "A", GRADE 4, ACCORDING TO TADOT ITEM 247, COMPACTED TO 95% MODIFIED DENSITY AT A MOISTURE CONTENT BETWEEN -2, AND +3 OF OFTIMUM PERCENT MOISTURE ACCORDING TO ASTM D-1557 (MODIFIED PROCTOR) AND TESTED Y ASTM D-2922.

PRIME COAT USING MC-30 AT A RATE OF 0.2 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD SHALL BE PLACED OVER PREPARED BASE AT LEAST ONE DAY PRIOR TO LYMNG ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAYEMENT. ANY NECESSARY TACK COAT SHALL BE MC-30 AT 0.05 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD. IT IS REQUIRED THAT BOTH THE PRIME COAT AND THE TACK COAT BE APPLIED AT THE TEMPERATURE SPECIFIED UNDER TADOT ITEM 300.3.

CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A" ACCORDING TO TXDOT ITEM 421 UNLESS OTHERWISE ON PLANS. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE FROM NEW BILLET AND SHALL CONFORM TO TXDOT ITEM 440. ALL DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTER OF BARS EXCEPT WHEN REFERRING TO CLEARANCE.

ALL SAWED JOINTS SHALL BE SAWED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF POURING,

ABSOLUTELY NO WELDING OF REINFORCING BARS OR TORCHING TO BEND REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT THE SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.

ALL ROLLING FOR COMPACTION OF ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAYEMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED BEFORE THE MIXTURE TEMPERATURE DROPS BELOW 175 DEG. (F).

CONTRACTOR AGREES TO ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB STE CONDITIONS DURING THE CONSTITUCTION OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO THE NORMAL WORKING HOURS, AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNERS AND THE GROWNER AND THE SIMPLOYERS, PARTINERS, OFFICES, DIRECTORS, OR CONSULTANT, HAVILESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FROM LIABILITY ARISING FROM SOLE REQUIRENCE OF THE OWNER OR HIGHWAY SINGERY SOLE REQUIRENCE OF THE OWNER OR HIGHWAY SINGERY SOLE REQUIRENCE OF THE OWNER OR HOUSINGER, ENGINEER'S DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, OR CONSULTANTS.

ALL CMP (CORRUGATED METAL PIPE) USED ON THIS PROJECT SHALL HAVE A MANNING'S "n" VALUE OF 0.024., UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON PLANS.

CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION TESTING PER CURRENT CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS REQUIREMENTS. ALL TEST RESULTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REMOVE AND APPROVAL ENGINEER AND OWNER RESERVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE CONTRACTOR REMOVE AND REPLACE ANY MATERIAL THAT WAS NOT TESTED OR FAILED TESTING. ALL COST ASSOCIATED WITH THE REMOVAL REPLACEMENT AND TESTING SHALL BE FAILED THE CONTRACTOR.

ALL PVC SLEEVES SHALL BE INSTALLED 3" BELOW FINISHED GRADE AND ENDS SHALL BE MARKED SO THAT LOCATIONS OF SLEEVES CAN BE EASILY IDENTIFIED.

DETENTION POND SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND GRADED TO DESIGN ELEVATIONS PRIOR TO ANY INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

PRE--CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE IS REQUIRED, ENGINEER WILL ARRANGE SUCH CONFERENCE IN COORDINATION WITH CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS STREET INSPECTOR. NO CONSTRUCTION MAY BEGIN PRIOR TO THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE.

EROSION / SEDIMENTATION CONTROL:

AT A MINIMUM, THESE CONTROLS SHALL CONSIST OF ROCK BERMS AND/OR SILT FENCES CONSTRUCTED PARALLEL TO AND DOWN GRADIENT FROM THE TRENCHES. THE ROCK BERM OR SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A MANNER SUCH THAT ANY RAINFALL RUNOFF SHALL BE FILTERED. HAY BALES SHALL NOT BE USED FOR TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS.

ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED DURING CONSTRUCTION BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE THE CONTROLS WHEN VEGETATION IS ESTRABLISHED AND THE CONSTRUCTION AREA IS STABILIZED JS1 TAC 31.3.5 $(\phi/12)^2$, additional, protection may be required in Excessive Solids are Being discharaged from the SITE.

PLACEMENT OF TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. ACTUAL LOCATIONS MAY VARY SLIGHTLY FROM THE PLANS, BUT MILL BE VERRIFED BY THE ENGNEER/INSPECT IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE CONTROLS AT WEEKLY INTERVALS AND AFTER EVERY SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL TO INSURE DISTURBANCE OF THE STRUCTURES HAS NOT OCCURRED. SEDIMENT DEPOSITED AFTER A RAINFALL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OR PLACED IN AN ENGINEER APPROVED DESIGNATED DISPOSAL AREA.

LOCATION AND DEPTH OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HERE ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY, ACTUAL LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS MUST BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THOSE NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWNOS.

ANY EXISTING UTILITIES, ON OR OFF THE STE, THAT ARE DAMAGED OR UNDERCUT BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANIES AND GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AT:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION

NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (WATER AND SEWER) (830) 608-8951 TIMEWARNER CABLE (830) 625-3408 (830) 643-6434 (830) 303-1333

DUE TO FEDERAL REGULATIONS TITLE 49, PART 192(8), GAS COMPANIES MUST MAINTAIN ACCESS TO GAS VALVES AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROTECT THE WORK AROUND ANY GAS VALVES THAT ARE IN THE PROJECT AREA.

CONTRACTOR SHALL REFERENCE NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES PLANS FOR FINAL ELECTRICAL LINE DESIGNS AND LAYOUT.

SEWER NOTES

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN SERVICE TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWERS AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL 8" GRAVITY SEWER PIPE (MAINS & LATERALS) AND FITTINGS IN THIS PROJECT ARE PVC SDR-26, ASTM D-3034, D-3212, F-477. ALL PRESSURE RATED SEWER PIPE IS PVC AWWA C-900 PPIE COLORED GREEN.
- ALL RESIDENTIAL SEWER SERVICE LATERALS SHALL BE EXTENDED TO THE PROPERTY LINE AND CAPPED AND SEALED.
- INITIAL BACKFILL OF SEWER LINES SHALL BE 3/4" TO DUST OR PEA GRAVEL AS PER NBU SPECIFICATIONS.
- SECONDARY BACKFILL OF SEWER LINES SHALL GENERALLY CONSIST OF MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE TRENCH AND SHALL BE FREE FROM BRUSH, DEBRIS, AND TRASH, NO ROCKS OR STONES HAVING ANY DIMENSION LARGER THAN 6 INCHES AT THE LARGEST DIMENSION.
- ALL SEWER PIPES SHALL HAVE COMPRESSION OR MECHANICAL JOINTS AS PER 31 TAC 313.5 (C) (2) (II).
- FOR SEWER LINES LESS THAN 24" IN DIAMETER, SELECT INITIAL BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN TWO LIFTS.
- A. THE FIRST LIFT SHALL BE SPREAD UNIFORMLY AND SIMULTANEOUSLY ON EACH SIDE AND UNDER THE SHOULDERS OF THE PIPE TO THE MID POINT OF SPRING LINE OF THE
- ALL MANHOLES MUST BE WATER TIGHT, EITHER MONOLITHIC, CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE STRUCTURES OR PREFABRICATED MANHOLES SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY MBU. THE MANHOLES SHALL HAVE WATER TIGHT RINOS AND COVERS, WHEREVER THEY ARE WITHIN THE 100 YEAR PLODOPLAIN, THE MANHOLE COVERS SHALL BE BOLTED. EVERY FORTH MANHOLE IN SEQUENCE SHALL HAVE AN ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF VENTING [31 TAC 513.5(C)(1) AND 3
- 10. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SO THAT THE TOP OF THE RING IS ABOVE THE SURROUNDING GROUND, EXCEPT WHEN LOCATED IN PAVED AREAS. IN PAVED AREAS, THE MANHOLE RING SHALL BE FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT.
- SEWER PIPE CONNECTIONS TO PRE-CAST MANHOLES WILL BE COMPRESSION JOINTS OF MECHANICAL "BOOT TYPE" JOINT AS APPROVED BY NBU.
- 14. IN AREAS WHERE A NEW SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED OVER AN EXISTING SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM, IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO TEST THE EXISTING MANHOLES BEFORE CONSTRUCTION. AFTER PROPOSED MANHOLE HAS BEEN BULT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RE-TEST THE EXISTING SYSTEM TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR, (NO SEPARATE PAY ITEM).
- 15. WHERE THE MINIMUM 9 FEET SEPARATION DISTANCE BETWEEN SEWER LINES AND WATER LINES/MAINS CANNOT BE MAINTAINED, THE INSTALLATION OF SEWER LINES SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH TOEQ. THE WASTEWATER LINE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF CAST IRON, DUCTILE IRON, OR PVC MEETING THE ASTM SPECIFICATION FOR BOTH PIPES AND JOINTS OF 150 PS AND SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 30 TAC 290-44(E)(5).
- 16. AFTER CONSTRUCTION TESTING WILL BE DONE BY TV CAMERA BY THE CONTRACTOR AND OBSERVED BY THE INSPECTOR OR WATER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING PERSONNEL AS THE CAMERA IS RIN THROUGH THE LINES (KEPP). ANY ABMORBALITIES FOUND IN THE LINE, SUCH AS BROKEN PIPE OR MISALIGNED JOINTS, MUST BE REPLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS EXPENSE. CONTRACTOR TO PROME TV TAPES TO CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FOR REMEW PRIOR TO TRIAL INSPECTION OF THE PROJECT.
- WATER JETTING THE BACKFILL WITHIN A STREET WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. SANITARY SEWER TRENCHES SUBJECT TO TRAFFIC SHALL CONFORM TO NBU CONNECTION & CONSTRUCTION POLICY MANUAL.

- WHERE REQUIRED, CONCRETE ENCASEMENT SHALL BE PLACED AS SHOWN ON THE STANDARD DETAIL SHEET.
- A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET OF COVER IS TO BE MAINTAINED OVER THE SANITARY SEWER MAIN AND LATERALS AT SUBGRADE, OTHERWISE CONCRETE ENCASEMENT WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 21. SANITARY SEWER MAIN CONNECTIONS MADE DIRECTLY TO EXISTING MANHOLES WILL REQUIRE SUCCESSFUL TESTING OF THE MANHOLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NBU CONNECTION & CONSTRUCTION POLICY MANUAL.
- 22. TCEQ AND EPA REQUIRE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEMS, CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PER THE PROJECT PLANS, ALL TEMPORARY FORSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY NBU WATER SYSTEMS.
- ALL MANHOLES OVER THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE SHALL HAVE LOCKING CONCRETE COLLAR TO SECULER RING AND COVER TO MANHOLE CONE PER NBU DETAIL DRAWING (\$22). (NO SEPARATE PAY TIEM)
- ALL SEWER SERVICES SHALL HAVE CLEANOUTS INSTALLED AT PROPERTY LINE PER NBU DRAWING #302 AND #303. (NO SEPARATE PAY ITEM)
- EACH LOT OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING THE DEPTH OF THE SEWER SERVICE STUB OUT, AND DETERMINE THE MINIMUM SERVICEABLE FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION.
- 27. VERTICAL SEWER SERVICE STACKS SHALL BE REQUIRED WHERE THE TOP OF THE SEWER MAIN IS AT A DEPTH OF 8 FEET OF GREATER, UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON PLANS.

CHANGE FLORE FLEVATIONS

THE ELEVATION OF THE LOWEST FLOOR SHALL BE AT LEAST 10 INCHES ABOVE THE FINISHED GRADE
OF THE SURROUNDING GROUND, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE SUBDIMISION PLAT FOR
MICHINISTRA UNIT 1. THE GROUND SHALL BE SUPPED IN A FASHION SO AS TO DIRECT STORM
WATER AWAY FROM THE STRUCTURE PROPERTIES ADJACENT TO STORM WATER CONVEYANCE
STRUCTURES MUST HAVE FLOOR SLAB ELEVATION OR BOTTOM OF FLOOR JOST A MINIMUM OF ONE
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FOOT ABOVE THE JOHNSHUL SLOOP SLAB ELEVATION OR BOTTOM OF FLOOR JOST A MINIMUM OF ONE
FOOT ABOVE THE JOHNSHUL SLOOP SLAD OF THE STREET SHALL HAVE A PROPERLY SZED CROSS SWALE
PREVENTING RUNOFF FROM ENTERING THE GARAGE.

GRIANDIALER

HE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER, CONTRACTOR, SUBCONTRACTORS, BUILDERS,
SOFTICHNICAL ENGINEER, AND PROJECT ENGINEER TO IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE GITTLE OF THE GITY
ENGINEER IF THE PRESENCE OF GROUNDWARTER WITHIN THE PROJECT SITE IS ENDEMT. THE YELD
ENGINEER IF SHALL RESPOND TO THE NOTICE WITHIN TWO (2) BUSINESS DAYS, ALL GROUNDWATER
WITHOUTH SHANDER IS GRANTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

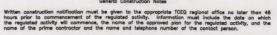
ALL ROADWAY COMPACTION TESTS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S CEDITIONICAL ENGINEER, FLEXIBLE BASE OF FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED SIX MONES (6°) COMPACTED. EACH LAYER OF MATERIAL INCLUSIVE OF SUBGRADE, SHALL BE COMPACTED AS SPECIFED AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MOISTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS TEX-113-E, TEX-113-E, TEX-113-E, TEX-113-E, TEX HOUSERS AND LOCATION OF REQUIRED TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GEOTECHINCAL ENGINEER AND BE APPROVED BY THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNELS STREET INSPECTIOR WITH ALL ENGINEER WILL PROVIDE THE CITY OF NEW BRAUNELS STREET INSPECTIOR WITH ALL STRING FOLGURATION TO AT COMPACT OF THE STRING THE ADDRESS AND FILL MATERIAL, AND SUBGRADE, HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.

ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION TEST WITHIN THE STREET PAVEMENT SECTION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPERS COTECNICAL ENGINEER. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN MAJORDH LAYDREN BY TO RECEED THEME. BRICKES (12") LOOSE, EACH LAYDR OF MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED AS SPECIFIED AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MISSTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GETTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND LOCATION OF REQUIRED TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GETTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND LOPATOM OF REQUIRED TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GETTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND LOPATOM OF REQUIRED TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GETTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND LOPATOM OF REQUIRED TEST SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE GETTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND LOPATOM OF REQUIRED THE STATEMENT OF THE STATE

- 1. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE AWWA C-900, DR-6-18.
- WATER SERVICES SHALL BE SINGLE 1 INCH COPPER TUBING, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- WATER LINE IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NBU WATERLINE SPECIFICATIONS.
- WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 48 INCHES OF COVER WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION. ALL OFF-SITE WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 72 INCHES OF COVER.
- CONTRACTOR WILL KEEP THE AREA ON TOP OF AND AROUND THE WATER METER BOX FREE OF ALL OBJECTS AND DEBRIS.
- INITIAL BACKFILL OF WATER LINES SHALL BE 3/4 INCH TO DUST OR PEA GRAVEL AS PER NBU SPECIFICATIONS.
- ALL IN-LINE VALVES, BENDS AND PLUGS SHALL BE RESTRAINED. RESTRAINT TO BE PROVIDED ON EACH SIDE OF VALVE, FITTING OR ANY REQUIRED JOINT.
- RESTRAINT LENGTHS SHOWN ON PLANS ARE FOR HORIZONTAL FITTINGS ONLY, CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE ADDITIONAL RESTRAINT LENGTHS REQUIRED FOR VERTICAL FITTINGS BASED ON RESTRAINT LENGTH TABLE LOCATED ON SHEET C3.0.
- 10. THE WATER MAINS SHALL BE RESTRAINED AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AT ANY FIELD ADDITIONS/MODIFICATIONS INVOLVING THE ADDITION OF VALVES, DEAD ENDS, OR ADDITIONAL/RELOCATED BENDS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE RESTRAINT LENGTHS FOR THE WATER MAIN BASED ON THE STUATION ENCOUNTERED DURING INSTALLATION FOR THOSE INSTANCES WHICH DIFFER FROM THE PLANS. JOINT RESTRAINS WITHIN THE WATER THAT THE PLANS SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD TO DICKATE THAT ALL JOINTS WITHIN THE STATED DISTANCE FROM THE FITHING. PREVAILED THE DISTANCE FROM THE FITHING PROPERTY OF POST OF DEFILLITION SHALL BE RESEARCHED THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE RESEARCH OF THE RESEARCH OF THE FIRST OF THE PROPERTY OF THE RESEARCH OF THE RESEARCH OF THE RISU INSPECTIOR.
- 11. FIPE IN CASING SHALL BE FULLY RESTRAINED. LENGTH SHALL NOT BE COUNTED AS PART OF THE RESTRAINED LENGTH. SHOWN ON THE PLANS BUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED INDEPENDENT OF THE STATED LENGTHS. CASING SPACERS SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR THE DIAMETER AND TYPE OF FIPE BEING INSTALLED AND SHALL BE BY PIPELINE SEAL AND INSULATOR, INC., OR ADVANCE PRODUCTS AND SYSTEMS, INC., OR ENGINEERD APPROVED EQUAL.
- 12. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (N.B.U.) FOR WATER, SEWER, AND ELECTRICAL SERVICE TO THE SITE.

- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially obverse impacts to water.

- A ony physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the obility of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aguifer;



4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.

9. All spoils (excovoted moterior) generated from the project site must be stored on-site with proper EAS controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approved of o water poliution abetament plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.

10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the sits where construction activities have sampourdly or permonently accessed, but in no case more than 14 days of the the control of the contr

12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:

Austin Regional Office 2800 S. Irl 35, Sults 100 42800 S. Irl 35, Sults 100 14250 Judeon Road Austin, Texos 78704–5712 San Antonio, Texos 78233–4480 Phone (210) 490–3096 Fax (512) 339–3795 Fax (210) 545–4329

410 N. SEGUIN ST NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS, 78130

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AUTHORITY OF JEFFREY D
MOELLER, PE. 88588 ON
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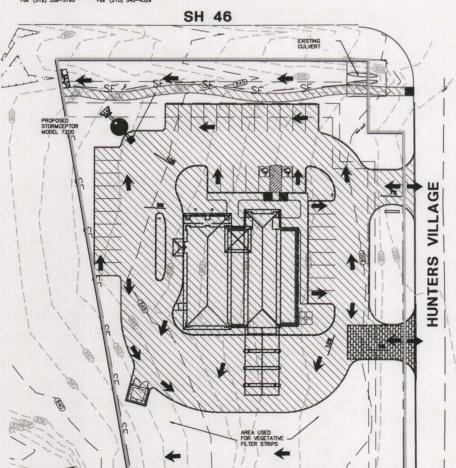
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DATE 3/12/09
DRAWN BT: JI
DESIGNED BT: J
CHECKED BT: J
REVIEWED BT: JI
PROJECT NUMBE

SHEET

- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

Austin Regional Office San Antonio Regional Office 1800 S. H 35, Sults 100
Austin, Texas 78704-5712
Phone (\$12\$) 339-2929
Phore (\$2\$) 339-3785
Fox (\$2\$) 339-3785
Fox (\$2\$) 554-3429



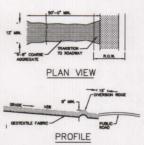


HYDRAULIC MULCH

Hydroulic Mulches: Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydroulic motrices. Wood fiber applied alone lay bypically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 to/cars, wood fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from lumber mills or from urban sources.

Bonded Fiber Mothic Bonded Fiber mothic (SPI) is a hydrolfically opplied system of fibers and otherwise that upon drying form or arrange mother of the state of t

(2) Areas damaged by storms or normal construction activities should be regraded and hydraulic mulch reapplied as soon as practical.



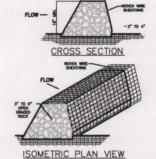
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE / EXIT

- (1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.

- (1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown foundation for positive drainage.
- (4) If the slope toward the road exceeds 2%, construct a ridge, 6 to 8 inches high with 3:1 (HM) side slopes, across the foundation approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the public road.

- (8) install pipe under pad as needed to maintain proper public road drainage.
- Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

 (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or lowing of sediment onto public rights—of—way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional atone as conditions demand and report and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- (5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

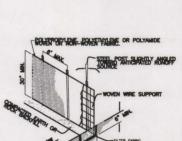


ROCK BERM

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

ROCK BERM

- (2) Berm should have a top width of 2 feet with side slopes being 2:1 (h:v) or flatter
- (3) Place the rock along the sheathing as shown in the diagram, to a height of not less than 18 inches.



SCALE : 1"=50" 50'

2000000

— SF —

LEGEND

100'

150

SILT FENCE



www.HMTNB.com PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556

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Bank

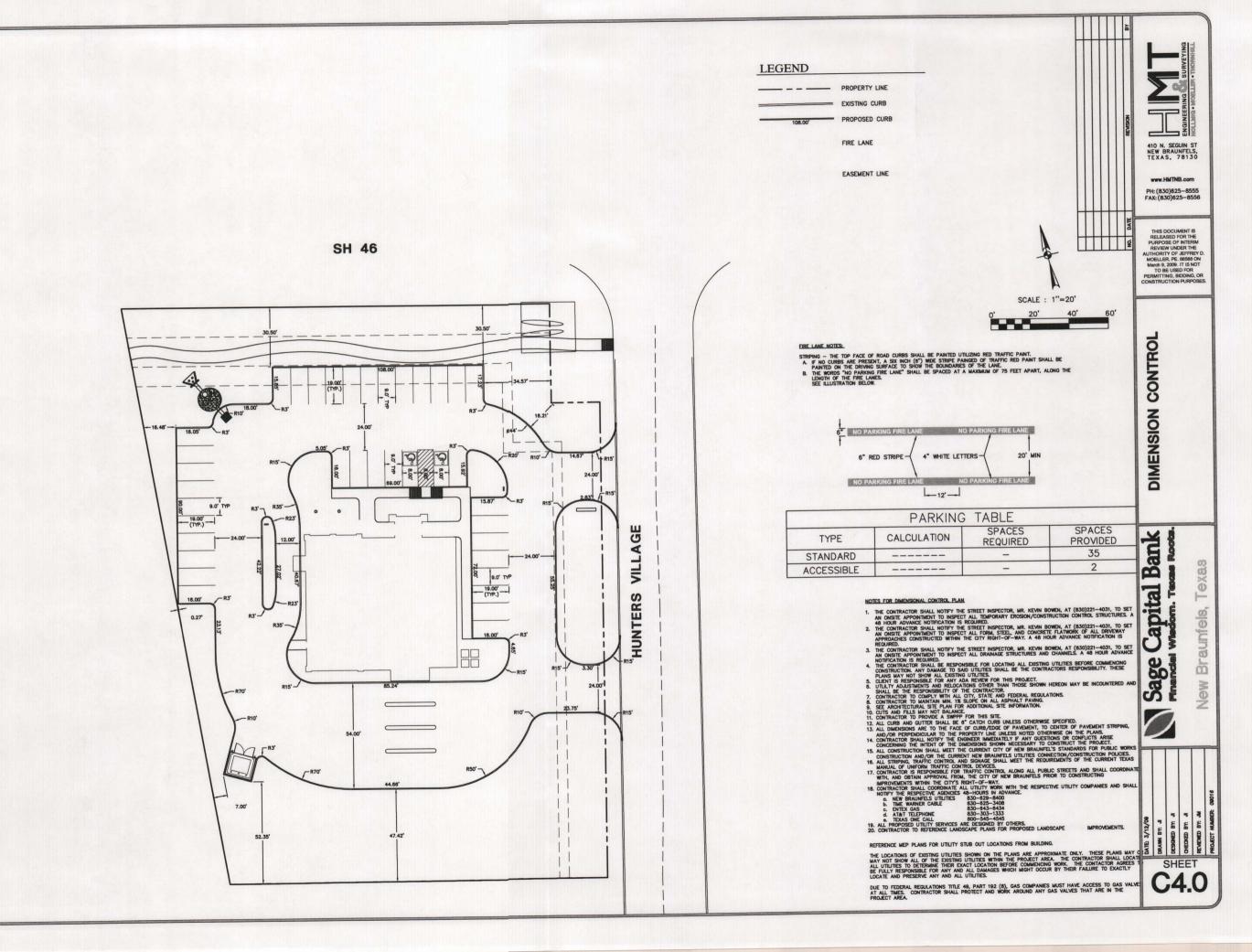
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C3.0

SHEET



MINIMUM PAVEMENT	SECT	ON REC	UIREMENT
SUBGRADE MATERIAL	Α	В	GEOGRID
CLAY	1.5"	9.5"	YES
CLAYEY GRAVEL	1.5	6.5"	NO

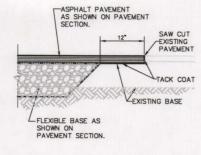
TYPICAL PAVEMENT SECTION

TYPE MX

SECTION A-A

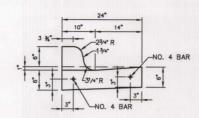
SIDEWALK RAMP WITH DETECTABLE WARNING PAVER

PERMISSABLE CONSTRUCTION

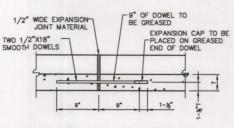


NEW PAVEMENT TO EXISTING

STRIPING 4" WIDE (TYP)



CATCH SECTION

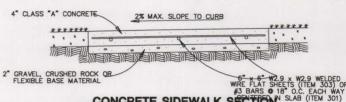


CURB AND GUTTER SECTIONS

NOTES:

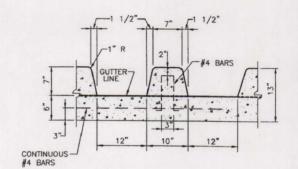
- 1. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE LAPPED A MINIMUM OF 18".
- 2. CURB AND GUTTER SHALL HAVE FORMED TOOLED OR SAWED CONTRACTION JOINTS AT $\pm 10^{\circ}$. THE DEPTH OF THESE JOINTS SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE CRACKING AT THE JOINTS.

- 5. ALL CONCRETE TO BE CLASS "A" 3000 PSI CONCRETE.
- 6. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES TO BE BRUSHED SMOOTH AND UNIFORM

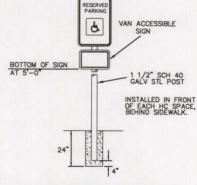


CONCRETE SIDEWALK SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

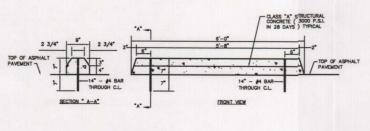


SAW TOOTH CURB

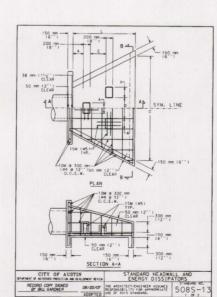


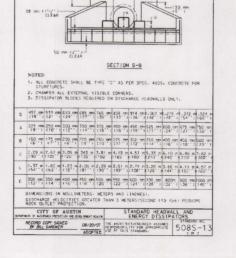
TYPICAL VAN HANDICAPPED **PARKING**

HANDICAPPED SIGN DETAIL NTS



WHEEL STOP DETAIL





PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556 THIS DOCUMENT IS
RELEASED FOR THE
PURPOSE OF INTERIM
REVIEW UNDER THE
AUTHORITY OF JEFFREY D
MOELLER, PE. 88588 ON
March 9, 2009. IT IS NOT
TO BE USED FOR
PERMITTING, BIDDING, OR
CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

410 N. SEGUIN ST NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS, 78130

www.HMTNB.com

DETAILS SITE

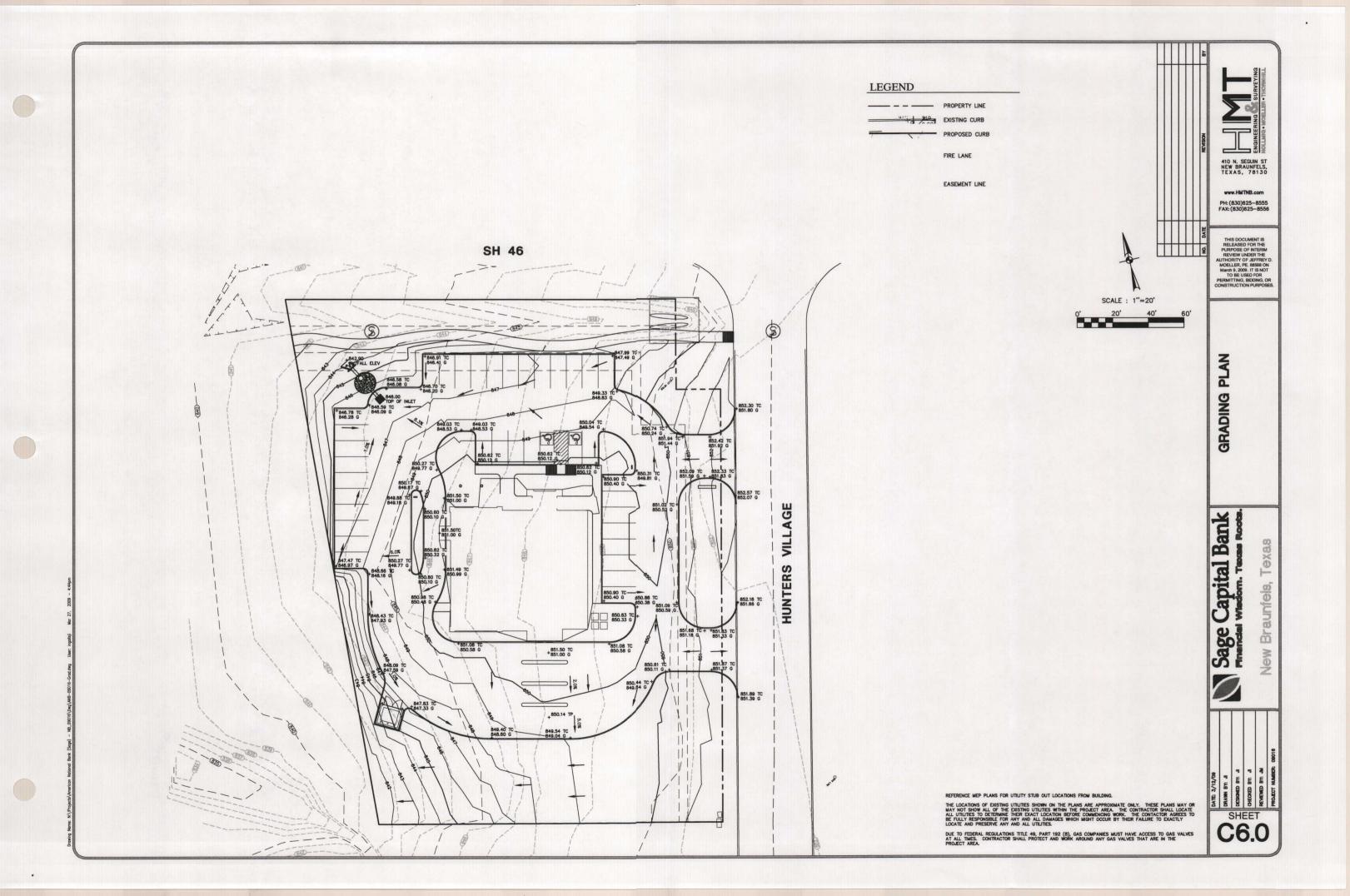
Bank Capital Sage

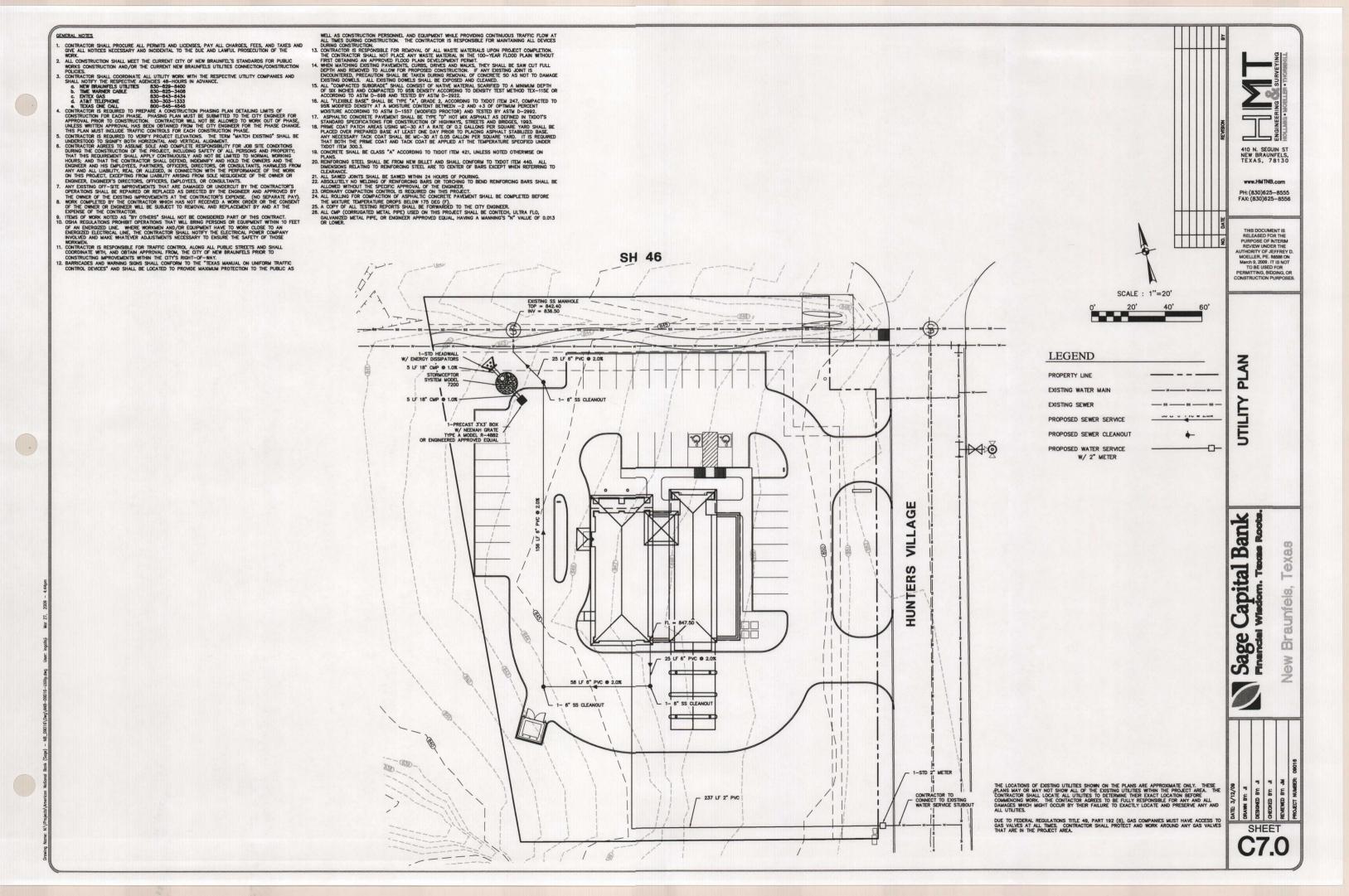
Texps

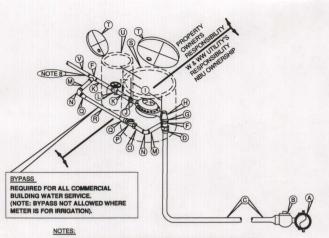
SHEET C5.0

YELLOW REFLECTIVE TRAFFIC PAINT. SEE SPECIFICATIONS. 3" 8" OF PARKING SPACE AREA = 2.74 sf.HANDICAPPED STALL INTERNATIONAL HANDICAPPED MARKING DETAL SYMBOL

HANDICAPPED SYMBOL DETAIL N.T.S







 SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE COPPER TUBE SIZE. IT SHALL BE ANNEALED SEAMLESS TYPE "K" COPPER TUBING MEETING THE CURRENT ASTM B88 STANDARD WITH NO SWEAT OR SOLDERED JOINTS.

- 2. SERVICE SADDLE SHALL BE WRAPPED COMPLETELY WITH 8 MIL POLYETHYLENE FILM
- 3. TOP OF BOXES SHOULD BE 1" ABOVE GROUND OR FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT SURFACE.
- 4. IF TWO METERS ARE INSTALLED WITH A SINGLE SERVICE LINE, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE BOXES WITH PIPING AS SHOWN FROM A TEE. THE COMMON SERVICE LINE TO THE TEE SHALL BE 2" FOR TWO 1-1/2" METERS, OR 4" DUCTILE IRON PIPE FOR TWO 2" METERS. CUT OFF VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO TEE.
- PIPING AND TUBING IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE BEDDED IN GRANULAR MATERIALS AS REQUIRED BY SPECIFICATIONS; BACKFILL ABOVE GRANULAR BEDDING AS REQUIRED BY SPECIFICATIONS.
- BOX CONSISTENTLY SPACED BEHIND CURB WITH A MAXIMUM OF 12" AND/OR SIDEWALK (6" FROM PROPERTY LINE) AND OUT OF VEHICULAR TRAFFIC AREA.
- 7. ANGLE STOP PLACED A MAXIMUM OF 4" FROM BACK OF BOX THAT FACES CURB
- FOR ALL IRRIGATION OR COMMERCIAL: DUAL CHECK BACKFLOW DEVICE PER BACKFLOW PREVENTION POLICY.

APPROVED DRAWN BY:	DRAWN BY: H Shedrock APPROVED BY:				ON DETAIL FOR 1-1/2" & 2" IOWING OPTIONAL BYPASS
IEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES TER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING		UPDATED: 4-22-03	NT.8.	1 OF 2	DRAWING NO.

MBU

MATERIALS LIST

SERVICE CLAMP FOR CONNECTION

D. COUPLING: SERVICE PIPE TO MALE I.P.T. (COMPRESSION FITTING)

H. ANGLE METER STOP, FEMALE I.P. THREAD INLET X FLANGE OUTLET.

I. WATER METER LENGTH WITH GASKETS.

J. FLANGE, BRASS: FEMALE I.P. THREAD.

P. CURB STOP, BRASS, FEMALE I.P. THREAD BOTH ENDS WITH LOCK NUTS.

S. ROUND OR RECTANGULAR METER BOX -EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS #2 METER BOX, NBU# 89004000003.

Q. COUPLINGS, BRASS, SERVICE PIPE TO MALE THREAD.

U. CUSTOMERS CUT-OFF VALVE BOX MAY BE 12" PIECE SDR 26, 6" PVC

V. METAL PIPE, 4' MINIMUM LENGTH.

L. CUSTOMER'S CUT OFF VALVE.

N. 90 DEGREE ELBOWS, BRASS.

C. SERVICE PIPE.

F. TEES, BRASS,

G. CLOSE-NIPPLE BRASS.

K. NIPPLES, BRASS.

M. NIPPLES, BRASS.

REQUIRED ON ALL PLASTIC AND ASBESTOS-CEMENT PIPE AND ALL IRON PIPE 12" AND SMALLER. B. CORPORATION STOP - SERVICE PIPE OUTLET.

> STANDARD INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR 1-1/2" & 2" METER INSTALLATION SHOWING OPTIONAL BYPASS
> POATED: 4-22-03 SCALE: SPEET: 1 OF 2 OWNWING NO. 203

METER SIZE 1-1/2"

1-1/2"

1-1/2" 1-1/2"

1-1/2"

1-1/2"

1-1/2"

13-1/2"

1-1/2"

1-1/2" x 8"

1-1/2"

1" x 5"

1" x 3"

1-1/2"x1-1/2"x1"

2"

2"

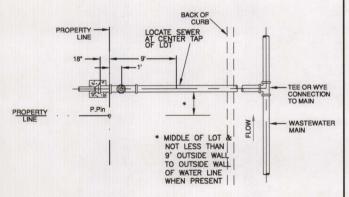
2"x2"x1"

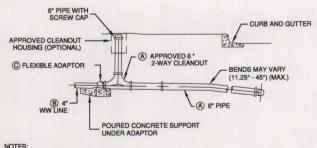
17-3/4"

2" x 8"

1" x 5"

1" x 3"





MBU

(B) BUILDING INSPECTION DEPARTMENT SHALL INSPECT CUSTOMER'S WASTEWATER LINE, EXCEPT CONNECTION AT TAP.

SINGLE WASTEWATER SERVICE

4-28-03 SCALE: SHEET: DRAWING NO.

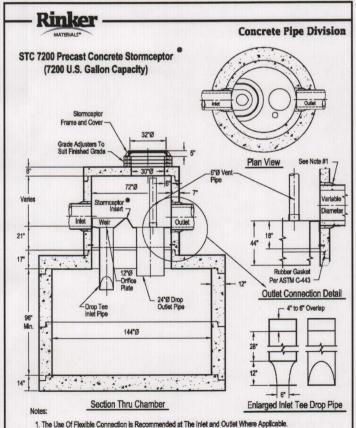
CONNECTION DETAIL

- (C) OUTSIDE CITY, NBU SEWER DEPARTMENT SHALL INSPECT CONNECTION AT TAP.
- (A) TO BE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED DURING SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION.

NOTES:

- 1. UTILITY CONTRACTOR, DURING SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLS WASTEWATER CONNECTION TO MAIN, 6" STUB WITH 6" SERVICE BRANCH WITH 2-WAY CLEANOUT AND RISER FOR CLEANOUTS (CAPPED) AND PLUIGS FOR 2-WAY CLEANOUTS AT PROPERTY LINE EIND. ALI WASTEWATER PIPING SHALL HAVE ELASTOMERIC GASKET TYPE JOHNS AND SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD TO MAIN 2%, 1/4" PER FOOT, MINIMUM TO 45 MAXIMUM. DEPTH OF SERVICE STUF AT PROPERTY LINE WILL BE SHOWN ON PLANS BY EMIGNEER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE IF GREATER THAN 4", OTHERWISE, THE INSTALLED DEPTH WILL TYPICALLY BE 4" TO 6". IF WASTEWATER SERVICE LINE TO MAIN REQUIRES DEFLECTION EXCEEDING 45 REFER TO DETAIL DRAWING SOT. ALL INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION SHOWN ON APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS AND WILL BE INSPECTED BY NEW BRAINFELS UTILITIES (RIBU) CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION PERSONNEL. NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (NBU) CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION PERSONNE
- 2 CUSTOMERS REMOVE PLUGS FROM 2-WAY CLEANOUT, AT PROPERTY LINE, INSTALL MINIMUM OUS IOMER'S REMOVE PLUSE FROM 2-WAY CLEAROUT, AT PROPERTY LINE, INSTALL MINIMAN IS' LENGTH OF 6" PIPE, INSTALL &" WASTEWATER LINES (EXTEND 4" PIPE 6" MINIMAIM INTO 6" PIPE AND JOINT WITH FLEXIBLE ADAPTOR) AND CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE SUPPORT BLOCK UNDER THE FLEXIBLE ADAPTOR BLOCK SHALL HAVE MINIMAIM DIMENSIONS OF 6" THICK AND 9" WIDE AND EXTEND A MINIMAIM OF 6" BEYOND ETHER END OF ADAPTOR. IF WASTEWATER WILL NOT SATISFACTORILY FLOW BY GRAVITY TO SEWER MAIN ADJACENT TO PROPERTY, PLUMP EQUIPMENT MUST BE PROVIDED BY THE CUSTOMER AS PART OF CUSTOMER'S WASTEWATER SYSTEM.
- 3. CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PIPING SYSTEM UNTIL WASTEWATER IS CONNECT! MISSING OR DAMAGED PARTS SHALL BE REINSTALLED BY CUSTOMER WHO SHALL GLARANTEE, FOR A PERIOD OF ONE (5 YEAR FROM DATE OF ACCEPTANCE, THAT CONNECTIONS TO NBU SYSTEMS ARE FREE FROM DEFECTS IN WORKMANSHIP OR IN CUSTOMER ALBO HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO ASSURE THAT 2-WAY CLEANOUTS RECLEAR OF SIDEWALKS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS.
- 4. NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (NBU) ACTIVITY IS LIMITED TO INSPECTION OF CONNECTIONS TO NBU'S WASTEWATER SYSTEM. FOR MAINTENANCE PURPOSES, NBU'S RESPONSIBILITY ENDS AT THE CUSTOMER'S WASTEWATER CONNECTION TO THE 2-WAY CLEANOUT.
- PIPING IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY AND IN EASEMENT AREA SHALL BE BEDDED IN GRANULAR MATERIALS AS REQUIRED BY NBU STANDARD SPECIFICATION; MATERIALS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED; BACKFILL ABOVE THE GRANULAR BEDDING. SERVICE LINES IN THESE AREAS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COVER BELOW FINAL STREET GRADE OF 42°; ANY EXCEPTION MUST BE SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

MAU	DRAWN BY: H Shadrock APPROVED BY:	STANDARD DRAWIN	Œ.	SINGLE WASTEN	
NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES WATER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING		UPDATED: 4-28-03	SCALE:	SHEET:	DRAWING NO.



2. The Cover Should be Positioned Over The Outlet Drop Pipe and The Vent Pipe.

The Stormceptor System is protected by one or more of the following U.S. Patents: #4985148, #5498331, #5725760, #5753115, #5849181, #6068765, #6371690.
 Contact a Hydro Conduit representative for further details not listed on this drawing.

410 N. SEGUIN ST NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS, 78130

www.HMTNB.com

PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556

RELEASED FOR THE PURPOSE OF INTERIM REVIEW UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF JEFFREY D MOELLER, PE. 88588 ON March 9, 2009. IT IS NOT TO BE USED FOR PERMITTING, BIDDING, OR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

ETAIL UTILITY

Bank

Capital Sage 6X68

m

SHEET C8.0

Agent Authorization Form

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

Joseph M. Rankin, I
Print Name
President + CEO
Title - Owner/President/Other
of American National Bank
Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
have authorized Jeff Moeller, P.E.
Print Name of Agent/Engineer
of Hollmig Moeller Thornhill, Inc (HMT Engineering & Surveying)
Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For applicants who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.

TCEQ-0599 (Rev.10/01/04) Page 1 of 2

preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.

3-9-09

Applicant's Signature

THE STATE OF Texas §

County of Sonzales §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared T.M.Rankin Tiknown to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 9+ day of March 2009

NOTARY PUBLIC

Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

BARBARA MILLER MOTARY PUBLIC

A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person

My Commission Expires 08-26-2011

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Application Fee Form

NAME OF CUSTOMER: American National Bank CONTACT PERSON: Joseph M. Rankin (Please Print) Customer Reference Number (if issued): CN Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued): RN Austin Regional Office (3373)	State Highway 46 PHONE: (nine) Travis Williamson	(830) 672-8585 e digits) e digits) Kinney
Application fees must be paid by check, certified check, c Environmental Quality. Your canceled check will serve your fee payment. This payment is being submitted to (0)	as your receipt. This form I	Texas Commission or must be submitted with
☐ Austin Regional Office	⊠ San Antonio Regional Of	fice
Mailed to TCEQ: TCEQ – Cashier Revenues Section Mail Code 214 P.O. Box 13088 Austin, TX 78711-3088 Site Location (Check All That Apply): ⊠ Recharge Zor	Overnight Delivery to TC TCEQ - Cashier 12100 Park 35 Circle Building A, 3rd Floor Austin, TX 78753 512/239-0347 Contributing Zone	EQ : ☐ Transition Zone
Type of Plan	Size	Fee Due
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone Plan: One Single Family Residential Dwelling	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone Plan: Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	Acres	\$
Water Pollution Abatement Plan, Contributing Zone Plan: Non-residential	1.5 Acres	\$ 4,000
Sewage Collection System	L.F.	\$
Lift Stations without sewer lines	Acres	\$
Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	Tanks	\$
Piping System(s)(only)	Each	\$
Exception	Each	\$
Extension of Time	Each	\$

If you have questions on how to fill out this form or about the Edwards Aquifer protection program, please contact us at 210/490-3096 for projects located in the San Antonio Region or 512/339-2929 for projects located in the Austin Region.

Individuals are entitled to request and review their personal information that the agency gathers on its forms. They may also have any errors in their information corrected. To review such information, contact us at 512/239-3282.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Application Fee Schedule 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications
Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

PROJECT	PROJECT AREA IN ACRES	FEE
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5 5 < 10 10 < 40 40 < 100 100 < 500 ≥ 500	\$1,500 \$3,000 \$4,000 \$6,500 \$8,000 \$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional, multi-family residential, schools, and other sites where regulated activities will occur)	< 1 1 < 5 5 < 10 10 < 40 40 < 100 ≥ 100	\$3,000 \$4,000 \$5,000 \$6,500 \$8,000 \$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

PROJECT	COST PER LINEAR FOOT	MINIMUM FEE MAXIMUM FEE	
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500	

Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

PROJECT	COST PER TANK OR PIPING SYSTEM	MINIMUM FEE MAXIMUM FEE
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

Exception Requests

PROJECT	FEE
Exception Request	\$500

Extension of Time Requests

PROJECT	FEE
Extension of Time Request	\$150



TCEQ Use Only

TCEQ Core Data Form

For detailed instructions regarding completion of this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

SECTION I: General Information		
1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please	• •	*
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core D	ata Form should be submit	tted with the program application)
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted w	ith the renewal form)	Other Other
2. Attachments Describe Any Attachments:	(ex. Title V Application, Wast	e Transporter Application, etc.)
☐Yes ☐No	aanaaanaan nanaanaan ahan aa	
3. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	Follow this link to search for CN or RN numbers in	4. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)
CN	Central Registry**	RN
SECTION II: Customer Information		
5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates		
6. Customer Role (Proposed or Actual) - as it relates to the	<u>Regulated Entity</u> listed on th	is form. Please check only <u>one</u> of the following:
Qwner	Owner & Opera	
Occupational Licensee Responsible Party	☐ Voluntary Clean	up Applicant
7. General Customer Information		
New Customer U	pdate to Customer Informa	•
Change in Legal Name (Verifiable with the Texas Se		No Change**
**If "No Change" and Section I is complete, skip to	Section III – Regulated Er	ntity Information.
8. Type of Customer: Corporation	Individual	Sole Proprietorship- D.B.A
☐ City Government ☐ County Government	Federal Govern	ment State Government
Other Government General Partnership	☐ Limited Partner	ship Mother: Financial Inst.
	16.	now Customer, ontar pravious Customer
9. Customer Legal Name (If an individual, print last name	tiret av i laa lanni	low Customer, enter previous customer End Date:
AMERICAN NATIONAL	Zauk _	
(00(a N)	SACALL	EWITT DR.
10. Mailing	Mala	EWITT DE.
Address:	1190	
City CZOWZALES	State 5	ZIP 18629 ZIP+4 1440
11. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)	12. E-	Mail Address (if applicable)
40 7 1 1 1 1 1	44.5.4	40 P. M. J. (16 J. 15 J.)
13. Telephone Number	14. Extension or Code	15. Fax Number (if applicable)
18. Federal Tax ID (2 digite) 17. TX State Franchise T		NS Number of applicable) 19. TX SOS Filling Number of applicable)
1		NS Number (Fappicable) 19. TX SOS Filling Number (Fappicable)
20. Number of Employees	□ co44 bish	21. Independently Owned and Operated?
0-20 21-100 101-250 251-500	501 and higher	¥ Yes □ No
SECTION III: Regulated Entity Info	<u>rmation</u>	
22. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Re	gulated Entity" is selected	below this form should be accompanied by a permit application)
New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated E	ntity Name	to Regulated Entity Information No Change** (See below)
™If "NO CHANGE" is checke	d and Section I is complete, sk	ip to Section IV, Preparer Information.
23. Regulated Entity Name (name of the site where the re	gulated action is taking place)
SAGE CAPITOL BAN	IK	

TCEQ-10400 (09/07) Page 1 of 2

of the Regulated		009 W.	STATE 14	wy fe	<u> </u>			
Entity: (No P.O. Boxes)	City	Noul Pres	UNFEZ State	78	ZIP	78/32	ZIP+4	382.7
25. Mailing	0.0,		6 1940		Ba-11			
\ddress:	City	GUNTAL	ES State	TX	ZIP	78629	ZIP+4	1440
6. E-Mail Address:								
7. Telephone Num	ber		28. Extension	n or Code	29	Fax Number (if applicat	ole)	
830 KG7Z 8	1582	2		32. Primary N	AICS	90 67Z 5Z2	ondary NAIC	S Code
0. Primary SIC Co	de (4 digit	s) 31. Secondar	y SIC Code (4 digits)	(5 or 6 digits)	, . 1	(5 or 6 digi		J 000G
602	<u> </u>		0 101	ラ び		0		
4. What is the Prin	ary Bus	siness of this entit	/? (Please do not rep		ICS de	escription.)		
9 - 7	•	لـ حدا	ープジナイムノ					
						e instructions for appl	***************************************	·
5. Description to	5	ME 15 CO	SATED IN T	HE SW	CO	rner of t	HE	
Physical Location:	124	TERSELTION	I OF SHA	6 AND	HLU	VTERS VILLA	GE. NE	8. TX.
6. Nearest City	***************************************		County			State	Nearest	ŽIP Code
NEW BRA	UNF	FELS	COMA	1		TX	781	32
7. Latitude (N) In	Decima	d: 29.	1200	38. Longitu	ide (V	/) In Decimal:	98.161	93
<u>၂၈၈</u>	Minute		Seconds	Degrees	***************************************	Minutes	Sec	onds
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				he Core Data Form I	instructi	at will be affected by the upditions for additional guidance. Industrial Hazardous Was		this form or the cipal Solid Waste
New Source Review		printing					\$	
	v – Air	OSSF	Petroleur	m Storage Tank		PWS	Slude	je
Stormwater	w – Air	☐ OSSF	Petroleur Tires	n Storage Tank		PWS Used Oil	Siudę	
tage a		10000	Tires	n Storage Tank				ties
Stormwater		☐ Title V – Air	Tires			Used Oil	□ Unii	ties
Stormwater Voluntary Cleanu	ıp	☐ Title V – Air ☐ Waste Water	☐ Tires			Used Oil	□ Unii	ties
Stormwater Voluntary Cleanu ECTION IV:	ıp	☐ Title V – Air ☐ Waste Water arer Informa	☐ Tires ☐ Wastev	vater Agriculture		Used Oil Water Rights	Utili	ties ·
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Stormwater Voluntary Cleans ECTION IV: D. Name: Z. Telephone Numl	Prep	☐ Title V – Air ☐ Waste Water arer Informa	☐ Tires ☐ Wastev	vater Agriculture	Title:	Used Oil Water Rights AUTHORU ail Address	Utili	fies
Stormwater Voluntary Cleanu ECTION IV: Name: Telephone Numl	Prep	☐ Title V – Air ☐ Waste Water arer Informa Magnitude 43. Ext./Code	tion 44. Fax Numbe (830) 625	vater Agriculture 41.	Title:	Used Oil Water Rights AUTHORI ail Address FM CHM7	Othe	ties ·
Stormwater Voluntary Cleanu ECTION IV: Name: Telephone Numb SO) 625 B ECTION V: By my signature d that I have signature d that I have signature d.	Prepoer S55 Auth e below uture au	Title V - Air Waste Water arer Informa 43. Ext./Code 17 orized Signate, I certify, to the bethority to submit to	Wastev tion 44. Fax Number (640) 625 ure est of my knowledghis form on behalf of	41. 45. 45. 45. 47. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48	Title:	Used Oil Water Rights AUTHORU ail Address	Othe	66W7 242,23.
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Stormwater Voluntary Cleant ECTION IV: 0. Name: 2. Telephone Number ECTION V: i. By my signature dithat I have signated that I ha	Preport Auth e below ture au mbers i Form is	Title V - Air Waste Water arer Informa Mael Ai 43. Ext./Code 17 orized Signat I certify, to the bethority to submit to dentified in field instructions for medical National Nati	Wastev tion 44. Fax Number (640) 625 ure est of my knowledge his form on behalf of the second o	41. 45. 45. 45. 45. 46. 47. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48. 48	Title: 5. E-M Jen Jen Jen Jen Jen Jen Jen Je	Water Rights ACTHORI ail Address FM C HM; ion provided in this ford in Section II, Field is form.) C E O	Othe Othe	Sent 22, 23
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May 14, 2009

TCEQ-R13

APR 1.4 2009

SAN ANTONIO

Mr. John Mauser Field Operations Division, Region 13 (San Antonio) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, TX 78233-4480 MAY 2 1 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

RE: Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

This letter is in response to the fax received 05/12/09 TCEQ as it pertains to the Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application. The comments received are in italics and our responses are in bold.

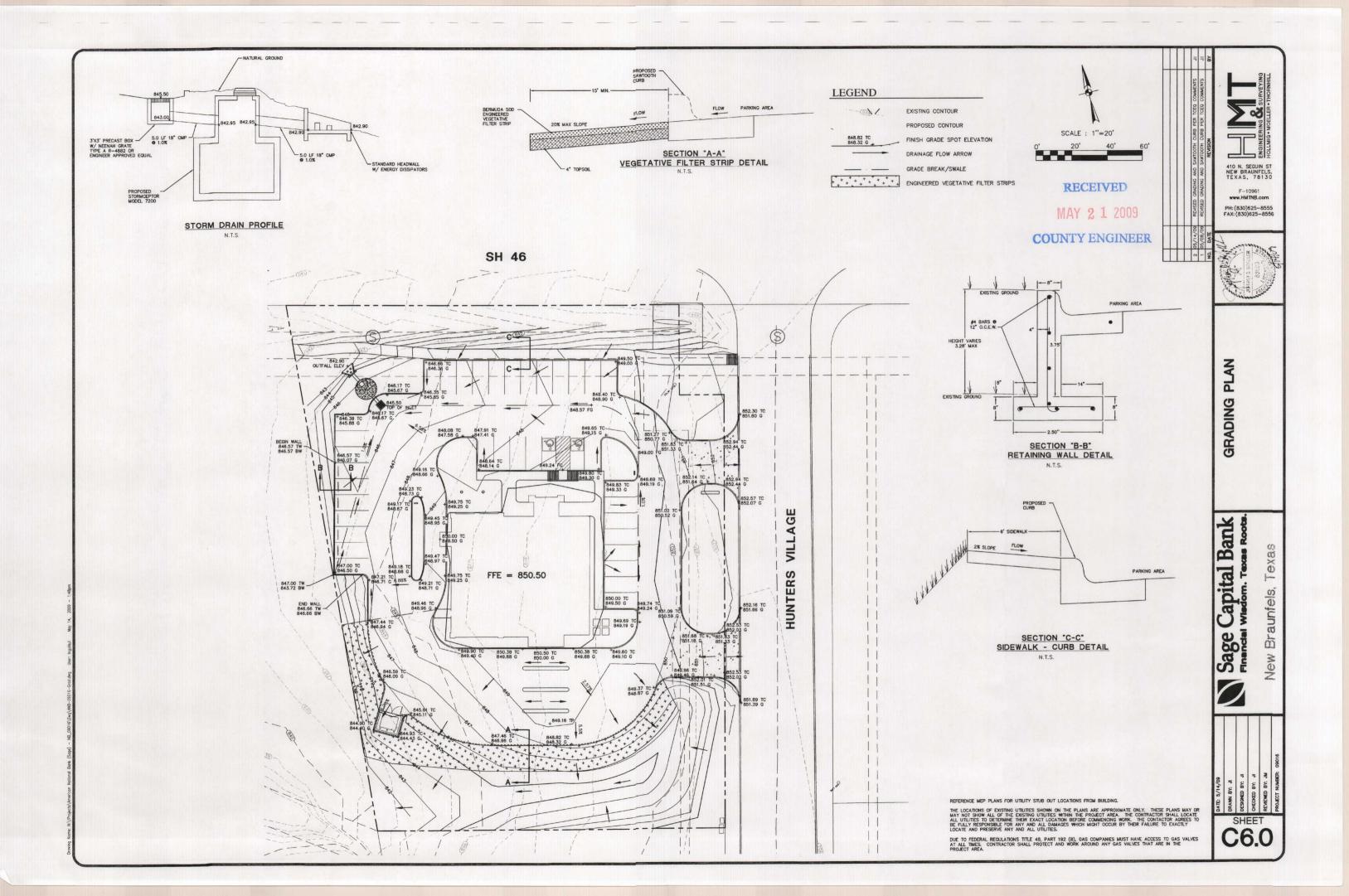
1. Question 10A – Watershed A1 – The site plan indicates that stormwater runoff from the impervious cover of the sidewalk and driveway aprons is not directed to the proposed BMP. The calculations provided do not account for this un-captured and un-treated impervious cover. Revise calculations and BMPs as necessary for treatment of stormwater runoff from drainage area A1.

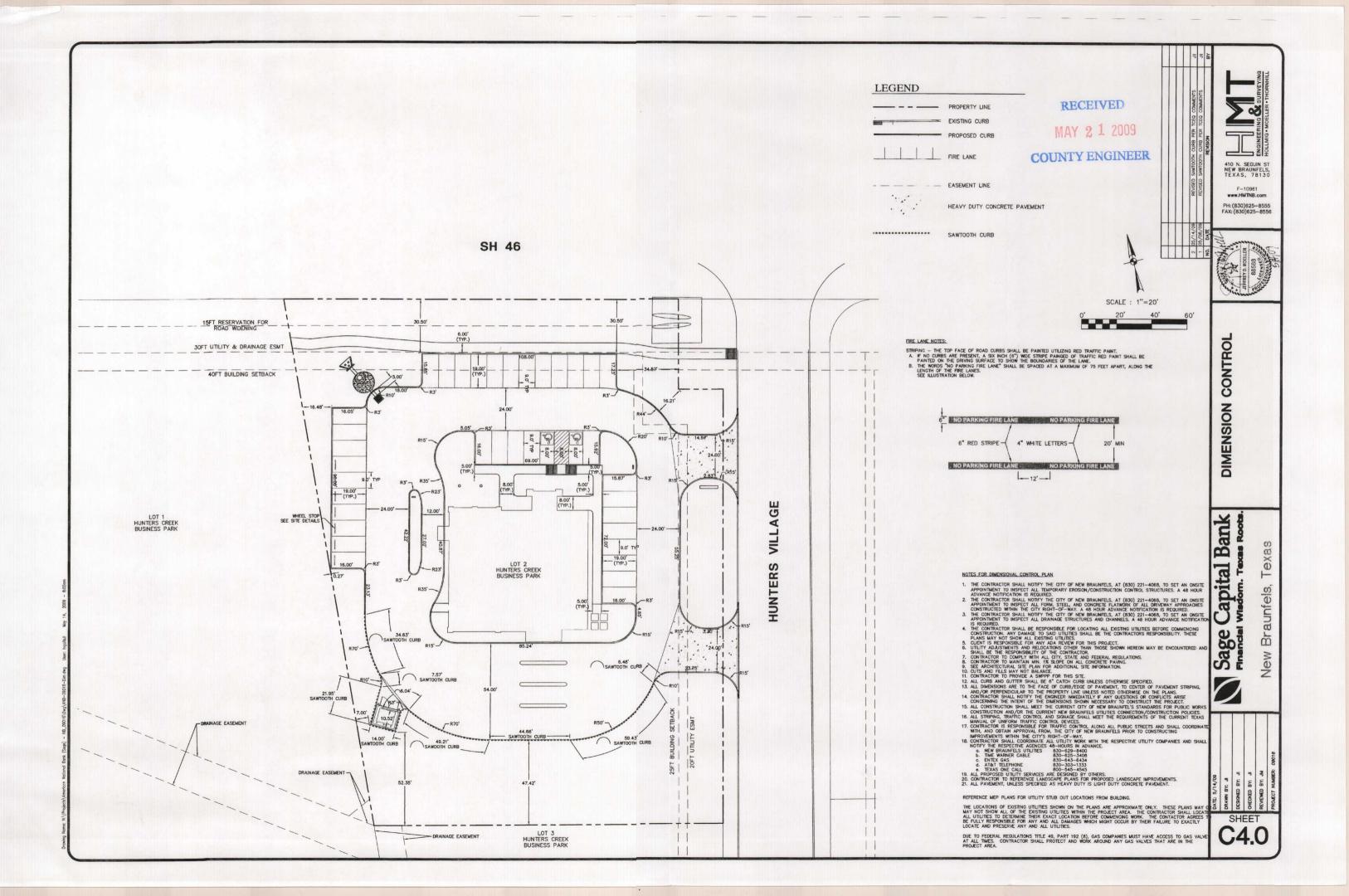
The calculations for the BMPs have been revised to include the un-captured impervious areas due to the sidewalk and north driveway. The south driveway impervious area was accounted for in the WPAP done for the Hunters Creek Business Park.

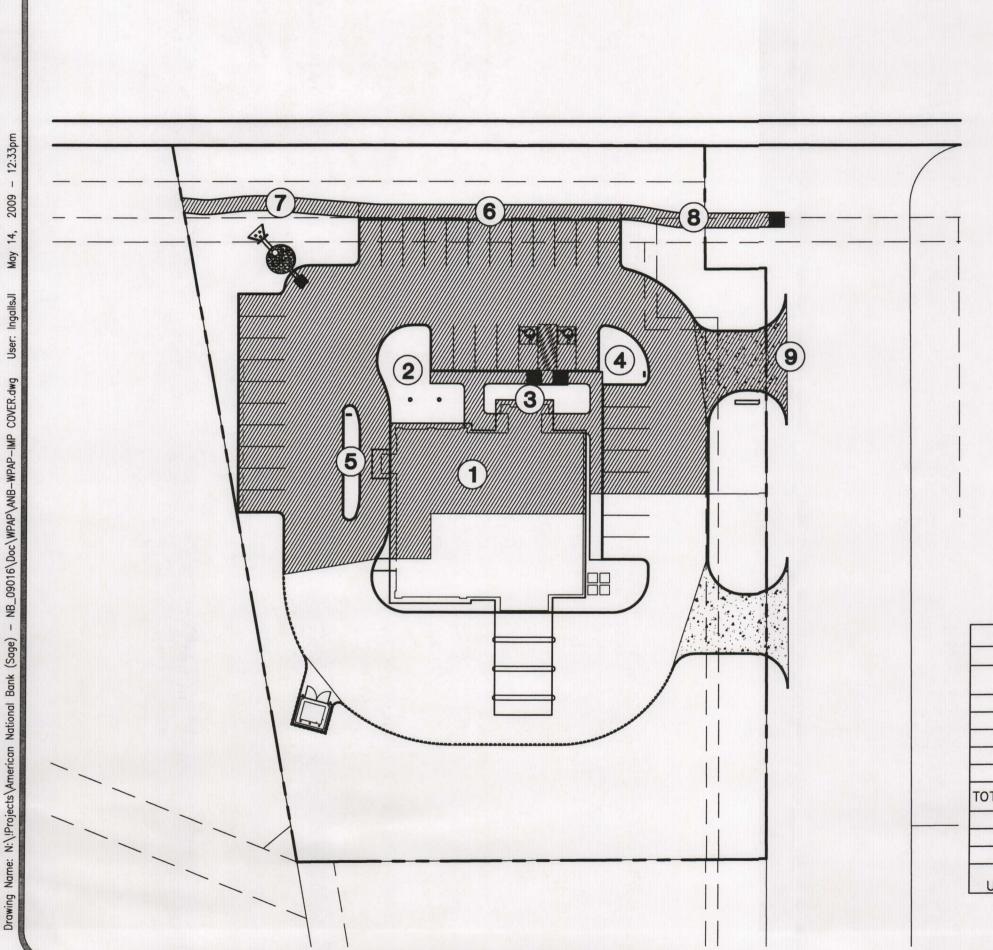
2. Question 10B – Watershed A2 – Part 1 – The proposed vegetative filter strip is described as a natural strip which is 15ft wide. RG-348 (2005), Section 3.4.6, Page 3-55 lists a natural vegetative filter strip as being 50 feet wide in the direction of flow, and an engineered vegetated filter strip as 15 feet wide in the direction of flow, and the top edge should be level. It appears that the northwestern quarter of drainage area A2 is directed to the western boundary of the site to a curb, and then directed to the south along the curb across a narrow strip of the vegetated filter, instead of sheet-flowing across the vegetated filter. Based on the plan sheet, the proposed 849 contour directs stormwater flow from the northeastern portion of drainage area A2 to a narrow strip of the vegetated filter, instead of sheet-flowing across the vegetated filter. Revise the vegetated filter strip as necessary to conform to the intended design criteria for treatment of stormwater runoff from drainage area A2.

The saw tooth curb and grading of the site within drainage area A2 has been revised to adhere to the design constraints of the engineered vegetative filter strips. The

EAF		mpensation W		15/08): Use addition	nal sheets for additional c	atchment areas.			
		Table I				RECEIVED			
	Effective Area	Stormcept	or Surface		sheets for additional BMF				
	(ac)	Model	Area (ft²)	$A_1 = Impervious$		MAY 2 1 2009			
	EA < 0.08	450i	12.57	$A_p = Pervious ($		COLDIEN ENGINEER			
	0.08 < EA < 0.16	900, 1200, 1		A = Total Area P = Avg. Annua		COUNTY ENGINEER			
	0.16 < EA < 0.29	2400, 360			n impervious cover (new	IC _existing IC)			
	$0.29 \le EA \le 0.46$	4800, 600		$-\frac{A_N - \text{increase in}}{\text{TSS}} = L_M - 27.$		ic - existing ic)			
	0.46 < EA < 0.66	7200	113.10	155 EM 27.	ZXANAI				
	0.66 < EA < 0.92	11,000, 13,0		List only the un	captured area being comp	pensated for in the BMP.			
	$0.92 \le EA \le 1.32$	16,000	226.19			can be divided up between			
				multiple BMPs					
	BMP Catchment Area				Untreated Areas (for com				
	A ₁₁ =	0.50		A ₁₂ =	0.0				
*	A _{P1} =	0.05		A _{P2} =		23			
	A ₁ =	0.55		A ₂ =	0.2				
	A _{N1} =	0.50		A _{N2} =		026			
_	L _{MI} =	448.		L _{M2} =		3.3			
		1.5		the BMP); Use addi	tional sheets as necessary	<i>'</i> ·-			
	Effective Area (EA) = $EA = (0.9 \text{ x} \underline{\qquad} 0.50$			0.45	: A				
1	EA - (0.5 X	_) + (0.03 X	0.00	0.43	ZA .				
•	STC Model (from Tab	le 1 to start)	7200 : Surfa	ace area (SA) of mo	del (Table 1) 113.10	ft ²			
	Required TSS Remova			,	(
	$L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x} $ 0.50	A _{NI} x	33 P" = 4	448.8#TSS					
	Overflow Rate								
2	$V_{or} = (EA \times 1.1 in/hr)$								
	$V_{or} = (0.45)$		13.10 = 0.004						
						percent efficiency (round			
٠, ١	the overflow rate to the larger overflow value). Enter rounded overflow value:								
3	$V_{or} = 0.004377 f/s$								
	BMP % = 83	% / 100 =	0.83	BMP Eff.					
	Maximum TSS Remov								
	$L_{R1} = (BMP Eff x P) x [(A_{H} x 34.6) + (A_{P1} x 0.54)]$								
4	$L_{R1} = (0.83 \text{ x} 33)^{*} \text{ x} [(0.50 \text{ x} 34.6) + (0.05 \text{ x} 0.54)] = 474.6 \text{ #TSS}$								
*									
	TSS Load Credit (L_C) to be counted towards untreated areas = $L_{R1} - L_{M1}$ $L_C = ($ 474.6 #TSS - 448.8 #TSS) = 25.8 #TSS								
	$L_{\rm C} = (_{\rm -} 4/4.6)$	#TSS -	448.8	#TSS) =	25.8	#TSS			
5	Required TSS Remova	l for Uncaptur	ed Area $L_{M2} = 27$.2 x <u>0.026</u> A	$_{N2} \times _{33}$ " = 23.	.3#TSS			
-	Is Sufficient Treatment	Available?							
	If $L_C \ge L_{M2}$; Model size is adequate.								
_				er model size or rede	efine the catchment areas	. Repeat steps 1 - 6.			
6		$\triangleright \geq$ pick)							
- 1		an water over the							
	Final Model Size:	7200	1						
	TSS Treatment by BM								
7	L_{M1} (step 1) + L_{M2} (step			471.2					
	448.8 #TS		.3 #TSS =	471.2	#TSS				
	TSS Treatment Summa				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
ļ	Catchment Area	STC	Total Drainage	Impervious	Calculated TSS	TSS Treatment by BMP			
8		Model	Area (ac)	Cover (ac)	Removal (lb/yr) (L _M)	(lb/yr) (Step 7)			
	BMP Catchment	7200	0.55	0.50	448.8 23.3	471.2			
ļ	Uncaptured/Untreated · Total		0.256	0.026					
	· 10(a)		0.806	0.526	471.2	471.2			







- NB_09016\Doc\WPAP\ANB-WPAP-IMP COVER.dwg

Drawing Name: N:\!Projects\American National Bank (Sage)



MAY 2 1 2009

COUNTY ENGINEER

RECEIVED

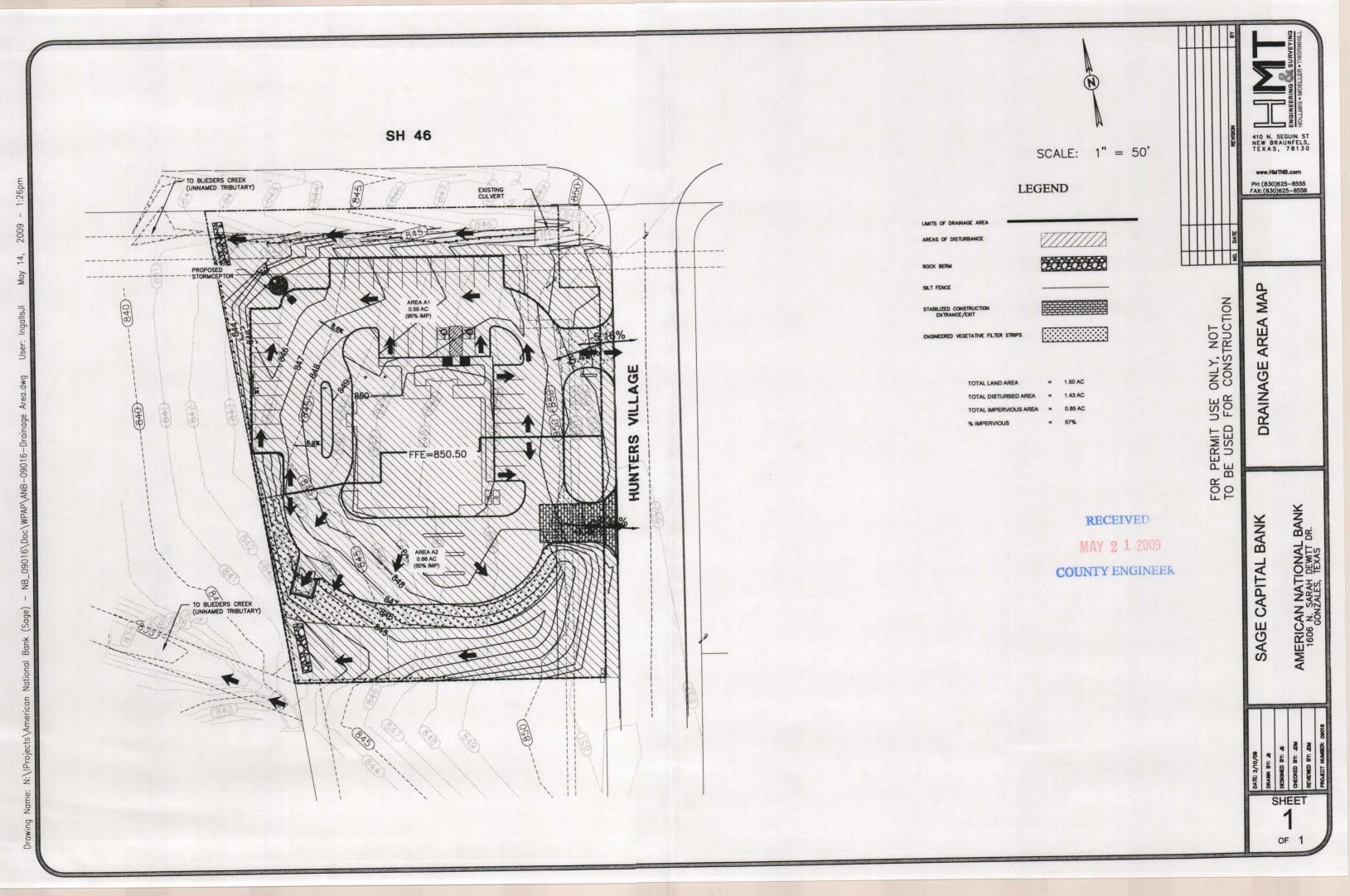
STORMCEPTER IMPERVIOUS AREA							
AREA ID	DESCRIPTION	AREA (sf)	AREA (ac)				
1	OUTER PARKING AREA	23,294					
2	PERVIOUS AREA	988					
3	PERVIOUS AREA	400					
4	PERVIOUS AREA	399					
5	PERVIOUS AREA	288					
6	SIDEWALK	662					
TOTAL CAPTURED		21,881	0.50				
7	SIDEWALK	441					
8	SIDEWALK	394					
9	DRIVEWAY	313					
TOTAL UNCAPTURED		1148	0.0260				

F-10961

IMPERVIOUS COVER EXHIBIT

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

SHEET



Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Water Pollution Abatement Plan

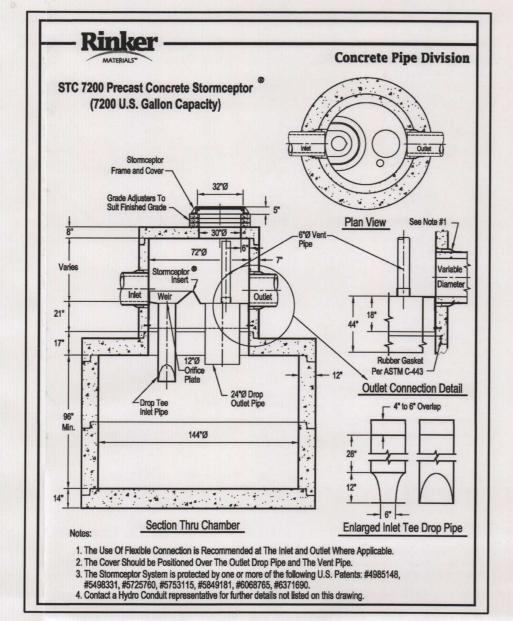
- Written construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEQ regional office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Information must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor and the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.
- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water
- 4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications and good engineering practices. Controls specified in the temporary storm water section of the approved Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan are required during construction. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are revegetated and the areas have become permanently stabilized.
- 6. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 7. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake must be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
- 9. All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on—site with proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.
- 10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur; the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- A. any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution

Austin Regional Office San Antonio Regional Office 2800 S. IH 35, Suite 100 14250 Judson Road Austin, Texas 78704-5712 San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 Phone (512) 339-2929 Phone (210) 490-3096 Fax (512) 339-3795 Fax (210) 545-4329

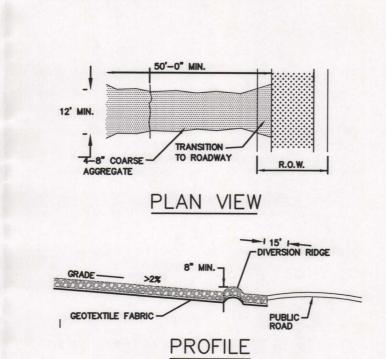
SOIL STABILIZATION NOTE

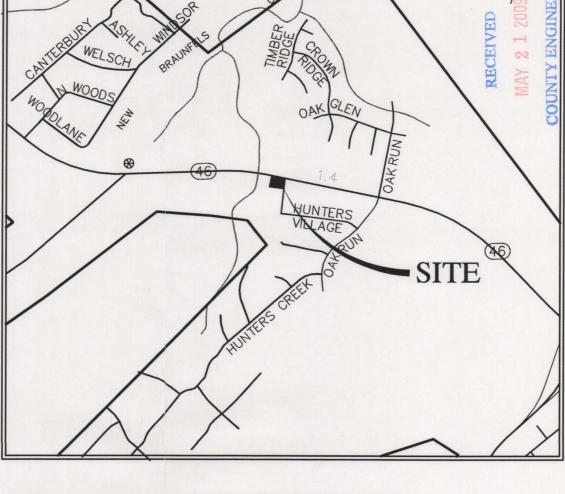
ALL DISTURBED SOILS SHOULD BE SEEDED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED WITH 14 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING OR WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR MORE THAN 21 DAYS.



- NATURAL GROUND

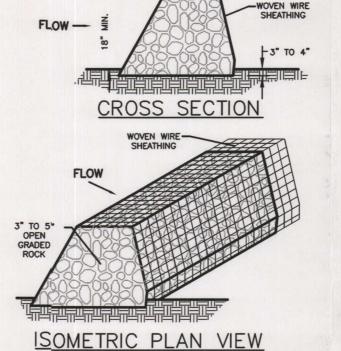
EAF	PP STORMCEPTOR Cor	npensation Work	sheet (Rev. 7/15	(08): Use addition	nal sheets for additional ca	tchment areas.
		Table 1				
	Effective Area Stormceptor Sur				sheets for additional BMPs	S.
	(ac) Model Area (ft²) EA < 0.08 450i 12.57			A ₁ = Impervious Cover		
				A _P = Pervious (A = Total Area		
	0.08 < EA < 0.16	900, 1200, 1800		P = Avg. Annu		
	0.16 < EA < 0.29	2400, 3600	50.27		n impervious cover (new 1	C - existing IC)
	0.29 < EA < 0.46	4800, 6000	78.54	$TSS = L_M = 27$		e wisting rej
	0.46 < EA < 0.66	7200	113.10	100 DM 27		
	0.66 < EA < 0.92	11,000, 13,000		List only the ur	captured area being comp	ensated for in the BMP.
	$0.92 < EA \le 1.32$	16,000	226.19	TSS compensa	tion for uncaptured areas c	an be divided up between
				multiple BMP		
	BMP Catchment Area	1		Uncaptured /	Untreated Areas (for com	pensation in BMP)
	A ₁₁ =	0.50		A ₁₂ =	0.0	
*	A _{P1} =	0.05		A _{P2} =	0.2	
	A ₁ =	0.55		A ₂ =	0.2	
	A _{NI} =	0.50		A _{N2} =	0.0	
	L _{M1} =	448.8		L _{M2} =	23	
				ne BMP); Use add	itional sheets as necessary	
	Effective Area (EA) = $(EA) = (0.9 \times 0.50)$	$0.9 \times A_{11}$) + (0.0)	05 X Ap1)	0.45	EA	
2	BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1) / 113 2); If the overflow larger overflow	$P'' = \frac{44}{4}$ $P'' = \frac{44}{10}$ $10 = 0.0043$ ow rate is between	en two percent eff	iciencies, use the smaller palue:	percent efficiency (round
3	$\begin{array}{c} L_{M1} = 27.2 \ x & 0.50 \\ \hline \text{Overflow Rate} \\ V_{or} = (\text{EA x 1.1 in/hr}) \\ V_{or} = (0.45 \\ \hline \text{BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the} \\ V_{or} = 0.004377 \\ \hline \text{BMP } \% = 83 \\ \hline \text{Maximum TSS Remov} \\ L_{R1} = (\text{BMP Eff x P}) \ x \\ L_{R1} = (0.83 \ x \\ \hline \end{array}$	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1) / 113 2); If the overflow f/s %/100 = 0 al of BMP: L _{R1} [(A _{I1} x 34.6) + (A 33 ") x [be counted tow	pre 44 rea (SA) $10 = 0.004$ row rate is between value). Enter row $10 = 0.004$	377 f/s en two percent effunded overflow vi MP Eff. 4.6) ÷ (0.05 reas = L _{R1} - L _{M1}	_x 0.54)] =474.6	#TSS
3	$\begin{array}{l} L_{M1} = 27.2 \ x & 0.50 \\ \hline \text{Overflow Rate} \\ V_{or} = (\text{EA x 1.1 in/hr}) \\ V_{or} = (0.45 \\ \hline \text{BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the} \\ V_{or} = 0.004377 \\ \hline \text{BMP }\% = 83 \\ \hline \text{Maximum TSS Remov.} \\ L_{R1} = (\text{BMP Eff x P}) \ x \\ L_{R1} = (0.83 \ x \\ \hline \text{TSS Load Credit (Lc) to L_{C}} = (474.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1) / 113 2); If the overflow f/s % / 100 = 0 al of BMP: L _{R1} [(A _{I1} x 34.6) + (A 33 ") x [be counted tow #TSS -	p" = 44 area (SA) 10 = 0.0043 bw rate is between value). Enter room 1,83 B Apr x 0.54) 1 (0.50 x 3 ards untreated a 448.8	B77 f/s en two percent effunded overflow vi MP Eff. 4.6) + (0.05 reas = L _{R1} - L _{M1} #TSS) =	_x 0.54)] =474.6 25.8	#TSS
3	$\begin{array}{c} L_{M1} = 27.2 \ x & 0.50 \\ \hline \text{Overflow Rate} \\ V_{or} = (\text{EA x 1.1 in/hr}) \\ V_{or} = (0.45 \\ \hline \text{BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the} \\ V_{or} = 0.004377 \\ \hline \text{BMP } \% = 83 \\ \hline \text{Maximum TSS Remov} \\ L_{R1} = (\text{BMP Eff x P}) \ x \\ L_{R1} = (0.83 \ x \\ \hline \end{array}$	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1) / 113 2); If the overflow f/s % / 100 = 0 al of BMP: L _{R1} [(A _{I1} x 34.6) + (A 33 ") x [be counted tow #TSS -	p" = 44 area (SA) 10 = 0.0043 bw rate is between value). Enter room 1,83 B Apr x 0.54) 1 (0.50 x 3 ards untreated a 448.8	B77 f/s en two percent effunded overflow vi MP Eff. 4.6) + (0.05 reas = L _{R1} - L _{M1} #TSS) =	_x 0.54)] =474.6 25.8	#TSS
3	$\begin{array}{c} L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x} & 0.50 \\ \text{Overflow Rate} \\ V_{or} = (\text{EA x I.1 in/hr}) \\ V_{or} = (0.45 \\ \text{BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the } \\ V_{or} = 0.004377 \\ \text{BMP } \% = 83 \\ \text{Maximum TSS Remove} \\ L_{R1} = (\text{BMP Eff x P}) \text{ x} \\ L_{R1} = (0.83 \text{ x} \text{ x} \text{ TSS Load Credit (L_C) true } \\ \text{L_C} = (474.6 \\ \text{Required TSS Removal} \\ \text{Is Sufficient Treatment If } L_{C} \geq L_{M2}; \text{ Model siz } \\ \text{If } L_{C} \leq L_{M2}; \text{ Model siz } \\ 25.8 L_{C}(<$	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1 / 113 2); If the overflot larger overflow f/s % / 100 = 0 al of BMP: L _{R1} ((A ₁₁ x 34.6) + (A ₃₃ ") x [b be counted tow #TSS – for Uncaptured Available? the is inadequate. the is inadequate. the is pick)	p" = 44 rea (SA) $10 = 0.004$ ow rate is between value). Enter row 1.83 B Ap1 x 0.54)] $(0.50$ x 3 ards untreated a 448.8 Area $L_{M2} = 27.2$ Choose a larger	877 f/s en two percent effunded overflow vis MP Eff. 4.6) + (0.05 reas = L _{R1} - L _{M1} #TSS) =	_x 0.54)] =474.6 25.8	#TSS#TSS#TSS
3 4	$\begin{array}{c} L_{M1} = 27.2 \text{ x} & 0.50 \\ \text{Overflow Rate} \\ V_{or} = (\text{EA x I.I in/hr}) \\ V_{or} = (0.45 \\ \text{BMP Efficiency (Table the overflow rate to the } \\ V_{or} = 0.004377 \\ \text{BMP } \% = 83 \\ \text{Maximum TSS Remove} \\ L_{R1} = (\text{BMP Eff x P}) \text{ x} \\ L_{R1} = (0.83 \text{ x} \text{ x} \text{ TSS Load Credit (Lc) to } \\ L_{C} = (474.6 \\ \text{Required TSS Remove} \\ \text{Is Sufficient Treatment} \\ \text{If } L_{C} \geq L_{M2}; \text{ Model siz} \\ L_{C} \leq L_{M2}; \text{ Model siz} \\ 25.8 \text{ Lc} (< \text{Final Model Size} \\ \end{array}$	A _{N1} x 33 Model surface a x 1.1 / 113 2); If the overflot larger overflow f/s % / 100 = 0 al of BMP: L _{R1} ((A ₁₁ x 34.6) + (A ₃₃ ") x [b be counted tow #TSS – for Uncaptured Available? the is adequate. the is inadequate. the is inadequate. The counter of the counter o	p" = 44 rea (SA) $10 = 0.004$ ow rate is between value). Enter row 1.83 B Ap1 x 0.54)] $(0.50$ x 3 ards untreated a 448.8 Area $L_{M2} = 27.2$ Choose a larger	877 f/s en two percent effunded overflow visual eff. MP Eff. 4.6) \div (0.05 reas = $L_{R1} - L_{M1}$ #TSS) = $L_{R1} - L_{M1}$ #TSS) = $L_{R1} - L_{M1}$	alue:	#TSS#TSS#TSS
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LOCATION MAP

TOTAL LAND AREA TOTAL DISTURBED AREA 1.43 AC TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA = % IMPERVIOUS



(1) The berm structure should be secured with a woven wire sheathing having maximum opening of 11 inch and a minimum wire diameter of 20 gauge galvanized and should be secured with shoat rings.

(2) Clean, open graded 3 - 5 inch diameter rock should be used, except in areas where high velocities or large volumes of flow are expected, where 5 - 8 inch diameters rocks may be used.

(1) Lay out the woven wire sheathing perpendicular to the flow line. the sheathing should be 20 gauge woven wire mesh with 1 inch

(2) Berm should have a top width of 2 feet with side slopes being 2:1 (h:v) or flatter

(3) Place the rock along the sheathing as shown in the diagram, to a height of not less than 18 inches.

wire so that the ends of the sheathing overlaps at least 2 inches, and the berm retains its shape when walked upon (5) Berm should be built along the contour at zero percent grade

(4) Wrap the wire sheathing around the rock and secure with tie

or as near as possible. (6) The ends of the berm should be tied into existing upslope grade and the berm should be buried in a trench approximately 3 to 4 inches deep to prevent failure of the control.

Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines: (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by contractor. (2) Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6" and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will

(3) Repair any loose wire sheathing.

not cause any additional siltation.

(4) The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection. (5) The berm should be replaced when structure ceases to

function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc. (6) The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas

are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

SILT FENCE

(1) Silt fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or nonwoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 oz/yd, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.

- WOVEN WIRE SUPPORT

-POLYPROPYLENE, POLYFTHYLENE OR POLYAMIDE

(2) Fence posts should be made of hot rolled steel, at least 4 feet long with Tee or Ybar cross section, surface painted or galvanized, minimum nominal weight 1.25 lb/ft2, and Brindell hardness exceeding 140.

(3) Woven wire backing to support the fabric should be galvanized 2" x 4" welded wire, 12 gauge minimum.

(1) Steel posts, which support the silt fence, should be installed on a slight angle toward the anticipated runoff source. Post must be embedded a minimum of 1— foot deep and spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Where water concentrates, the maximum spacing should

(2) Lay out fencing down—slope of disturbed area, following the contour as closely as possible. The fence should be sited so that the maximum drainage area is 1/4 acre/100 feet of fence.

(3) The toe of the silt fence should be trenched in with a spade or mechanical trencher, so that the down-slope face of the trench is flat and perpendic ular to the line of flow. Where fence cannot be trenched in (e.g., pavement or rock outcrop), weight fabric flap with 3 inches of pea gravel on uphill side to prevent flow from seeping

(4) The trench must be a minimum of 6 inches deep and 6 inches wide to allow for the silt fence fabric to be laid in the ground and backfilled with compacted material.

(5) Silt fence should be securely fastened to each steel support post or to woven wire, which is in turn attached to the steel fence post. There should be a 3-foot overlap, securely fastened where ends of fabric

(6) Silt fence should be removed when the site is completely stabilized so as not to block or impede storm flow or drainage.

Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines: (1) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.

(2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.

(3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to (4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular

protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points. (5) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal

410 N. SEGUIN ST NEW BRAUNFELS,

TEXAS, 78130

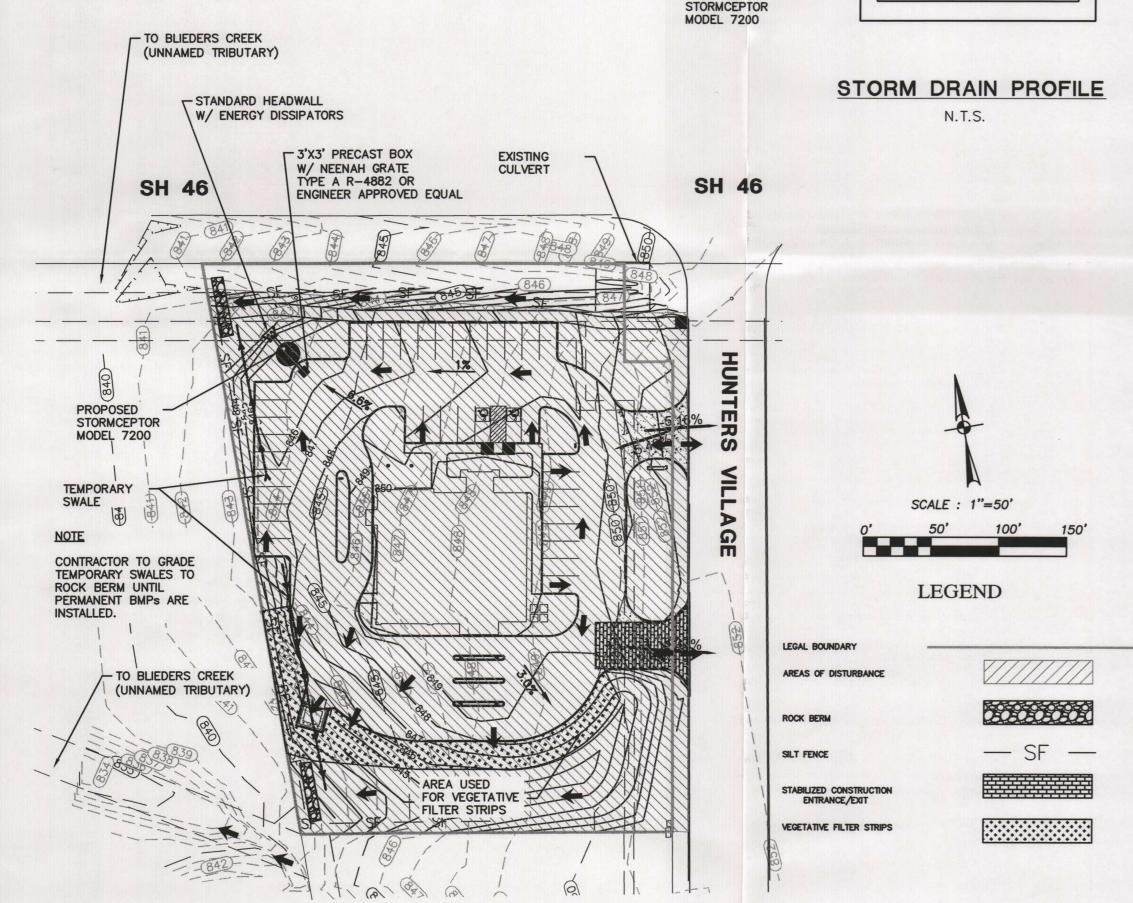
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FAX: (830)625-8556

O zig

SHEET



3'X3' PRECAST BOX -

W/ NEENAH GRATE

TYPE A R-4882 OR ENGINEER APPROVED EQUAL

HYDRAULIC MULCH

-STANDARD HEADWALL

W/ ENERGY DISSIPATORS

5.0 LF 18" CMP

Hydraulic Mulches: Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydraulic matrices. Wood fiber applied alone is typically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre. Wood fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from lumber mills or from urban sources.

Hydraulic Matrices: Hydraulic matrices include a mixture of wood fiber and acrylic polymer or other tackifier as binder. Apply as a liquid slurry using a hydraulic application machine (i.e., hydro seeder) at the following minimum rates, or as specified by the manufacturer to achieve complete coverage of the target area: 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre wood fiber mulch, and 5 to 10% (by weight) of tackifier (acrylic copolymer, guar, psyllium, etc.)

Bonded Fiber Matrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically Installation applied system of fibers and adhesives that upon drying forms an erosion resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 lb/acre to 4,000 lb/acre based on the manufacturer's recommendation. A biodegradable BFM is composed of materials that are 100% biodegradable. The binder in the BFM should also be biodegradable and should not dissolve or disperse upon re-wetting. Typically, biodegradable BFMs should not be applied immediately before, during or immediately after rainfall if the soil is saturated. Depending on the product, BFMs typically require 12 to 24 hours to dry and become effective.

(1) Prior to application, roughen embankment and fill areas by olling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track Track walking shall only be used where other methods are

(2) To be effective, hydraulic matrices require 24 hours to dry before rainfall occurs.

(3) Avoid mulch over spray onto roads, sidewalks, drainage channels, existing vegetation, etc. Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

(1) Mulched areas should be inspected weekly and after each rain event to locate and repair any damage. (2) Areas damaged by storms or normal construction activities should be regraded and hydraulic mulch reapplied as soon as

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE / EXIT

(1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.

(2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8

(3) The geotextile fabric should be designed specifically for use as a soil filtration media with an approximate weight of 6 oz/yd2, a mullen burst rating of 140 lb/in2, and an equivalent opening size greater than a

(4) If a washing facility is required, a level area with a minimum of 4 inch diameter washed stone or commercial rack should be included in the plans. Divert wastewater to a sediment trap or basin.

(1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown foundation for positive drainage.

(2) The minimum width of the entrance/exit should be 12 feet or the full width of exit roadway, whichever is greater.

(3) The construction entrance should be at least 50 feet long. (4) If the slope toward the road exceeds 2%, construct a ridge, 6 to 8 inches high with 3:1 (H:V) side slopes, across the foundation approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the

(5) Place geotextile fabric and grade foundation to improve stability, especially where wet conditions are anticipated.

(6) Place stone to dimensions and grade shown on plans. Leave surface smooth and slope for drainage. (7) Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to a sediment trap or basin.

(8) Install pipe under pad as needed to maintain proper public road

Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines: (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or lowing of sediment onto public rights—of—way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.

(2) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor. (3) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior

to entrance onto public right-of-way. (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or

(5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.





May 8, 2009

Mr. John Mauser Field Operations Division, Region 13 (San Antonio) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, TX 78233-4480



This letter is in response to the fax received 05/05/09 TCEQ as it pertains to the Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application. The comments received are in italics and our responses are in bold.

1. Form TCEQ-0585-Question 7 – Identify the project location on the site geologic map.

The Site Geologic Maps have been updated to show the project location.

2. Form TCEQ-0584-Question 13 – Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

Attachment B of the Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Section describing the volume and character of stormwater has been revised to include runoff coefficients for pre- and post-construction.

3. Form TCEQ-0584-Question 17 – Confirm that the WPAP Boundary labeled on the plan sheet is the legal boundary of the site.

The WPAP Boundary labeled on plan sheet is the legal boundary of the site, Recorded Replat documentation has been included with resubmittal.

4. Form TCEQ-0602-Question 5 – Identify when the proposed vegetated filter strip will be constructed.

Attachment C of the Temporary Stormwater Section describing the sequence of major activities has been revised to include the schedule of construction for the vegetated filter strips.



5. Form TCEQ-0602-Question 7 – The Stormwater Pollution Prevention plans sheet provided in the application indicates that more than ½ acre of disturbed are will be directed to 100 feet of silt fence. Revise as necessary to conform to RG-348, Section 1.4.3.

The WPAP site plan and Erosion Control Plans have been revised to incorporate rock berms with temporary drainage swales to intercept the stormwater runoff and direct the flow to the rock berms.

6. Form TCEQ-0602-Question 12 – Identify the location in the application of the description of documentation procedures and recordkeeping practices for inspection and maintenance of temporary BMPs.

This information is located in the last paragraph named Documentation, is located in the Temporary Stormwater Section Attachment I.

7. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 10A – Watershed A1-Provide the amount of impervious cover created by the proposed sidewalk, and by the portion of the proposed driveway apron not directed to the permanent BMP. Confirm that treatment of stormwater runoff from the sidewalk and the portion of the driveway apron are accounted for in the sizing of the proposed BMP. Revise calculations and BMPs as necessary.

The impervious area created by the proposed sidewalk and driveway have been included into the total impervious cover area. The project description, WPAP Site Plan, and Form TCEQ-0584 have been revised.

8. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 10B – Watershed A2– It is unclear if the proposed vegetative filter strip is to be natural or engineered. Please clarify and show details (width, slope, pavement/filter contact, etc.) appropriate for filter strips designed in accordance with RG-348, (2005), Section 3.4.6. If this information is included in the application, provide its location.

The proposed vegetative filter strip is to be a natural vegetative filter strip. The width of the strip is a minimum of 15ft, the maximum slope is 10%, the pavement/filter junction was designed to ensure that the runoff would travel through the strip. See detail on the Grading Plan (C6.0).

9. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 10C – Watershed A2-Review of the contours and location of the proposed vegetative filter strip indicates that approximately 1/3 of the stormwater runoff from this watershed will not receive sheet flow across the vegetative filter strip. Please provide clarification, or revise, as necessary.



The grading and saw tooth curb proposed for the site has been revised to ensure that the stormwater runoff for the entire contributing water shed is under the sheet flow condition as it enters the vegetative filter strip.

10. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 10D – Watershed A2-If the vegetated filter strip is engineered, update the areas to be disturbed on the Drainage Area Map.

The grading has been revised which caused the revision of the drainage areas. See Drainage Area Map.

11. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 10E – Watershed A2– Provide the amount of impervious cover created by the portion of the proposed driveway apron not directed to the permanent BMP. Confirm that the stormwater runoff from this driveway apron, not directed to the permanent BMP, will receive appropriate treatment.

The impervious area created by the proposed driveway has been included into the total impervious cover area. The project description, WPAP Site Plan, and Form TCEQ-0584 have been revised.

12. Form TCEQ-0600-Question 11 – Provide an inspection, maintenance and repair plan for the proposed vegetated filter strip. If this information is included I the application, provide its location.

Attachment G describing the Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan has been revised to include information regarding the vegetative filter strips.

Please accept these comments and revisions to the WPAP for the referenced project. If you need additional information or have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact myself or James Ingalls.

Sincerely,

Jeff Moeller, P.E. Attachments

WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN FOR

SAGE CAPITAL BANK

PREPARED FOR

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

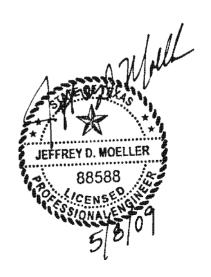
Region 13 — San Antonio 14250 Judson Road San Antonio, Texas 78233 210-490-3096 (office) 210-545-4329 (fax)

PREPARED BY



Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E. 410 N. Seguin St New Braunfels, TX 78130

> Submitted March 13, 2009 Revised March 18, 2009 March 30, 2009 May 8, 2009



Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan General Information Form
RECEIVED

MAY 1 3 2009 COUNTY ENGINEER

ATTACHMENT "C" Project Description

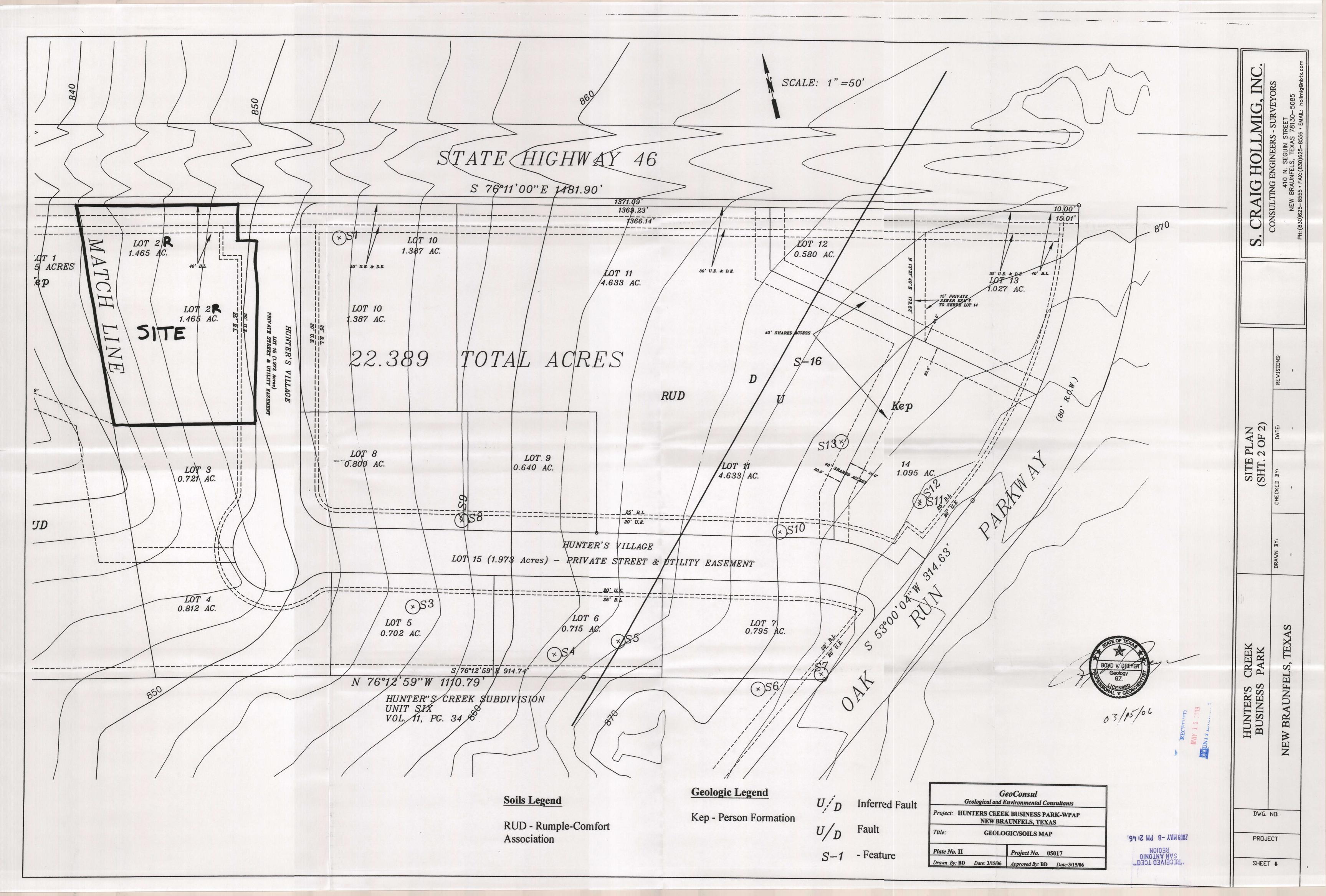
The proposed project site is located on a 1.5 acre lot located within Hunters Creek Business Park. The proposed area to be disturbed is 1.43 acres with 0.85 acres (57%) of proposed impervious cover. The lot is located within the New Braunfels city limits in the south west corner of the intersection of Hunters Village and SH 46. The site is served by New Braunfels Utilities for electric, water and wastewater. The site is currently cleared and there are no any other improvements. A geologic assessment was prepared for this area with the WPAP submittal for Hunters Creek Business Park and that WPAP was approved on June 5, 2006 under TCEQ EAPP file number 1964.01. The same geologic assessment is included with this submittal. There were no sensitive features identified within the limits of this proposed project site.

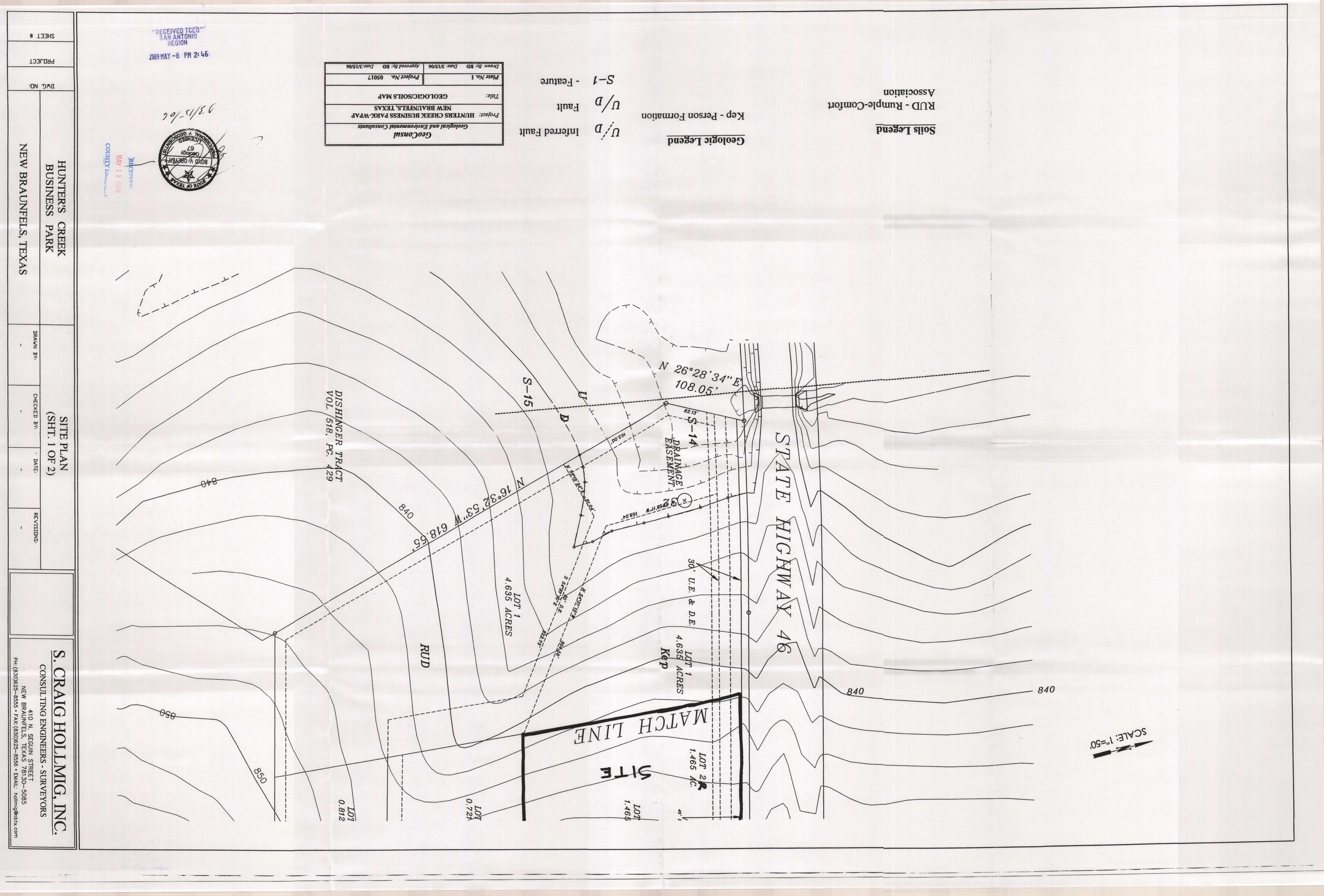
The proposed use for the project is a branch bank building with teller drive thru lanes. No other planned used are proposed for the site. The bank will have a capacity of 15 employees.

The proposed construction will include minor grading for the parking areas and building pad, small utility service lines and building infrastructure.

According to the Flood Insurance Rate Map No. 4854930005E the site is outside of the flood plain. The entire site drains to an unnamed tributary of Blieders creek. Stormwater runoff will be treated with the Stormceptor® vault system and vegetative filter strips. The Stormceptor® will treat the drainage area with a majority of the proposed impervious cover and the vegetative filter strips will treat the remainder. The two permanent BMP's (Stormceptor® and vegetative filter strips) will ensure the quality of water exiting without adversely affecting the downstream drainage patterns.

The lot lies within the boundary of Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP. The permanent stormwater abatement measures were proposed to treat the roadway (Hunters Village). The Geologic Assessment performed for the hunters Creek Business Park WPAP covered the entire commercial subdivision, including the proposed 1.5 acre lot. Therefore, an independent Geologic Assessment was not performed for this lot.





MAY 1 3 2009

Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

Sage Capital Bank

for Regulated Activities
on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone
and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

mind I	TO	2003
COUNTY	ENC	INEER

REGULATED ENTITY INFORMATION	ON						
The type of project is: Residential: # of Lots: Residential: # of Living Unit Equivalents: X Commercial Industrial Other:							
2. Total site acreage (size of pro	operty): 1.5 acre	S					
3. Projected population:	0						
4. The amount and type of impe	ervious cover expected a	after construction a	re shown below:				
Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres				
Structures/Rooftops (Residential)	7,400	÷ 43,560 =	0.17 acres				
Parking (Driveways)	28,287	÷ 43,560 =	0.65 acres				
Other paved surfaces (Streets)	1,519	÷ 43,560 =	0.03 acres				
Total Impervious Cover	37,206	÷ 43,560 =	0.85 acres				
Total Impervious Cover ÷ Total Acre	eage x 100 =		57%				
	Factors Affecting Water and groundware						
6. X Only inert materials as	defined by 30 TAC §330	.2 will be used as fil	l material.				
FOR ROAD PROJECTS ONLY Complete questions 7-12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.							
7. Type of project: TXDOT road project County road or roads built to county specifications City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality Street or road providing access to private driveways.							
8. Type of pavement or road sur Concrete Asphaltic concrete pay Other:	vement						

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REGULATED ENTITY NAME:

9.		feet. feet. acres.
10.	Length of pavement area: Width of pavement area: L x W = Ft² ÷ 43,560 Ft²/Acre = acre Pavement area acres ÷ R.O.W. area	S.
11.	A rest stop will be included in this project A rest stop will not be included in this p	
12.	Executive Director. Modifications to exi	vays that do not require approval from the TCEQ sting roadways such as widening roads/adding 2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior
STOF	PRMWATER TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROF	POSED PROJECT
13.	character (quality) of the stormwater runoff v project is provided at the end of this form. T	Stormwater. A description of the volume and which is expected to occur from the proposed the estimates of stormwater runoff quality and impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient onstruction conditions.
WAS	STEWATER TO BE GENERATED BY THE PROF	OSED PROJECT
14.	_100_% Domestic % Industrial	gallons/day gallons/day gallons/day
15.	On-Site Sewage Facility (OSŚF/Septic Tank ATTACHMENT C - Suitability Letter facility will be used to treat and dispose authority's (authorized agent) written a states that the land is suitable for the areas that are not suitable. Each lot in this project/developm in size. The system will be des	from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage of the wastewater. The appropriate licensing oproval is provided at the end of this form. It use of an on-site sewage facility or identifies ent is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) signed by a licensed professional engineer or ed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30
	connected to an existing SCS.	

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		The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to executive director approval.
		The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Gruene Rd WWTP</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is: existing proposed.
16.	<u>_X</u>	All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.
SITE F	PLAN F	REQUIREMENTS
Items	17 thro	ough 27 must be included on the Site Plan.
17.	The S	ite Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'. Site Plan Scale: 1" =50''.
18.	100-ye	ear floodplain boundaries Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain. The floodplain is shown and labeled. No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.
		00-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of al) sources(s): FEMA Panel Number 4854930005E Dated 01/05/2006
19.		The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Show lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, etc. The layout of the development is shown with existing contours. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown.
20.	All kno X	own wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.): There are _0 (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply) The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned. The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned. The wells are in use and comply with 30 TAC §238. X There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.
21.	Geolog	gic or manmade features which are on the site: All sensitive and possibly sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.
		No sensitive and possibly sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment. ATTACHMENT D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. An exception to the Geologic Assessment requirement is requested and explained in ATTACHMENT D provided at the end of this form. Geologic or manmade features were found and are shown and labeled. ATTACHMENT D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. An exception to the Geologic Assessment requirement is requested and explained in ATTACHMENT
		D provided at the end of this form. No geologic or manmade features were found.

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- 22. X The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. X Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. X Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. X Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. X Surface waters (including wetlands).
- 27. X Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features. There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

- 28. _X One (1) original and three (3) copies of the completed application have been provided.
- 29. X Any modification of this WPAP will require TCEQ executive director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN APPLICATION FORM** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The form was prepared by:

5/8/09 (Rw)

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.
Print Name of Customer/Agent

Signature of Customer/Agent

TCEQ-0584 (Rev. 10/01/04)

ATTACHMENT "A"

Factors Affecting Water Quality

The development will consist of an asphalt parking lot and a structure of approximately 7,400 square feet. This will result in minimal to no pollution from the site. Some pollution may originate from the asphalt streets, automobile wastes, and cleaning chemicals, which may have an effect on surface water by sediments leaving the site after a rainfall event.

ATTACHMENT "B"

Volume and Character of Stormwater

The development of this site will result in a minimal increase in stormwater run-off. The hydrology calculations for existing and proposed conditions are broken out in the tables below. On site detention will not be required due to the proximity of the site to Blieders Creek in accordance with regulations set forth by the City of New Braunfels.

Table 1 - Sage Capital Bank Existing Conditions Hydrology Calculations							
Area ID	Area	"C" Value	T _c	I ₁₀	I ₁₀₀	Q ₁₀	Q ₁₀₀
<u>A1</u>	0.55	0.38	20	5.44	8.51	1.14	2.22
A2	0.66	0.38	20	5.44	8.51	1.37	2.67

Table 2 - Sage Capital Bank Proposed Conditions Hydrology Calculations								
Area ID	Area	"C" Value	T _c	I ₁₀	I ₁₀₀	Q ₁₀	Q ₁₀₀	
A1	0.55	0.77	10	7.57	11.90	3.20	6.30	
A2	0.66	0.59	10	7.57	11.90	2.95	5.79	

There are 15.37 acres upstream and west of the development that drains towards SH 46 and west through the existing culverts located at the northeast corner of the site. The area is currently undeveloped, and the proposed use is commercial. The ultimate development of the area discharge 59.8 cfs through the culvert during the 100 year storm event. However, this runoff does not co-mingle with the on-site untreated stormwater. The upgradient stormwater will be contained within the existing drainage channel along SH 46. The treatment of the proposed improvements for this upgradient area will be addressed in the WPAPs submitted for those properties. Reference the Drainage Area Map of the Hunters Creek Business Park WPAP(Approved by TCEQ June 5, 2006, EAPP #1964.01) for drainage patterns for the area.

The existing drainage patterns will be altered by the proposed construction. Before any improvements the site drained from east to west. After the proposed improvements half

of the site's drainage will run to North into a drainage easement along SH 46 and the other half will discharge into a drainage easement at the southwest corner of the site.

ATTACHMENT "C"

Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent

There is no proposed OSSF.

ATTACHMENT "D"

Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment

No exception will be requested.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Water Pollution Abatement Plan

- Written construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEQ regional office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Information must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor and the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter
- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water
- 4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications and good engineering practices. Controls specified in the temporary storm water section of the approved Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan are required during construction. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are revegetated and the areas have become permanently stabilized.
- 6. If sediment escapes the construction site, off—site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 7. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake must be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
- All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on—site with proper E&S
 controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site.
- 10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur; the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- A. any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution

Fax (512) 339-3795

TO BLIEDERS CREEK (UNNAMED TRIBUTARY)

Austin Regional Office San Antonio Regional Office 14250 Judson Road Austin, Texas 78704-5712 San Antonio, Texas 78233-4480 Phone (512) 339-2929 Phone (210) 490-3096 Fax (210) 545-4329

PROPOSED

TEMPORARY

SWALE

INSTALLED.

STORMCEPTOR

MODEL 7200

CONTRACTOR TO GRADE

TEMPORARY SWALES TO

- TO BLIEDERS CREEK

(UNNAMED TRIBUTARY)

ROCK BERM UNTIL PERMANENT BMPs ARE

ALL DISTURBED SOILS SHOULD BE SEEDED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED WITH 14 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING OR WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR MORE THAN 21 DAYS.

-STANDARD HEADWALL

\ W/ ENERGY DISSIPATORS

- 3'X3' PRECAST BOX

W/ NEENAH GRATE

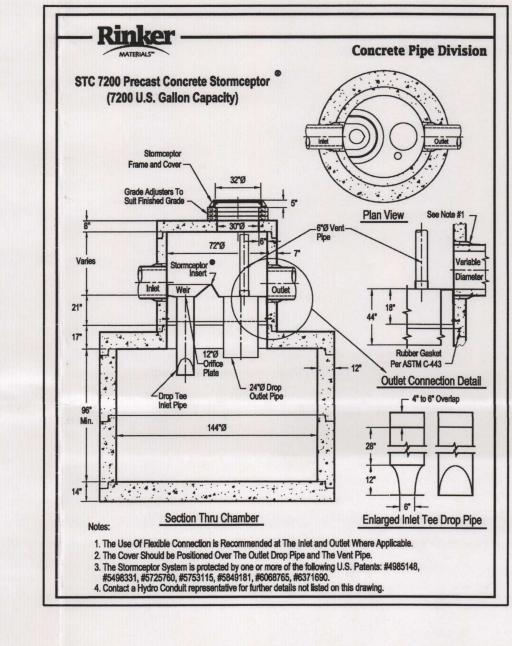
TYPE A R-4882 OR

ENGINEER APPROVED EQUAL

CULVERT

FOR VEGETATIVE

FILTER STRIPS



5.0 LF 18" CMP

1.0%

3'X3' PRECAST BOX

W/ NEENAH GRATE

TYPE A R-4882 OR

ENGINEER APPROVED EQUAL

PROPOSED

STORMCEPTOR

SH 46

MODEL 7200

- NATURAL GROUND

STORM DRAIN PROFILE

N.T.S.

SCALE: 1"=50"

LEGEND

CECE-CECE

— SF —

AREAS OF DISTURBANCE

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

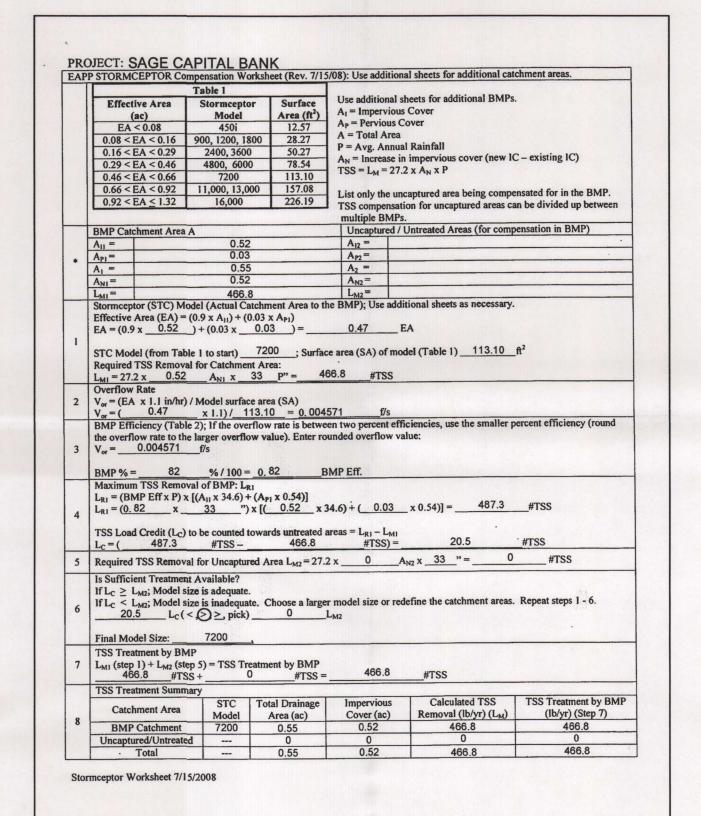
VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIPS

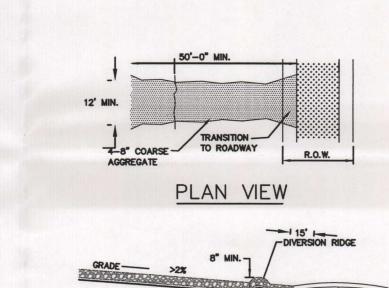
SILT FENCE

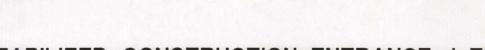
Пп

-5.0 LF 18" CMP

9 1.0%







PROFILE

Hydraulic Mulches: Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydraulic matrices. Wood fiber applied alone is typically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre. Wood fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from (2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8

Hydraulic Matrices: Hydraulic matrices include a mixture of wood fiber and acrylic polymer or other tackifier as binder. Apply as a liquid slurry using a hydraulic application machine (i.e., hydro seeder) at the following minimum rates, or as specified by the manufacturer to achieve complete coverage of the target area: 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre wood fiber mulch, and 5 to 10% (by weight) of tackifier (acrylic copolymer, guar, psyllium, etc.)

HYDRAULIC MULCH

lumber mills or from urban sources.

-STANDARD HEADWALL

W/ ENERGY DISSIPATORS

Bonded Fiber Matrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically Installat applied system of fibers and adhesives that upon drying forms an erosion resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 lb/acre to 4,000 lb/acre based on the manufacturer's recommendation. A biodegradable BFM is composed of materials that are 100% biodegradable. The binder in the BFM should also be biodegradable and should not dissolve or disperse upon re-wetting. Typically, biodegradable BFMs should not be applied immediately before, during or immediately after rainfall if the soil is saturated. Depending on the product DFMs. is saturated. Depending on the product, BFMs typically require 12 to 24 hours to dry and become effective.

(1) Prior to application, roughen embankment and fill areas by rolling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track Track walking shall only be used where other methods are

(2) To be effective, hydraulic matrices require 24 hours to dry

(3) Avoid mulch over spray onto roads, sidewalks, drainage channels, existing vegetation, etc. Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

event to locate and repair any damage. (2) Areas damaged by storms or normal construction activities should be regraded and hydraulic mulch reapplied as soon as

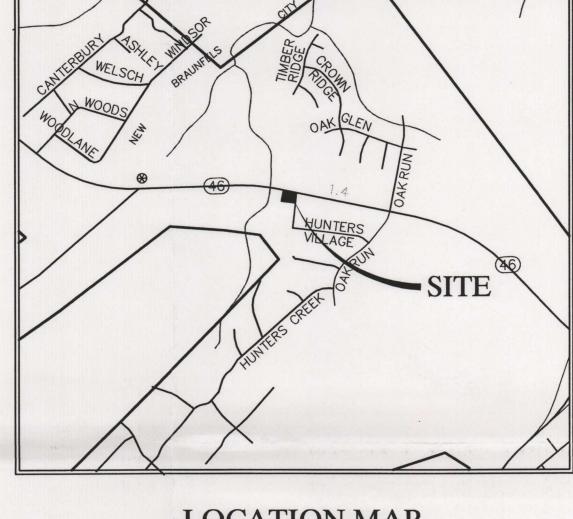
(1) Mulched areas should be inspected weekly and after each rain

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE / EXIT

- (1) The aggregate should consist of 4 to 8 inch washed stone over a stable foundation as specified in the plan.
- (3) The geotextile fabric should be designed specifically for use as a soil filtration media with an approximate weight of 6 oz/yd2, a mullen burst rating of 140 lb/in2, and an equivalent opening size greater than a
- (4) If a washing facility is required, a level area with a minimum of 4 inch diameter washed stone or commercial rack should be included in the plans. Divert wastewater to a sediment trap or basin.
- (1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown
- foundation for positive drainage. (2) The minimum width of the entrance/exit should be 12 feet or the full width of exit roadway, whichever is greater.
- (3) The construction entrance should be at least 50 feet long. (4) If the slope toward the road exceeds 2%, construct a ridge, 6 to 8 inches high with 3:1 (H:V) side slopes, across the foundation
- (5) Place geotextile fabric and grade foundation to improve stability, especially where wet conditions are anticipated.

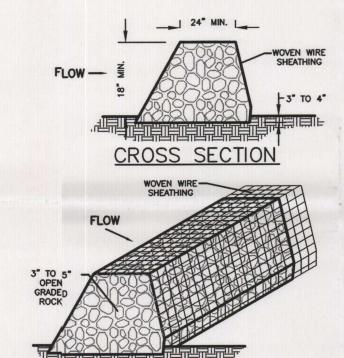
approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the

- (6) Place stone to dimensions and grade shown on plans. Leave surface smooth and slope for drainage. (7) Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to a
- (8) Install pipe under pad as needed to maintain proper public road
- (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or lowing of sediment onto public rights—of—way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- (2) All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights—of—way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- (3) When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way.
- (4) When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or (5) All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.



LOCATION MAP

TOTAL LAND AREA 1.50 AC TOTAL DISTURBED AREA 1.43 AC TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA = 0.85 AC % IMPERVIOUS



SOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

ROCK BERM

- (1) The berm structure should be secured with a woven wire sheathing having maximum opening of 11 inch and a minimum wire diameter of 20 gauge galvanized and should be secured with shoat rings.
- (2) Clean, open graded 3 5 inch diameter rock should be used, except in areas where high velocities or large volumes of flow are expected, where 5 - 8 inch diameters rocks may be used.
- (1) Lay out the woven wire sheathing perpendicular to the flow line. the sheathing should be 20 gauge woven wire mesh with 1 inch
- (2) Berm should have a top width of 2 feet with side slopes being 2:1 (h:v) or flatter
- (3) Place the rock along the sheathing as shown in the diagram, to a height of not less than 18 inches. (4) Wrap the wire sheathing around the rock and secure with tie wire so that the ends of the sheathing overlaps at least 2 inches,

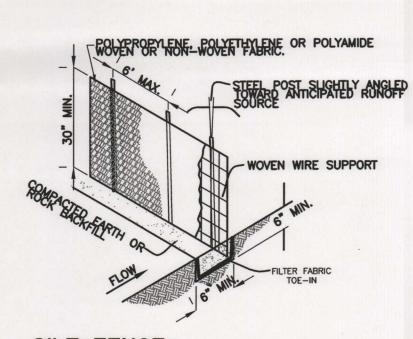
and the berm retains its shape when walked upon

- (5) Berm should be built along the contour at zero percent grade or as near as possible.
- (6) The ends of the berm should be tied into existing upslope grade and the berm should be buried in a trench approximately 3 to 4 inches deep to prevent failure of the control.
- (1) Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. repair or replacement should be made promptly as needed by contractor. (2) Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6" and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- (3) Repair any loose wire sheathing.

Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines:

- (4) The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection. (5) The berm should be replaced when structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks,
- washout, construction traffic damage, etc. (6) The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas

are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.



SILT FENCE

- (1) Silt fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or nonwoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 oz/yd, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.
- (2) Fence posts should be made of hot rolled steel, at least 4 feet long with Tee or Ybar cross section, surface painted or galvanized, minimum nominal weight 1.25 lb/ft2, and Brindell hardness exceeding 140.
- (3) Woven wire backing to support the fabric should be galvanized 2" x 4" welded wire, 12 gauge minimum.
- (1) Steel posts, which support the silt fence, should be installed on a slight angle toward the anticipated runoff source. Post must be embedded a minimum of 1— foot deep and spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Where water concentrates, the maximum spacing should
- (2) Lay out fencing down—slope of disturbed area, following the contour as closely as possible. The fence should be sited so that the maximum drainage area is 1/4 acre/100 feet of fence.
- (3) The toe of the silt fence should be trenched in with a spade or mechanical trencher, so that the down-slope face of the trench is flat and perpendic ular to the line of flow. Where fence cannot be trenched in (e.g., pavement or rock outcrop), weight fabric flap with 3 inches of pea gravel on uphill side to prevent flow from seeping
- (4) The trench must be a minimum of 6 inches deep and 6 inches wide to allow for the silt fence fabric to be laid in the ground and backfilled with compacted material.
- (5) Silt fence should be securely fastened to each steel support post or to woven wire, which is in turn attached to the steel fence post. There should be a 3-foot overlap, securely fastened where ends of fabric
- (6) Silt fence should be removed when the site is completely stabilized so as not to block or impede storm flow or drainage.
- Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines: (1) Inspect all fencing weekly, and after any rainfall.
- (2) Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches.

preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.

- (3) Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to
- (4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be
- (5) When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

410 N. SEGUIN ST NEW BRAUNFELS. TEXAS, 78130 F-10961 www.HMTNB.com PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556



UTION PLAN

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R POLLI EMENT ITE PLA BA 00

W,

SHEET

ATTACHMENT "A" Spill Response Actions

MAY 1 3 2009
COUNTY ENGINEER

Spill Prevention and Control

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (5) Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- (3) Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.

- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runoff during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean up activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMP's.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- (10) Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11) Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12) Keep waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMP's in this section for specific information.

Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill.
- (6) Recover spilled materials.
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill.
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately.
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- (5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

- (4) The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: http://www.tnrcc.state.tx.us/enforcement/emergency_response.html

Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runoff of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runoff of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

ATTACHMENT "B"

Potential Sources of Contamination

The only potential sources of contamination are construction equipment leaks, re-fueling spills, as well as potential from port-o-lets, and the total suspended solids (TSS) due to the construction activities on-site. There are no other anticipated potential sources of contamination.

ATTACHMENT "C"

Sequence of Major Activities

Stages of Construction:

- 1. Minor site grading: This includes the removal of organic material and other debris within the proposed parking and building site. Approximate total disturbed area = 1.43 acres
- 2. Grading: Cutting and filling of the proposed site to prepare the site for parking and foundation construction. Approximate total disturbed are = 1.43 acres.
- 3. Stormceptor Installation: Stormceptor structure will be installed at the northwest corner of the site, see Permanent Stormwater Section
- 4. Utility Installation: All primary utility mains have already been installed and are available at the site. Small sewer, water and electrical services will be installed at this time.
- 5. Finished Grading: Final landscaping, asphalt parking and building infrastructure are installed. Approximate total disturbed area = 1.43 acres
- 6. Natural Vegetative Filter Strip Installation Upon completion of the pavement areas and final grading, the natural vegetative filter strips are installed, see Permanent Stormwater Section.

ATTACHMENT "D"

Temporary BMP's and Measures

The following sequence will be followed for installing temporary BMP's:

- 1. Silt fence will be constructed on the downgradient side of proposed site.
- 2. A stabilized construction exit will be installed prior to any site work.
- 3. A rock berm will be installed in the northwest corner of the site, downstream of the existing culvert.

A. The existing roadway along the east property line intercepts upgradient stormwater directs it to an existing sand filtration pond. A stabilized construction exit will be constructed at the entrance of the site on Hunters Village, this will reduce the amount of contaminants leaving the site.

B. Silt fence will be placed on the downgradient side of each proposed improvement to contain pollutants generated from onsite runoff. Soil disturbance will be limited to a minimal distance outside the proposed pavement and building pad. Disturbed areas will be seeded to replace destroyed vegetation. The existing vegetation located downgradient of each proposed

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

improvement will work in conjunction with the silt fence, rock berms, and stabilized construction entrance to prevent pollution of water originating onsite and/or flowing offsite.

C. The proposed silt fences, rock berm, and stabilized construction entrances constructed upgradient of the existing streams will prevent pollutants from entering them as well as the aquifer. According to the Geologic Assessment, there are no sensitive features with the project boundary.

D. There were no sensitive features identified in the Geologic Assessment.

ATTACHMENT "E"

Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

There will be no request to temporarily seal a feature.

ATTACHMENT "F"

Structural Practices

Rock berms and silt fence will be used to protect disturbed soils and to prevent contamination from leaving the project site.

ATTACHMENT "G"

Drainage Area Map

See Drainage Area Map at the end of this section.

ATTACHMENT "H"

Temporary Sediment Pond Plans and Calculations

There will not be more than 10 acres of disturbed soil in one common drainage area that will occur at one time. Silt fence will be used for small drainage areas. No sediment ponds will be constructed due to the minimal amount of soil disturbance.

ATTACHMENT "I"

Inspection and Maintenance for BMP's

Inspection and Maintenance Plan

The contractor is required to inspect the control and fences at weekly intervals and after any rainfall events to insure that they are functioning properly. The person(s) responsible for maintenance controls and fences shall immediately make any necessary repairs to damaged areas.

<u>Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit:</u> The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor. When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way. When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin. All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

<u>Silt Fence</u>: Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

Rock Berms: For installation in streambeds, additional daily inspections shall be made. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation. Repair any loose wire sheathing. The berm shall be reshaped as needed during inspection. The berm shall be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc. The rock berm shall be left in place until all upstream areas are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

TCEQ staff will be allowed full access to the property during construction of the project for inspecting controls and fences and to verify that the accepted plan is being utilized in the field. TCEQ staff has the right to speak with the contractor to verify plan changes and modifications.

<u>Documentation:</u> All scheduled inspection and maintenance measures made to the temporary BMPs must be documented clearly on the WPAP Site Plan showing inspection/maintenance measures performed, date, and person responsible for inspection and maintenance. Any changes made to the location or type of controls shown on the accepted plans, due to onsite conditions, shall be documented on the site plan that is part of this Water Pollution Abatement Plan. No other changes shall be made unless approved by TCEQ and the Design Engineer. Documentation shall clearly show changes made, date, and person responsible and reason change was made.

Owner's Information:

Owner: American National Bank
Contact: Joseph M. Rankin, III

Phone: (830) 672-8585

Address: 1606 N. Sarah Dewitt Dr.

Gonzales, Texas 78269

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Company: H

HMT Engineering & Surveying

Contact:

Jeffrey D. Moeller, P.E.

Phone:

(830) 625-8555

Address:

410 N. Seguin Street

New Braunfels, Texas 78130

Person or	Firm	Respons	ible	for	Erosion	/Sedime	ntation	Control	Maintenance :
		****	.~.		OOLO	. ~ ~ ~ ~			

Company: Contact: Phone: Address:		-	- - -	
Signature of R	esponsible Party:			

This portion of the form shall be filled out and signed by the responsible party prior to construction.

ATTACHMENT "J"

Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Areas which are disturbed by construction staging and storage areas will be hydro mulched with the appropriate seed mixture. Areas between the edge of pavement and property line will also be hydro mulched. There will be no fill slopes exceeding a 3:1 slope and all fill slopes will be hydro mulched. Installation and acceptable mixtures of hydro mulch are as follows:

Materials:

<u>Hydraulic Mulches:</u> Wood fiber mulch can be applied alone or as a component of hydraulic matrices. Wood fiber applied alone is typically applied at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre. Wood fiber mulch is manufactured from wood or wood waste from lumber mills or from urban sources.

<u>Hydraulic Matrices:</u> Hydraulic matrices include a mixture of wood fiber and acrylic polymer or other tackifier as binder. Apply as a liquid slurry using a hydraulic application machine (i.e., hydro seeder) at the following minimum rates, or as specified by the manufacturer to achieve complete coverage of the target area: 2,000 to 4,000 lb/acre wood fiber mulch, and 5 to 10% (by weight) of tackifier (acrylic copolymer, guar, psyllium, etc.)

Bonded Fiber Matrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically applied system of fibers and adhesives that upon drying forms an erosion resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 lb/acre to 4,000 lb/acre based on the manufacturer's recommendation. A biodegradable BFM is composed of materials that are 100% biodegradable. The binder in the BFM should also be biodegradable and should not dissolve or disperse upon re-wetting. Typically, biodegradable BFMs should not be applied immediately before, during or immediately after rainfall if the soil is saturated. Depending on the product, BFMs typically require 12 to 24 hours to dry and become effective.

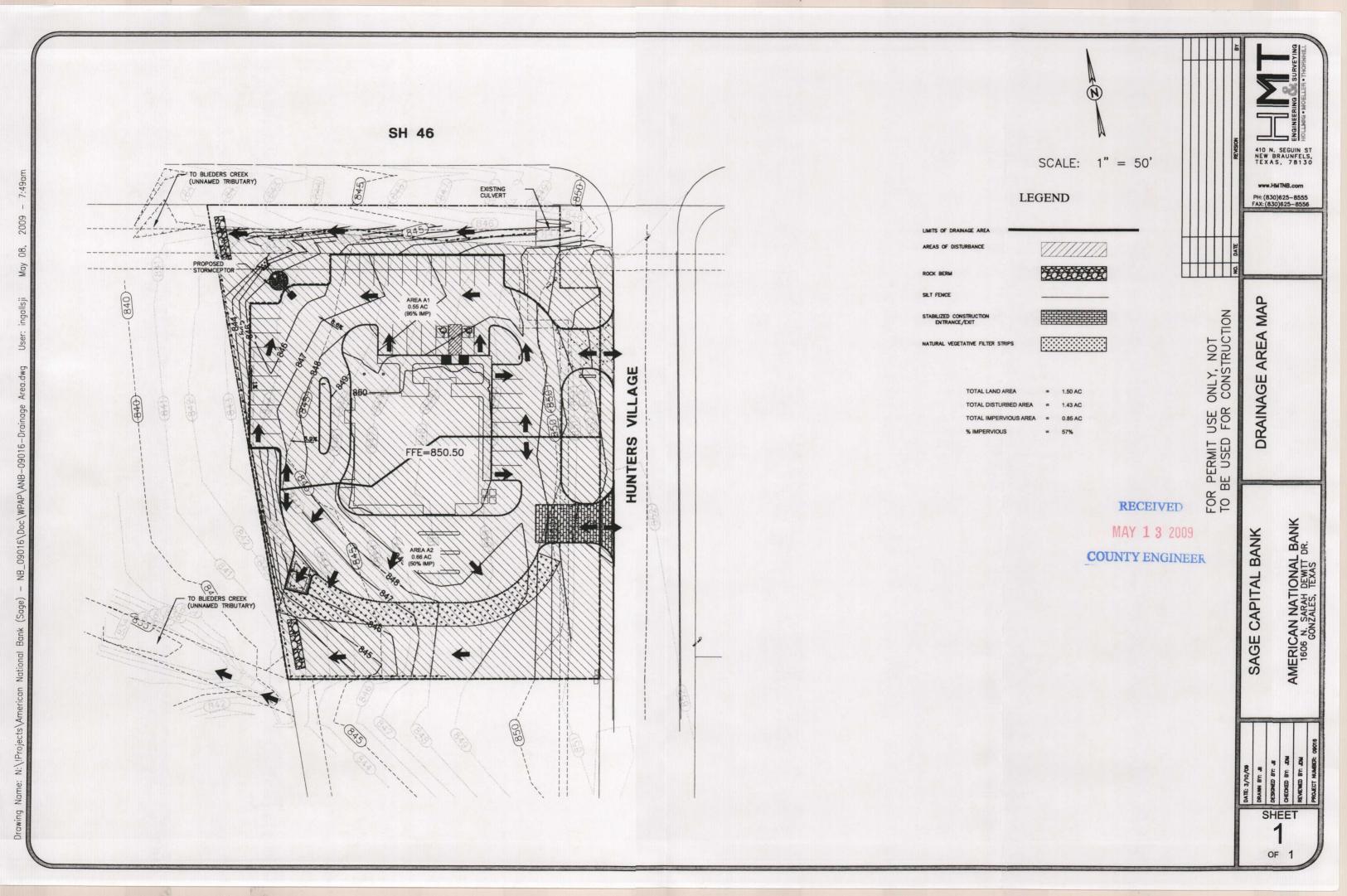
Seed Mixtures:

Dates	Climate	Species	(lb/ac.)
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30	Temporary Cool Season	Tall Fescue	4.0
		Oats	21.0
		Wheats	30.0
		Total	55.0
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30	Cool Season Legume	Hairy Vetch	8.0
May 1 to Aug. 31	Temporary Warm Season	Foxtail Millet	30.0

<u>Fertilizer</u>: Fertilizer should be applied at the rate of 40 pounds of nitrogen and 40 pounds of phosphorus per acre, which is equivalent to about 1.0 pounds of nitrogen and phosphorus per 1000 square feet.

Installation:

- (1) Prior to application, roughen embankment and fill areas by rolling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track walking. Track walking shall only be used where other methods are impractical.
- (2) To be effective, hydraulic matrices require 24 hours to dry before rainfall occurs.
- (3) Avoid mulch over spray onto roads, sidewalks, drainage channels, existing vegetation, etc.



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			Table 1		Lice addition	al sheets for additional BMI	O _c		
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		ac)	Model		$A_p = Perviou$				
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	0.08 < E	EA < 0.16	900, 1200,	1800 28.27	7 P = Avg. Annual Rainfall				
	0.16 < E	EA < 0.29	2400, 360	00 50.27			1C aviating 1C)		
	0.29 < E	EA < 0.46	4800, 60	00 78.54	A_N = Increase in impervious cover (new IC – existing IC)				
	0.46 < E	A < 0.66	7200	113.10		27.2 x A _N x P			
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	D14D C-+-	L		N	multiple BM		page in DMD		
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	A ₁ =		0.5		A ₂ =				
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					the BMP); Use a	dditional sheets as necessar	у.		
	Effective A	Area(EA) =	$(0.9 \times A_{11}) + ($	$(0.03 \times A_{P1})$					
	EA = (0.9)	x <u>0.52</u>	$) + (0.03 \text{ x} _$	0.03) =	0.47	_ EA			
1							_		
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			for Catchme						
	$L_{MI} = 27.2$	x0.52	A _{N1} x_	33_P" =	466.8 #TSS				
	Overflow	Rate							
2				ice area (SA)					
	$V_{or} = (0.47 \times 1.1) / 113.10 = (0.004571 $								
	BMP Effic	iency (Table	2); If the ove	erflow rate is betw	een two percent e	fficiencies, use the smaller	percent efficiency (round		
	the overflo	w rate to the	larger overfl	ow value). Enter r	ounded overflow	value:			
3	$V_{or} = 0.004571 f/s$								
	BMP % = 82 % / 100 = 0.82 BMP Eff.								
	Maximum	TSS Remov	al of BMP: L	RI					
	$L_{RI} = (BM)$	P Eff x P) x	$[(A_{11} \times 34.6)]$	$+(A_{P1} \times 0.54)]$			1		
4					34.6) + (0.03)	$[x \ 0.54)] = [487.3]$	#TSS		
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5									
3				Teu Area L _{M2} = 27	.2 X	$A_{N2} x 33 " = 0$	#TSS		
	Is Sufficien	nt Treatment	Available?						
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_					er model size or r	edefine the catchment areas	. Repeat steps 1 - 6.		
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8			Model	Area (ac)	Cover (ac)	Removal (lb/yr) (L _M)	(lb/yr) (Step 7)		
-		atchment	7200	0.55	0.52	466.8	466.8		
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Vegetative Filter Strips Maintenance and Monitoring Procedures

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- Pest Management An Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan should be developed for vegetated areas. This plan should specify how problem insects and weeds will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.
- Seasonal Mowing and Lawn Care If the filter strip is made up of turf grass, it should be mowed as needed to limit vegetation height to 18 inches, using a mulching mower (or removal of clippings). If native grasses are used, the filter may require less frequent mowing, but a minimum of twice annually. Grass clippings and brush debris should not be deposited on vegetated filter strip areas. Regular mowing should also include weed control practices, however herbicide use should be kept to a minimum (Urbonas et al., 1992). Healthy grass can be maintained without using fertilizers because runoff usually contains sufficient nutrients. Irrigation of the site can help assure a dense and healthy vegetative cover.
- Inspection Inspect filter strips at least twice annually for erosion or damage to vegetation; however, additional inspection after periods of heavy runoff is most desirable. The strip should be checked for uniformity of grass cover, debris and litter, and areas of sediment accumulation. More frequent inspections of the grass cover during the first few years after establishment will help to determine if any problems are developing, and to plan for long-term restorative maintenance needs. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Construction of a level spreader device may be necessary to reestablish shallow overland flow.
- Debris and Litter Removal Trash tends to accumulate in vegetated areas, particularly along highways. Any filter strip structures (i.e. level spreaders) should be kept free of obstructions to reduce floatables being flushed downstream, and for aesthetic reasons. The need for this practice is determined through periodic inspection, but should be performed no less than 4 times per year.
- Sediment Removal Sediment removal is not normally required in filter strips, since the vegetation normally grows through it and binds it to the soil. However, sediment may accumulate along the upstream boundary of the strip preventing uniform overland flow. Excess sediment should be removed by hand or with flatbottomed shovels.
- Grass Reseeding and Mulching A healthy dense grass should be maintained on
 the filter strip. If areas are eroded, they should be filled, compacted, and reseeded
 so that the final grade is level. Grass damaged during the sediment removal
 process should be promptly replaced using the same seed mix used during filter
 strip establishment. If possible, flow should be diverted from the damaged areas
 until the grass is firmly established. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified

Sage Capital Bank Water Pollution Abatement Plan

during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Corrective maintenance, such as weeding or replanting should be done more frequently in the first two to three years after installation to ensure stabilization. Dense vegetation may require irrigation immediately after planting, and during particularly dry periods, particularly as the vegetation is initially established.

ATTACHMENT "I"

Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

All surface streams will be protected from erosion by not allowing runoff to exceed existing velocities. A portion of the runoff from the proposed development will sheet flow into the vegetative filter strips. The vegetative filter strips will be designed in order to maintain existing runoff velocities prior to leaving the site. The stormwater runoff for the remainder of the property will be concentrated into the Stormceptor® system where the pollutants will be removed. The outfall of the Stormceptor® structure will be designed to restore the runoff to existing velocities prior to entering the existing channel along SH 46.



Attachment "G"

Maintenance Plan for Vegetative Filter Strips

Stormceptor Location: The vegetative filter strips will be located along the south

and southwest edges of the site.

Owner: American National Bank

P.O. Box 1940

Gonzales, Texas 78629 Phone: 830-672-8585

I agree that the attached Vegetative Filter Maintenance and Monitoring Procedures will be implemented to ensure that the proposed BMP functions as designed.

Joseph M Rankin, III

American National Bank

5-7-09

Date

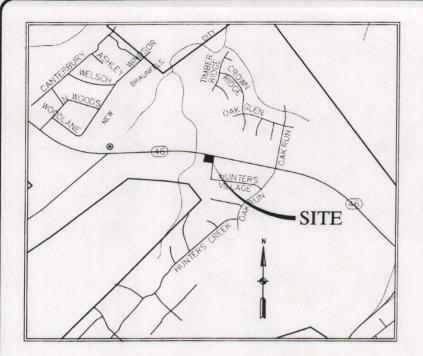
I have reviewed the attached maintenance and monitoring procedures and to the best of my knowledge certify that if they are followed as outlined the vegetative filter strips will function as designed.

Jeffrey D. Mogner, P.E.



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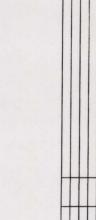
COUNTY ENGINEER







PREPARED FOR SLI GROUP 10200 KATY FREEWAY HOUSTON, TX 77043



PH: (830)625-8555 FAX: (830)625-8556

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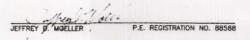
COUNTY ENGINEER

COVER SHEET

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SHEET INDEX	
SHEET TITLE	SHEET
COVER SHEET	C1.0
GENERAL NOTES	C2.0
EROSION CONTROL PLAN	C3.0
DIMENSION CONTROL	C4.0
SITE DETAILS	C5.0
GRADING PLAN	C6.0
UTILITY PLAN	C7.0
UTILITY DETAILS	C8.0

I, THE UNDERSIGNED JEFFERY D. MOELLER, A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED I THE STATE OF TEXAS, HERBEY CERTPY THAT, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, PROPER ENGINEERING CONSIDERATION HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THESE PLANS.



GENERAL NOTES

1. NOTIFY THE CITY STREET INSPECTOR 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (830) 221-4031.

Sage Capital Bank

DATE: 5/8/09
DRAWN BY: JI
DESCHED BY: JI
GHECKED BY: JI
RENEWED BY: JM

C1.0

- A. CURRENT CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS AS OF THE DATE OF THIS CONTRACT
- B. TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES 1993".

ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1993 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES." ALONG WITH CURRENT CITY OF SAN ANTONIO AND COMAL COUNTY SPECIFICATIONS. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE RESOLVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCECLIBING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AND SHALL BE LOCATED TO FROVIDE MAXIMUM PROTECTION TO THE PUBLIC AS WELL AS CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT WHILE PROVIDING CONTINUOUS TRAFFIC FLOW AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL DEVICES DURING CONSTRUCTION.

CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO VERIFY PROJECT ELEVATIONS. THE TERM "MATCH EXISTING" SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD TO SIGNIFY BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT.

WHEN MATCHING EXISTING PAYEMENTS, CURBS, DRIVES, AND WALKS, THEY SHALL BE SAW CUT FULL DEPTH AND REMOVED TO ALLOW FOR PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION. IF ANY EXISTING JOINT IS ENCOUNTERED, PRECAUTION SHALL BE TAKEN DURING REMOVAL OF CONCRETE SO AS NOT TO DAMAGE EXISTING DOWELS. ALL EXISTING DOWELS SHALL BE EXPOSED AND CLEANED.

ALL "COMPACTED SUBGRADE" SHALL CONSIST OF NATIVE MATERIAL SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF SIX INCHES AND COMPACTED TO 95% DENSITY ACCORDING TO DENSITY TEST METHOD TEXTHISE OR ACCORDING TO ASTIM D-698 AND IESTED BY ASTIM D-2822.

ALL "FLEXBLE BASE" SHALL BE TYPE "A", GRADE 4, ACCORDING TO THOOT 'TEM 247, COMPACTED TO 95% MODIFIED DENSITY AT A MOISTURE CONTENT BETWEEN -2 AND +3 OF OFTIMUM PERCENT MOISTURE ACCORDING TO ASTM D-1557 (MODIFIED PROCTOR) AND TESTED BY ASTM D-2922.

PRIME COAT USING MC-30 AT A RATE OF 0.2 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD SHALL BE PLACED OVER PREPARED BASE AT LEAST ONE DAY PRIOR TO LAYING ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAZEMENT. ANY NCESSARY TACK COAT SHALL BE MC-30 AT 0.05 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD. IT IS REQUIRED THAT BOTH THE PRINE COAT AND THE TACK COAT BE APPLIED AT THE TEMPERATURE SPECIFIED UNDER JADOT ITEM 300.3.

CONCRETE SHALL BE CLASS "A" ACCORDING TO TXDOT ITEM 421 UNLESS OTHERWISE ON PLANS.

REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE FROM NEW BILLET AND SHALL CONFORM TO TXDOT ITEM 440. ALL DIMENSIONS RELATING TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTER OF BARS EXCEPT WHEN REFERRING TO CLEARANCE.

ALL SAWED JOINTS SHALL BE SAWED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF POURING,

ABSOLUTELY NO WELDING OF REINFORCING BARS OR TORCHING TO BEND REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT THE SPECIFIC APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.

ALL ROLLING FOR COMPACTION OF ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED BEFORE THE MIXTURE TEMPERATURE DROPS BELOW 175 DEG. (F).

ALL FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE ENGINEER'S APPROVAL

CONTRACTOR AGREES TO ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY, THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO THE NORMAL WORKING HOURS, AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNERS AND THE ENGINEER AND HE ENCHOURS PARTNERS, OFFICES, DIRECTORS, OR CONSULTANTS, HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION MTH THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTION FROM LIABILITY ARRING FROM SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER'S DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, OR CONSULTANTS.

ALL CMP (CORRUGATED METAL PIPE) USED ON THIS PROJECT SHALL HAVE A MANNING'S "n" VALUE OF 0.024., UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON PLANS.

CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION TESTING PER CURRENT CITY OF NEW BRAINFELS REQUIREMENTS. ALL TEST RESULTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE KOINNER FOR REMEW AND APPROVAL ENGINEER AND OWNER SESENCE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE CONTRACTOR REMOVE AND REPLACE ANY MATERIAL THAT WAS NOT TESTED OR FAILED TESTING, ALL COST ASSOCIATED WITH THE REMOVAL, REPLACEMENT AND TESTING SHALL BE PAID BY THE CONTRACTOR.

ALL PVC SLEEVES SHALL BE INSTALLED 3" BELOW FINISHED GRADE AND ENDS SHALL BE MARKED SO THAT LOCATIONS OF SLEEVES CAN BE EASILY IDENTIFIED.

DETENTION POND SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND GRADED TO DESIGN ELEVATIONS PRIOR TO ANY INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

EROSION / SEDIMENTATION CONTROL:

AT A MINIMUM, THESE CONTROLS SHALL CONSIST OF ROCK BERMS AND/OR SILT FENCES CONSTRUCTED PARALLEL TO AND DOWN GRADIENT FROM THE TRENCHES. THE ROCK BERM OR SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSTIALD IN A MANNER SUCH THAT ANY PANIFALL RENOFF SHALL BE FILTERED. HAY BALES SHALL NOT BE USED FOR TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS.

ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED DURING CONSTRUCTION BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE THE CONTROLS WHEN VECETATION IS ESTABLISHED AND THE CONSTRUCTION AREA IS STABILIZED [31 TAC 31.3.5 (c)(12)]. ADDITIONAL PROTECTION MAY BE REQUIRED IF EXCESSIVE SOUDS ARE BERNO DISCHARGED FROM THE SITE.

PLACEMENT OF TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS, ACTUAL LOCATIONS MAY VARY SUIGHTLY FROM THE PLANS, BUY MILL BE VERIFED BY THE ENONIEEP/INSPECTOR IN THE FIELD PRICE TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE CONTROLS AT MEEKLY INTERVALS AND AFTER EVERY SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL TO INSURE DISTURBANCE OF THE STRUCTURES HAS NOT OCCURRED. SCIUMENT DEPOSITED AFTER A RAINFALL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OF PLACED IN AN ENGINEER APPROVED DESIGNATED DISPOSAL AREA.

LOCATION AND DEPTH OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HERE ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY ACTUAL LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS MUST BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THOSE NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWNINGS.

ANY EXISTING UTILITIES, ON OR OFF THE SITE, THAT ARE DAMAGED OR UNDERCUT BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND APPROVED BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANIES AND GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AT:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO

(830) 303-1333

DUE TO FEDERAL REGULATIONS TITLE 49, PART 192(8), GAS COMPANIES MUST MAINTAIN ACCESS TO GAS VALVES AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROTECT THE WORK AROUND ANY GAS VALVES THAT ARE IN THE PROJECT AREA.

CONTRACTOR SHALL REFERENCE NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES PLANS FOR FINAL ELECTRICAL LINE DESIGNS AND LAYOUT.

- DUE TO FEDERAL REGULATIONS TITLE 49, PART 192-181 CENTER POINT ENERGY MUST MAINTAIN ACCESS TO GAS VALVES AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROTECT AND WORK ARQUIND GAS VALVES THAT ARE IN THE PROJECT AREAS.
- ALL 8" GRAVITY SEWER PIPE (MAINS & LATERALS) AND FITTINGS IN THIS PROJECT ARE PVC SDR-26, ASTM D-3034, D-3212, F-477. ALL PRESSURE RATED SEWER PIPE IS PVC AWWA C-900 PIPE. COLORED GREEN.
- ALL RESIDENTIAL SEWER SERVICE LATERALS SHALL BE EXTENDED TO THE PROPERTY LINE AND CAPPED AND SEALED.
- INITIAL BACKFILL OF SEWER LINES SHALL BE 3/4" TO DUST OR PEA GRAVEL AS PER NBU SPECIFICATIONS.

- 8. FOR SEWER LINES LESS THAN 24" IN DIAMETER, SELECT INITIAL BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN TWO LIFTS.
- B. THE SECOND LIFT SHALL BE PLACED TO A DEPTH AS SHOWN ON THE PIPE BACKFILL DETAIL. FOR PIPES LARGER THAN 24°, 12" MAXIMUM LIFTS SHALL BE USED.
- ALL MANHOLES MUST BE WATER TIGHT. EITHER MONOLITHIC, CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE STRUCTURES OF PREFABRICATED MANHOLES SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY MBU. THE MANHOLES SHALL HAVE WATER TIGHT RINGS AND COVERS, WHEREVER THEY ARE WITHIN THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN, THE MANHOLE COVERS SHALL BE BOLTED, EVERY FOURTH MANHOLE IN SCOVENCE SHALL HAVE AN ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF VENTING [31 TAC 313.S(C)]. AND 31
- 10. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SO THAT THE TOP OF THE RING IS ABOVE THE SURROUNDING ORDUND, EXCEPT WHEN LOCATED IN PAVED AREAS, IN PAVED AREAS, THE MANHOLE RING SHALL BE FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT.
- SEWER PIPE CONNECTIONS TO PRE-CAST MANHOLES WILL BE COMPRESSION JOINTS OF MECHANICAL "BOOT TYPE" JOINT AS APPROVED BY NBU.
- 14. IN AREAS WHERE A NEW SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED OVER AN EXISTING SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM, IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO TEST THE EXISTING MANHOLE HAS BEEN BUILT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RE-TEST THE EXISTING SYSTEM TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR, (NO SEPARATE PAY ITEM).
- 16. AFTER CONSTRUCTION TESTING WILL BE DONE BY TV CAMERA BY THE CONTRACTOR AND OBSERVED BY THE INSPECTOR OR WATER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING PERSONNEL AS THE CAMERA IS RUN THROUGH THE LINES (NSP). ANY ABRORMALITES FOUND IN THE LINE, SUCH AS BROKEN PIPE OR MISALIGNED JOINTS, MUST BE REPLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS EXPENSE. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE TV TAPES TO CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION FOR REVIEW PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION OF THE PROJECT.

- WHERE REQUIRED, CONCRETE ENCASEMENT SHALL BE PLACED AS SHOWN ON THE STANDARD DETAIL SHEET.
- 20. A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET OF COVER IS TO BE MAINTAINED OVER THE SANITARY SEWER MAIN AND LATERALS AT SUBGRADE, OTHERWISE CONCRETE ENCASEMENT WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 22. TCEQ AND EPA REQUIRE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SEMER COLLECTION SYSTEMS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PER THE PROJECT PLANS. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS SHALL BE REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY NBU WATER SYSTEMS.
- 23. ALL MANHOLES NOT WITHIN PAVED STREETS SHALL HAVE LOCKING CONCRETE COLLAR TO SECURE RING AND COVER TO MANHOLE CONE PER NEU DETAIL DRAWING #329. (NO SEPARATE PAY ITEM)
- 24. ALL MANHOLES OVER THE EDWARD'S AQUIFER RECHARGE ZONE SHALL HAVE LOCKING CONCRETE CALLAR TO SECURE RING AND COVER TO MANHOLE CONE PER NBU DETAIL DRAWNED, 2929. (NO SZPARTE PAY TIEM)
- ALL SEWER SERVICES SHALL HAVE CLEANOUTS INSTALLED AT PROPERTY LINE PER NBU DRAWING #302 AND #303. (NO SEPARATE PAY ITEM)
- EACH LOT OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING THE DEPTH OF THE SEWER SERVICE STUB OUT, AND DETERMINE THE MINIMUM SERVICEABLE FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION.

ChilSHED FLOOR ELEVATIONS
THE ELEVATION OF THE LOWEST FLOOR SHALL BE AT LEAST 10 INCHES ABOVE THE FINISHED GRADE
OF THE SURROUNDING GROUND, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE SUBDIVISION PLAT FOR
MATERIANSTAR UNIT 1. THE GROUND SHALL BE SLOPED IN A FASHION SO AS TO DIRECT STORM
WATER AWAY FROM THE STRUCTURE PROPERTIES ADJACENT 10 STORM WATER CONVETANCE
STRUCTURES MUST HAVE FLOOR SLAB ELEVATION OR BOTTOM OF FLOOR JOST A MINISHM OF ONE
FOOT ABOVE THE 100-YEAR WATER FLOW ELEVATION IN THE STRUCTURE, DRIVEWAYS SERVING
HOUSES ON THE DONNHALL SIDE OF THE STREET SHALL HAVE A PROPERLY SZED CROSS SWALE
PREVENTING RUNOFF FROM ENTERING THE GARAGE.

GROUNDWATER
IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER, CONTRACTOR, SUBCONTRACTORS, BUILDERS,
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, AND PROJECT ENGINEER TO IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE OFFICE OF THE OTY
ENGINEER IF THE PRESENCE OF GROUNDWATER WITHIN THE PROJECT SITE IS ENDENT. THE CITY
ENGINEER SHALL RESPOND TO THE NOTICE WITHIN TWO (2) BUSINESS DAYS. ALL GROUNDWATER
MITIGATION MEASURE IS GRANTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

ALL ROADWAY COMPACTION TESTS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S CODISCINICAL ENGINEER. FLEXIBLE BASE OF FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN LINKOM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED SX INCHES (°) COMPACTED. EACH AYER OF MATERIAL INCLUSIVE OF SUBGRADE. SHALL BE COMPACTED AS SPECIFIED AND TESTED TO DESTITY MATERIAL INCLUSIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS TRA-110-E. TEXT-11-E. STREET INSPECTOR. WITH ALL TESTING-DOCUMENTATION. AND A CERTIFICATION STATING THAT THE PLACEMENT OF FLEXIBLE BASE AND FILL MATERIAL, AND SUBGRADE, HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.

ALL UTILITY TRENCH COMPACTION TEST WITHIN THE STREET PAYMENT SECTION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER'S GEOTEONICAL ENGINEER FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FLACED IN UNFORM LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED THAT WE HOMES (27) LOOSE EACH LAYER OF MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED AS SPECIFIED AND TESTED FOR DENSITY AND MOSTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS. 152: 113-15. ETAIL SECRETIFY AND MOSTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHODS STREET HIS FEBRUARY BY THE OTHER STREET STREET STREET IN SPECIFIC HIS PROBLEMENT OF THE MATERIAL AS A PROPOSED BY THE OTY OF NEW BRAINFILS STREET INSPECTION, LIPPON HIS DEVELOPED THE OTY OF NEW BRAINFILS STREET INSPECTION FOR COMPACTION OF TESTING THE COLDINARY STREET ON THE ALL STREET STREET CASHON STREET INSPECTION FOR THE ALL STREET MOST COMPACTION AND ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE STREET INSPECTOR AT (830) 660-0211, PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. A 48-HOUR ADVANCE NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED.

- 1. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE AWWA C-900, DR-6-18.
- WATER SERVICES SHALL BE SINGLE 1 INCH COPPER TUBING, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- WATER LINE IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NBU WATERLINE SPECIFICATIONS.
- CONTRACTOR WILL KEEP THE AREA ON TOP OF AND AROUND THE WATER METER BOX FREE OF ALL OBJECTS AND DEBRIS.
- 6. INITIAL BACKFILL OF WATER LINES SHALL BE 3/4 INCH TO DUST OR PEA GRAVEL AS PER NBU
- ALL IN-LINE VALVES, BENDS AND PLUGS SHALL BE RESTRAINED. RESTRAINT TO BE PROVIDED ON EACH SIDE OF VALVE, FITTING OR ANY REQUIRED JOINT.
- RESTRAINT LENGTHS SHOWN ON PLANS ARE FOR HORIZONTAL FITTINGS ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE ADDITIONAL RESTRAINT LENGTHS REQUIRED FOR VERTICAL FITTINGS BASED ON RESTRAINT LENGTH TABLE LOCATED ON SHEET C3.0.
- 10. THE WATER MAINS SHALL BE RESTRAINED AT THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AT ANY FIELD ADDITIONS/MODIFICATIONS INVOLVING THE ADDITION OF VALVES, DEAD ENDS, OR ADDITIONAL/RELOCATED BEINDS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE RESTRAINT LENGTHS FOR THE WATER MAIN BASED ON THE STUATION ENCOUNTERED DURING INSTALLATION FOR THOSE INSTANCES WHICH DIFFER FROM THE PLANS, JOINT RESTRAINT LENGTHS STATED ON THE PLANS SHALL BE UNDERSTOOD TO INDICATE THAT ALL JOINTS WITHIN THE STATED DISTANCE FROM THE PITHIO, APPURTMENDED, OR POINT OF DEFLECTION SHALL BE RESTRAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HIGH SPORTDATIONS. THOUGHT ELOCATION SHALL BUT BLOCKING SHALL DULY BE USED AT ITEMS TO ENSIRE WHITHING APPURTMEND THE RESTRAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HIGH SPORTDATIONS.
- 11. PIPE IN CASING SHALL BE FULLY RESTRAINED. LENGTH SHALL NOT BE COUNTED AS PART OF THE RESTRAINED LENGTH SHOWN ON THE PLANS BUT SHALL BE CONSIDERED INDEPRINENT OF THE STATED LENGTH'S CASING SPACERS SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR THE CHAMPER AND TYPE O PIPE BEING INSTALLED AND SHALL BE BY PIPELINE SEAL AND INSULATOR, INC., OR ADVANCE PRODUCTS AND SYSTEMS, INC., OR ENGINEERED APPROVED EQUAL

CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (N.B.U.) FOR WATER, SEWER, AND FLECTRICAL SERVICE TO THE SITE.

- Writer construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEO regional office no later than 48 brown prior to commensurement of the regulated activity. Information must include the order on which the report to commensurement of the regulated activity. Information must include the order person, y, and the name of the prime confusctor and the name and telephone number of the confusct person.
- 3. If any sensitive fecture is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifier from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- No temporary oboveground hydrocorbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, incustrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction all temporary erosion and sedimentation (£45) measures must be properly selected, installed, and monitories in accordance with the monitories of the approved the second sequence of the approved Edwards Aquiler Protection Prior are required during the property of the approved Edwards Aquiler Protection Prior are required during the property of the control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or the control for side situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are reversed.

- 10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as son as procticable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently accessed, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activities in the portion of the site has temporarily or permanently cases of the construction activities are premarently cases in practicable by each permanently case in practicable where construction activities or portion of the site is temporarily cased, and earth affauthing activities will be resurred within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In arcace seperincing dirupties where the initiation of stabilization pressures by the fath day direct construction activities are provided in pressured by the stability of a portion of site. In arcace seperincing dirupties where the initiation of stabilization measures by the stabilization of stabilization or stabilization or stabilization or stabilization measures shall be initiated as one one practicable.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive director prior to initiating any of the following:
- B. ony change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution at the Edwards Aquiller:

C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abotement plan. Austin Regional Office Scn Antonio Regional Office 1800 S. irl 35, Suite 100 14250 Judson Road Austin, Texos 78704-5712 Scn Antonio, Texos 78233-4480 Phone (512) 339-3795 Fox (512) 339-3795 Fox (210) 545-4329

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COUNTY ENGINEER

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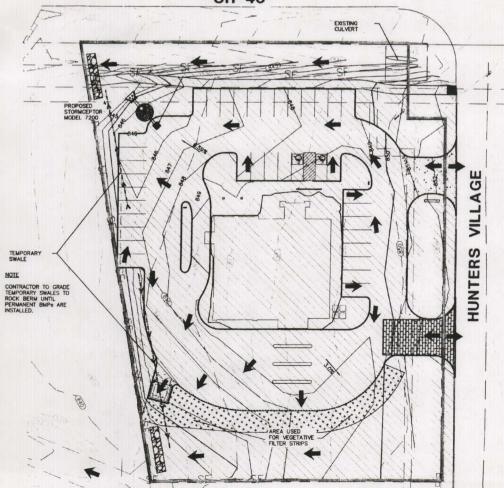
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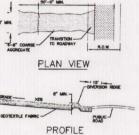
- If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially odverse impacts to water

- If sediment escapes the construction sits, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water qualify (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).

- any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer;

SH 46





HYDRAULIC MULCH

Bonded Fiber Motrix: Bonded fiber matrix (BFM) is a hydraulically oppiled system of fibers and adheaives that upon drying forms an eracian resistant blanket that promotes vegetation, and prevents soil erosion. BFMs are typically applied at rates from 3,000 h/core to 4,000 ib/core based on the manufacturers by/core to 4,000 ib/core based on the manufacturers controlled that the control of the c

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE / EXIT

- (2) The aggregate should be placed with a minimum thickness of 8

- (1) Avoid curves on public roads and steep slopes. Remove vegetation and other objectionable material from the foundation area. Grade crown foundation for positive drainage.
- (3) The construction entrance should be at least 50 feet long. inches high with 3:1 (H:V) side slopes, across the foundation approximately 15 feet from the entrance to divert runoff away from the public road.
- (5) Place geotextile fabric and grade foundation to improve stability, especially where wet conditions are anticipated.

- ection and Maintenance Guidelines:

 (1) The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or lowing of sediment onto public rights—of—way. This may require periodic toy dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to tryp sediment.

ISOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

ROCK BERM

- (1) The berm structure should be secured with a woven wire sheathing having maximum opening of 11 inch and a minimum wire diameter of 20 gauge galvanized and should be secured with shoot rings.

SCALE : 1"=50"

BECERO

____ SF ____

LEGEND

LEGAL BOUNDARY

SILT FENCE

VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIPS

SILT FENCE

- erross:

 (1) Sift fence material should be polypropylene, polyethylene or polyamide woven or noneoven fabric. The fabric width should be 36 inches, with a minimum unit weight of 4.5 ozy/d, mullen burst strength exceeding 190 lb/in2, ultraviolet stability exceeding 70%, and minimum apparent opening size of U.S. Sieve No. 30.

- (4) Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular occess, consider relaciding it to a spot where it will provide equal prediction, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a sitt fence at comman vehicle access point.







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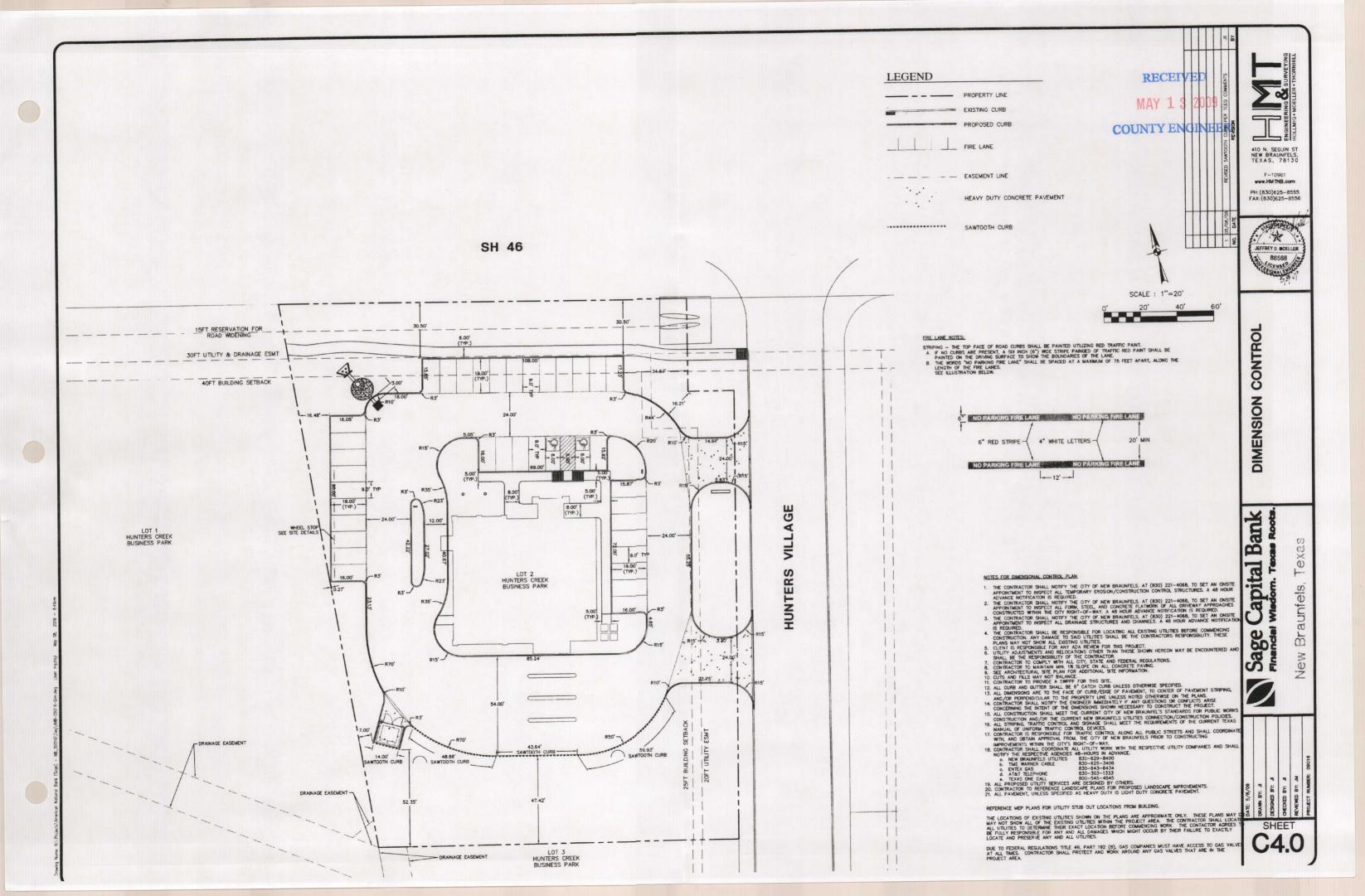
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Sage





SHEET



6" MOISTURE CONDITIONED SUBGRADE

STRIPING 4" WIDE (TYP)

AT 5'-0"

TYPICAL VAN HANDICAPPED **PARKING**

6

VAN ACCESSIBLE

- 1 1/2" SCH 40 GALV STL POST

WHEEL STOP DETAIL

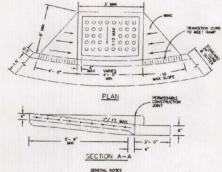
INSTALLED IN FRONT OF EACH HC SPACE, BEHIND SIDEWALK.

REINFORCING STEEL-#4 © 12" EACH WAY PLACED D/3 FROM TOP OF SLAB CONSTRUCTION JOINT DOWELS-1" DIAMETER, 18" LONG © 12" OC LUBRICATED BOTH SIDES © MID DEPTH

MAXIMUM CONTROL JOINT SPACING-15'
 CONTROL JOINT DEPTH-D/4 FROM TOP
 MIN. 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH-3,500 PSI

RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT SECTION

MINIMUM PAVEMENT REQUIREMENT		ION
TRAFFIC TYPE	A	В
LIGHT DUTY	5.5"	6*
HEAVY DUTY	7"	6"



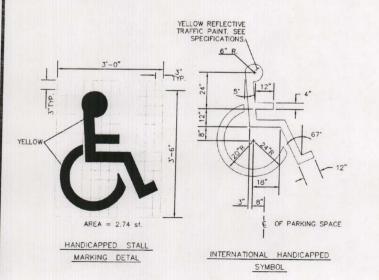
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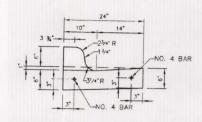
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THE PRINCIPAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT IN THE PLAYERS AND THE ADDRESS SETTE OF A THE ALL STRAINDS SETTE OF

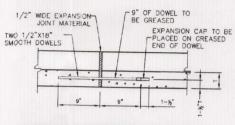
SIDEWALK RAMP WITH DETECTABLE WARNING PAVER



HANDICAPPED SYMBOL DETAIL



CATCH SECTION

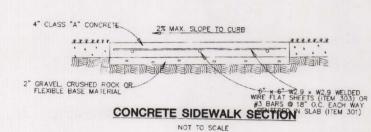


CURB AND GUTTER SECTIONS

NOTES:

- 1. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE LAPPED A MINIMUM OF 18".
- 2. CURB AND GUTTER SHALL HAVE FORMED TOCLED OR SAMED CONTRACTION JOINTS AT $\pm 10^\circ$. THE DEPTH OF THESE JOINTS SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE CRACKING AT THE JOINTS.

- 5. ALL CONCRETE TO BE CLASS "A" 3000 PSI CONCRETE.
- 6. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACES TO BE BRUSHED SMOOTH AND UNIFORM



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SITE

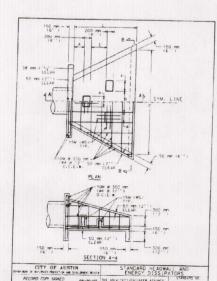
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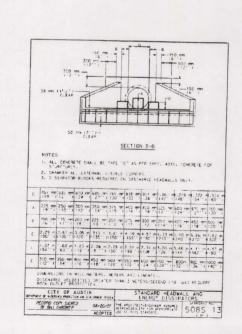
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r1 1/2" 10" CONTINUOUS -

SAW TOOTH CURB

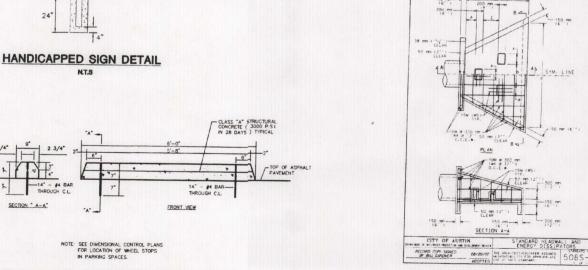


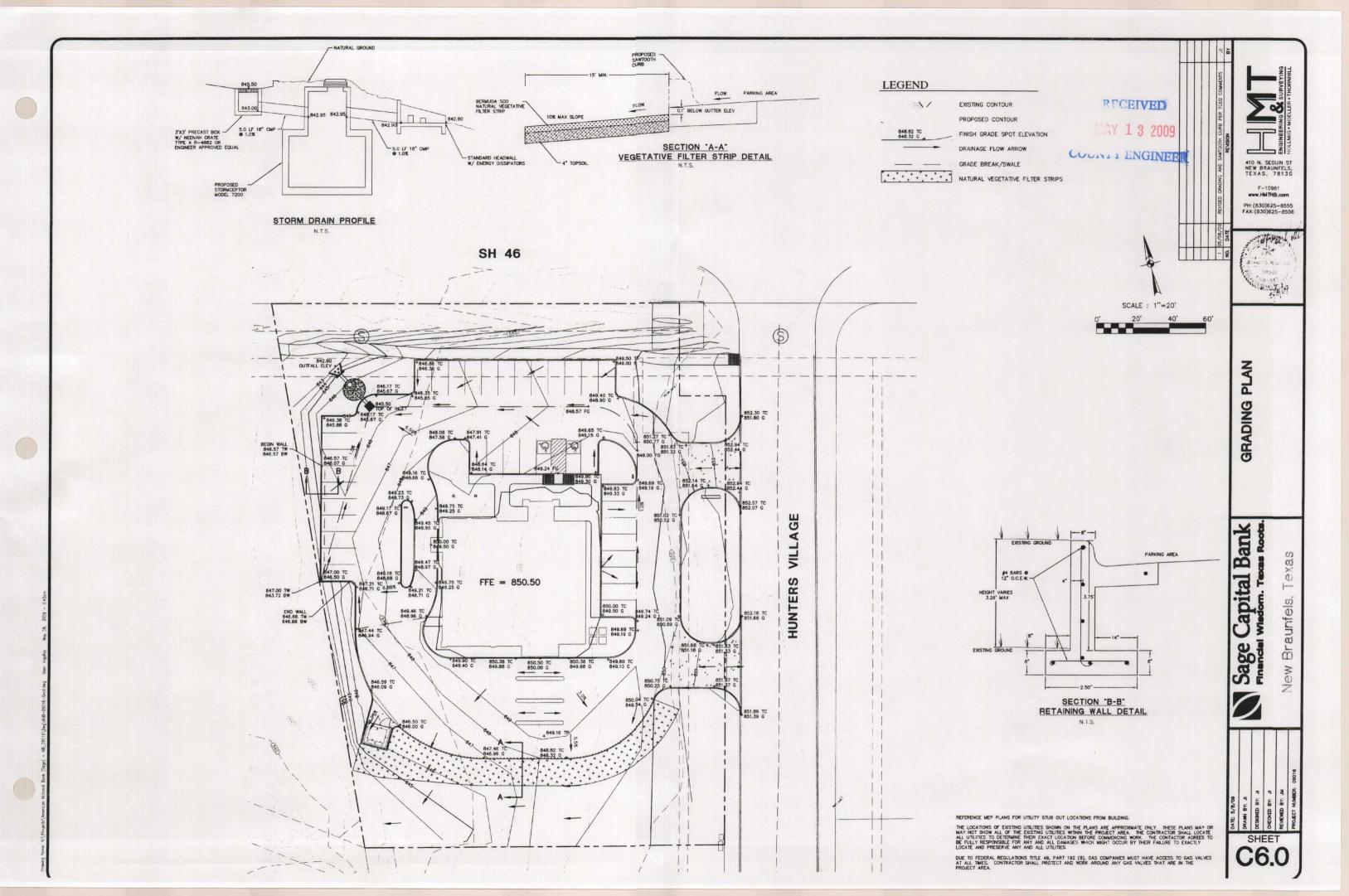


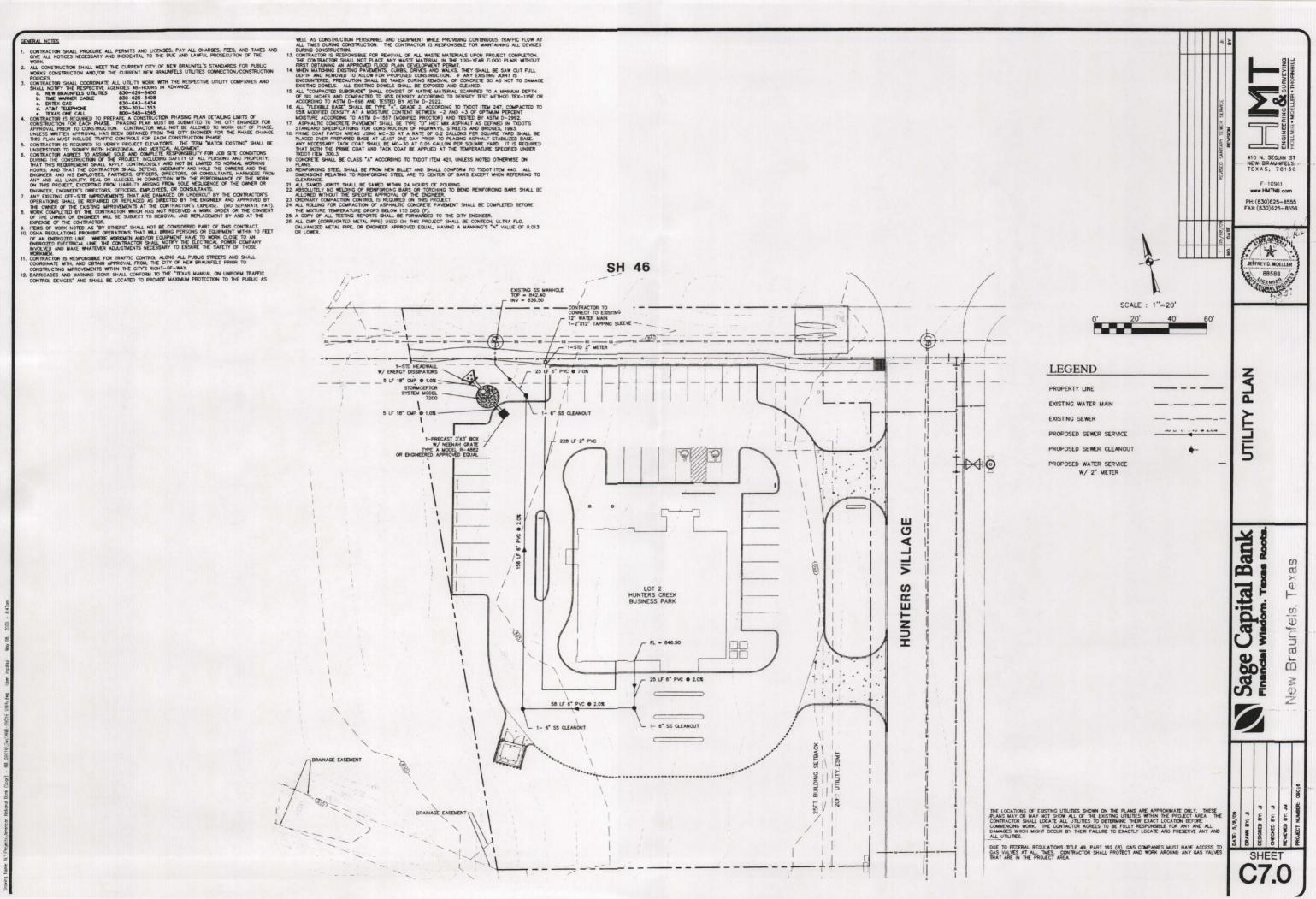


SHEET

C5.0







SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE COPPER TUBE SIZE. IT SHALL BE ANNEALED SEAMLESS TYPE "K" COPPER TUBING MEETING THE CURRENT ASTM B88 STANDARD WITH NO SWEAT OR SOLDERED JOINTS.

- SERVICE SADDLE SHALL BE WRAPPED COMPLETELY WITH 8 MIL POLYETHYLENE FILM.
- TOP OF BOXES SHOULD BE 1" ABOVE GROUND OR FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT SURFACE.
- IF TWO METERS ARE INSTALLED WITH A SINGLE SERVICE LINE, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE BOXES WITH PIPING AS SHOWN FROM A TEE. THE COMMON SERVICE LINE TO THE TEE SHALL BE 2" FOR TWO 1-12" METERS, OR 4" DUCTILE IRON PIPE FOR TWO 2" METERS. CUT OFF VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO TEE.
- 5. PIPING AND TUBING IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE BEDDED IN GRANULAR MATERIALS AS REQUIRED BY SPECIFICATIONS; BACKFILL ABOVE GRANULAR BEDDING AS REQUIRED BY SPECIFICATIONS.
- BOX CONSISTENTLY SPACED BEHIND CURB WITH A MAXIMUM OF 12" AND/OR SIDEWALK (6" FROM PROPERTY LINE) AND OUT OF VEHICULAR TRAFFIC AREA.

STANDARD INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR 1-1/2" & 2"

METER INSTALLATION SHOWING OPTIONAL BYPASS

INVARIANCE STANDARD INSTALLATION SHOWING OPTIONAL BYPASS

- 7. ANGLE STOP PLACED A MAXIMUM OF 4" FROM BACK OF BOX THAT FACES CURB.
- 8. FOR ALL IRRIGATION OR COMMERCIAL: DUAL CHECK BACKFLOW DEVICE PER BACKFLOW PREVENTION POLICY.

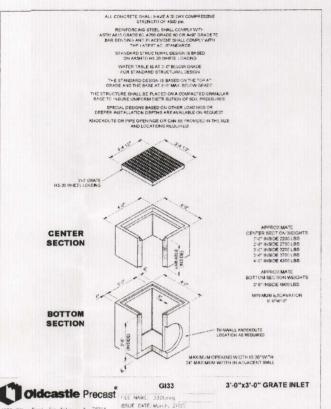
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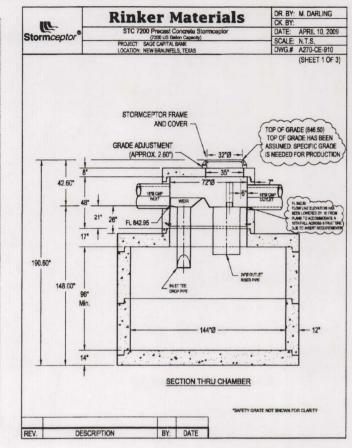
A.	SERVICE CLAMP FOR CONNECTION - REQUIRED ON ALL PLASTIC AND ASBESTOS- CEMENT PIPE AND ALL IRON PIPE 12" AND SMALLER.	1-1/2"	z
B.	CORPORATION STOP - SERVICE PIPE OUTLET.	1-1/2"	2"
C.	SERVICE PIPE.	1-1/2"	2*
D.	COUPLING: SERVICE PIPE TO MALE I.P.T. (COMPRESSION FITTING)	1-1/2*	2*
F.	TEES, BRASS,	1-1/2"x1-1/2"x1"	2"x2"x1"
G.	CLOSE-NIPPLE, BRASS.	1-1/2"	2"
H.	ANGLE METER STOP, FEMALE I.P. THREAD INLET X FLANGE OUTLET.	1-1/2*	2"
1.	WATER METER LENGTH WITH GASKETS.	13-1/2*	17-3/4"
J.	FLANGE, BRASS; FEMALE P. THREAD.	1-1/2"	2"
K.	NIPPLES, BRASS.	1-1/2" x 8"	2" x 8"
L.	CUSTOMER'S CUT OFF VALVE.	1-1/2"	2"
M.	NIPPLES, BRASS.	1" x 5"	1" x 5"
N.	90 DEGREE ELBOWS, BRASS.	1"	1"
0.	NIPPLES, BRASS.	1" x 3"	1" x 3"
P.	CURB STOP, BRASS, FEMALE I.P. THREAD BOTH ENDS WITH LOCK NUTS.	1"	1"
Q.	COUPLINGS, BRASS, SERVICE PIPE TO MALE THREAD.	1*	1*
R.	SERVICE PIPE.	1"	1"
S.	ROUND OR RECTANGULAR METER BOX - EAST JORDAN IRON WORKS #2 METER BOX, NBU# 89004000003.		
Т.	LID		
U.	CUSTOMERS CUT-OFF VALVE BOX MAY BE 12" PIECE SDR 26, 6" PVC		
٧.	METAL PIPE, 4' MINIMUM LENGTH.		

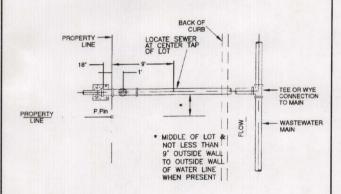
MATERIALS LIST

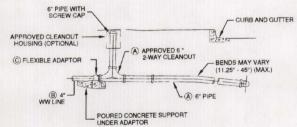
METER SIZE

1-1/2"









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- (A) TO BE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED DURING SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION.
- (B) BUILDING INSPECTION DEPARTMENT SHALL INSPECT CUSTOMER'S WASTEWATER LINE, EXCEPT CONNECTION ATTAP.
- © OUTSIDE CITY, NBU SEWER DEPARTMENT SHALL INSPECT CONNECTION AT TAP.

CONNECTIO
FOR CLEAN
WASTEWAT

NOTES:

MBU

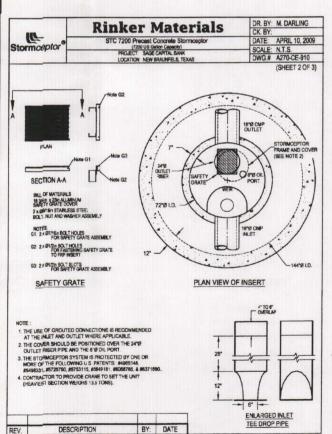
I UTILITY CONTRACTOR, DURING SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLS WASTEWATER CONNECTION TO MAIN, 6" STUB WITH 6" SERVICE BRANCH WITH 2-WAY CLEANOUT AND RISER FOR CLEANOUTS (CAPPED) AND PLUGS FOR 2-WAY CLEANOUTS AT PROPERTY LINE END. ALL WASTEWATER PIPING SHALL HAVE ELASTOMERIC GABKET TYPE JOINTS AND SHALL BLOPE DOWNWARD TO MAIN 25, 1/4" PER FOOT, MINIMUM TO 45 MAXIMUM. DEPTH OF SERVICE STU AT PROPERTY LINE WILL BE SHOWN ON PLANS BY ENGINEER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE IF GREATER THAN 4", OTHERWISE, THE INSTALLED DEPTH WILL TYPICALLY BE 4"TO 6". IF WASTEWATER SERVICE LINE TO MAIN REQUIRES DEFLECTION EXCEEDING 45, REFER TO DETAIL DRAWING 301. ALL INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION SHOWN ON APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS AND WILL BE INSPECTED BY NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (MBU) CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION PERSONNEL

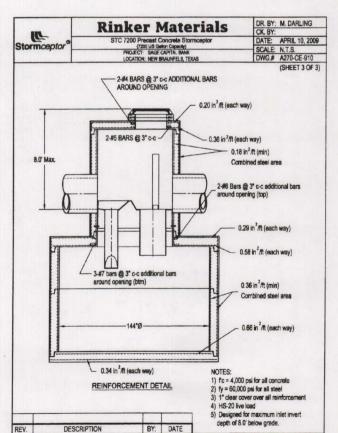
4-22-03 N.T.8. 1 OF 2

STANDARD INSTALL ATION DETAIL FOR 1-1/2" & 2"

METER INSTALLATION SHOWING OPTIONAL BYPASS

- 2. CUSTOMERS REMOVE PLUGS FROM 2-WAY CLEANOUT, AT PROPERTY LINE, INSTALL MINIMUM 18" LENGTH OF 6" PIPE, INSTALL 4" WASTEWATER LINES (EXTEND 4" PIPE 6" MINIMUM INTO 6" PIPE AND JOINT WITH FLEXIBLE ADAPTOR) AND CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE SUPPORT BLOCK UNDER THE FLEXIBLE ADAPTOR BLOCK SHALL HAVE MINIMUM DIMENSIONS OF 6" THICK AND 16" WIDE AND EXTEND A MINIMUM OF 6" BEYOND EITHER END OF ADAPTOR. IF WASTEWATER WILL NOT SATISFACTORILY FLOW BY GRAVITY TO SEWER MAIN ADJACENT TO PROPERTY, PUMP EQUIPMENT MUST BE PROVIDED BY THE CUSTOMER AS PART OF CUSTOMER'S WASTEWATER SYSTEM.
- CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PIPING SYSTEM UNTIL WASTEWATER IS CONNECTED. ANY MISSING OR DAMAGED PARTS SHALL BE REINSTALLED BY CUSTOMER WHO SHALL GLARANTEE, FOR A PERIOD OF ONE OF YEAR FROM DATE OF ACCEPTANCE, THAT CONNECTIONS TO NEU SYSTEMS ARE FREE FROM DEFECTS IN WORKMANSHIP OR MATERIAL CUSTOMER ALSO HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO ASSURE THAT 2-WAY CLEANOUTS REMAIN CLEAR OF SIDEWALKS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS.
- NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES (NBU) ACTIVITY IS LIMITED TO INSPECTION OF CONNECTIONS TO NBU'S WASTEWATER SYSTEM. FOR MAINTENANCE PURPOSES, NBU'S RESPONSIBILITY ENDS AT THE CUSTOMERS WASTEWATER CONNECTION TO THE 2-WAY CLEANOUT.
- 5. PIPING IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY AND IN EASEMENT AREA SHALL BE BEDDED IN GRANULAR MATERIALS AS REQUIRED BY NBU STANDARD SPECIFICATION; MATERIALS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED; BACKFILL ABOVE THE GRANULAR BEDDING SERVICE LINES IN THESE AREAS SHALL HAVE A MINMUM COVER BELOW FINLL STREET GRADE OF 42; ANY EXCEPTION MUST BE SPECIFICALLY APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.







SINGLE WASTEWATER SERVICE CONNECTION DETAIL MRU 4-28-03 N.T.S. 2 OF 2 DRAWING NO.

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